# 2011-2012 KANSAS CORE OUTCOMES PROJECT

# **Table of Contents**

Chapter	Page
Background	3
Core Outcomes Disciplines	4
Anthropology	5
Biology	12
Chemistry	34
Computer Science	38
English	43
History	48
Mathematics	54
Philosophy	69
Psychology	73
Sociology	79
Speech	86
Theatre	92
Minutes of October 14, 2011 Meeting	102
Chemistry	
Computer Science	104
English	108
Mathematics	109
Philosophy	111
Psychology	
Sociology	
Speech	
Theatre	446

## **BACKGROUND**

The Kansas Core Outcomes Project was initiated in 1999 by the Kansas Council of Instructional Administrators (KCIA), a group comprised of the chief academic officers of the state's community colleges and vocational-technical schools/colleges. The goal of this project was to develop core outcomes and competencies for general education courses at the state's colleges and universities.

The first meeting for the project was held in fall 1999 at the Southside Educational Center in Wichita. Faculty were invited to that meeting from the state's 19 public community colleges, six Regents' universities, and Washburn University. Six disciplines were represented: Biology, Computer Science, English, Mathematics, Sociology, and Speech. A second meeting, in spring 2000, was conducted at Emporia State University, and three additional disciplines—Chemistry, History, and Psychology—were added to that initial group of six. A third meeting, again at Southside, was conducted in January 2001. Another meeting of the core competency groups was held in September of 2002. Subsequently, disciplines such as English, Mathematics, and Speech have scheduled other, independent meetings.

The Core Competency meetings were originally financed through the KCIA budget. Each institution made a commitment to its faculty and supplied them with finances for lunch and travel. Due to increased budget decreases and the time commitment for our faculty, it was decided that future meetings would be held annually in the fall semester. In 2005 and 2006, additional Core Competency meetings occurred, and reports have been filed with the Kansas Board of Regents.

At its retreat in the summer of 2007, the KCIA members decided that the project needed a comprehensive list of courses that have been evaluated in each area, a standard format for reporting of the reviews and outcomes, as well as minutes. Therefore, this report follows a standard format for each discipline even though some information, such as course titles, may be missing. The annual reports are posted to the Kansas Board of Regents' website. Each report contains the most recent review of the outcomes for the courses listed at each academic institution.

175 individuals from 35 institutions participated in the October 14th, 2011 meeting on KU's Lawrence campus. Gary Alexander and Joan Warren from the Kansas Board of Regents opened the meeting with a conversation about the importance of the Core Outcomes project and anticipated future changes in the structure and role of meetings. Kansas State University is scheduled to host the Core Outcomes meeting in 2012 and 2013.

Contact: Sara Rosen at rosen@ku.edu or Sarah Crawford-Parker scrawpar@ku.edu

# **Core Outcomes**

Institutional abbreviations in the following section:

CC = Community College TC = Technical College TS = Technical School U = University

**Discipline**: Anthropology

**General Course Title:** Introduction to Archaeology (Methods-Based Approach)

Date Developed (and any modification): September 2008; modified October 2009

**Facilitator:** William McFarlane, Johnson County

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
			Allen County CC
			Barton County CC
Intro to Anthropology	BS106	3	Butler CC
			Cloud County CC
			Coffeyville CC
			Colby CC
			Cowley County CC
			Dodge City CC
Intro to Archeology	AN302	3	Emporia State U
			Fort Hays State U
			Fort Scott CC
			Garden City CC
			Highland CC
			Hutchinson CC
			Independence CC
			Johnson County CC
			Kansas City Kansas CC
			Labette CC
			Neosho County CC
			Pittsburg State U
			Pratt CC
			Seward County CC
			U Kansas
			Washburn U
Introduction to Archaeology	Anth 103	3	Wichita State U

## **Comments:**

In 2007 the group discussed several ways that introductory archaeology courses are taught, including the following: (1) Methods-based approach, (2) World Prehistory approach, (3) Evolution/ Prehistory approach, and (4) combination World Prehistory and Methods approach. Archaeology is taught in each of these ways at institutions of higher learning in Kansas. Thus, we decided to develop outcomes for all four approaches.

# **Core Outcomes (listed in total including updates):**

Upon completion of an introductory course with an emphasis on archaeological methods students show and understanding of:

History and development of the field of archaeology

- Discuss (trace) the historical origins of the discipline through contemporary approaches to understanding the past.
- Outline the key concepts, goals, methods of the major theoretical approaches in Archaeology
- Compare and contrast Archaeology with other social sciences and natural sciences
- Discuss the relationship among private, academic, governmental, and other archaeologies

# Chronology building

- Distinguish between absolute and relative dating
- Describe a variety of chronometric dating techniques
- Explain the concepts and applications of stratigraphy and seriation in archaeological practice

Archaeological methods (finding, documenting, and investigating the archaeological record)

- Explain the systematic nature of archaeological research
- Describe the significance of sampling in archaeology
- Outline the goals and methods in archaeological surveys
- Explain the significance of common noninvasive techniques in archaeology
- Identify basic recovery techniques

# Specialties within Archaeology

- Define and outline the goals and methods in common archaeological specialties, such as:
  - o Paleothnobotany
  - Geoarchaeology
  - o Faunal analysis
  - Lithic analysis

## Major themes of archaeological research

- Describe the methods that archaeologists employ to reconstruct subsistence strategies
- Outline the archaeological correlates for trade and exchange
- Explain how archaeologists identify social inequality in the archaeological record

- Discuss the possibilities and limitations of understanding past technology
- Describe how archaeologists analyze ideological systems in the past

# Goals of archaeological research

- Explain the importance of constructing a chronology of the human past
- Discuss the relevance of past lifeways
- Explain the significance for understanding culture change

# **Ethics and Archaeology**

- Demonstrate knowledge of state, federal, or international laws that impact archaeological research and cultural patrimony
- Discuss the ethical and responsible treatment of human remains and traditional cultural properties, such as:
  - Sacred places
  - o Sacred materials
- Discuss the importance of archaeological stewardship

# **Comments:**

# **Participants:**

Work was done by e-mail.

**Discipline**: Anthropology— with emphasis on prehistory

**General Course Title:** Introduction to Anthropology/Archaeology (Prehistory emphasis)

Date Developed (and any modification): October 2, 2009

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
			Allen County CC
			Barton County CC
			Butler CC
			Cloud County CC
			Coffeyville CC
			Colby CC
			Cowley County CC
			Dodge City CC
		3	Emporia State U
			Fort Hays State U
			Fort Scott CC
			Garden City CC
			Highland CC
			Hutchinson CC
			Independence CC
			Johnson County CC
			Kansas City Kansas CC
			Labette CC
			Neosho County CC
			Pittsburg State U
			Pratt CC
			Seward County CC
			U Kansas
			Washburn U
		3	Wichita State U

## **Comments:**

In 2007 the group discussed several ways that introductory archaeology courses are taught, including the following: (1) Methods-based approach, (2) World Prehistory approach, (3) Evolution/ Prehistory approach, and (4) combination World Prehistory and Methods approach. Archaeology is taught in each of these ways at institutions of higher learning in Kansas. Thus, we decided to develop outcomes for all four approaches.

## **Core Outcomes:**

Upon completion of an introductory course with an emphasis on world prehistory students show and understanding of:

Describe the historical origins of Archaeology as a discipline and outline common techniques for understanding the prehistoric past through material remains

- Discuss (trace) the historical origins of the discipline through contemporary approaches to understanding the past.
- Outline the key concepts, goals, methods of the major theoretical approaches in Archaeology
- Compare and contrast Archaeology with other social sciences and natural sciences

Compare current theories on the origins of modern humans and their ancestors by considering the archaeological, physical, and genetic lines of evidence

- Compare and contrast the physical and behavioral characteristics of hominin species
- Explain hominin development form an evolutionary perspective
- Discuss the evidence for hominin migrations out of Africa
- Evaluate models for the origins of modern humans using genetic, anatomical, and archaeological evidence

Explain the variety of human adaptation to the climatic and ecological conditions of the early Holocene

- Describe the timing and characteristics of environmental periods, such as
  - o Pleistocene
  - Last glacial Maximum
  - o Late Glacial Interstadial
  - Younger Dryas
  - o Holocene
- Explain the processes that lead to domesticated plants and animals
- Discuss the consequences of domestication on society and the environment
- Discuss theories for the origins of sedentism, agriculture, social complexity, and state formation

Compare theories on the rise and spread of food production by considering archaeological evidence from around the world

- Identify the geographic, climatic, and environmental features, as well as their effect on local social development in:
  - o Africa
  - o Southwest Asia
  - o East Asia
  - Australia and the Pacific
  - o Europe
  - o Americas
- Characterize the Neolithic transitions in key regions (listed above) around the world

Compare theories on the rise of complex cultures by considering archaeological evidence from around the world

- Review various theories and debates on the origins of state level societies
- Define key terms and concepts crucial to an understanding of state development
- For each pristine state:
  - o Identify the environment, climate, and topography, as well as their impact on development of middle-range and complex societies
  - o Describe the cultural periods
  - o Explain the transition from simple to complex societies
  - o Be conversant with key sites, finds, and concepts

Demonstrate the relevance of archaeological interpretation on contemporary local and global conditions

- Examine the ways in which knowledge of the past can give insight into current problems.
- Describe the long and short-term consequences of human responses to social, ecological, and climate change
- Characterize the ways in which archaeology can contribute to an understanding of the past and present.

Comments:		
Participants:		

**Discipline:** Anthropology

General Course Title: Physical Anthropology

**Date developed:** September 2010

# Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Physical Anthropology	ANTH 126	3	Johnson County CC
Introduction to Physical Anthropology	ANTH 102	3	Kansas City, Kansas CC
Fundamentals of Physical Anthropology	ANTH 104/304	4	University of Kansas
Physical Anthropology	AN 116	3	Washburn University
Introduction to Physical Anthropology	ANTH 280/281	3	Kansas State University
Biological Anthropology	ANTHR 101	3	Wichita State University

The next focus for the Core Outcomes Project will be Courses in Linguistic Anthropology. Tiffany Kershner (Kansas State University) and Arienne Dwyer (University of Kansas) will be the central participants in the discussion.

For corrections, additions, or revisions to the minutes please contact Bill McFarlane at <a href="mcfarlane@jccc.edu">mcfarlane@jccc.edu</a> or (913) 469-8500 x4640.

Upon completion of an introductory course in physical or biological anthropology students should be able to demonstrate an understanding of the following:

## Demonstrate knowledge of Evolutionary Theory

- The historical development of evolutionary theory through contemporary approaches
- The basic forces and concepts underlying the modern evolutionary synthesis, for example: Molecular Genetics, Inheritance, and Microevolution

## Characterize the Primates

- Primate characteristics
- Primate taxonomy and classification
- Behavioral ecology (reproductive strategies, life histories, diet, sociality, cooperation and conflict)

# Trace Primate and Human Evolution

- Methodology and Interpretive Frameworks in Paleoanthropology
- Fossil primate and human taxonomy and classification
- Biocultural approaches to human evolution (bipedalism, tool-use, brain growth, language, intelligence)

# **Describe Human Variation and Adaptation**

- Modern polygenetic variation and global patterns of adaptation
- Concept of race
- Patterns of modern human adaptation (thermal environmental stress, high altitude stress, nutritional deficiency, disease)
- Culture as adaptation

**Discipline:** Biology

**General Course Title:** Introductory Biology

Date Developed (and any modification): 2000; modified September 17, 2004

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Principles of Biology	BIO 102	5	Allen County CC
Principles of Biology	Life 1402	5	Barton County CC
General Biology	BI 110	5	Butler CC
General Biology	SC 101	4	Cloud County CC
General Biology	BIO 101	5	Coffeyville CC
General Biology		4	Colby CC
Principles of Biology	BIO 4111	5	Cowley County CC
General Biology	BIO 101	5	Dodge City CC
General Biology with lab	GB 100, GB 101	3/1	Emporia State U
Human Biology with lab	BIOL 100/102	3/1	Fort Hays State U
General Biology	BIO 1215	5	Fort Scott CC
Principles of Biology	BIOL 105	5	Garden City CC
College Biology	BS 101	5	Highland CC
General Biology	BI 101	4	Hutchinson CC
General Biology	BIO 1025	5	Independence CC
Principles of Biology	BIOL 122	3+1	Johnson County CC
General Biology	BIOL 121	5	Kansas City Kansas CC
General Biology	Bio 198	4	Kansas State U
General Biology	BI 0431	5	Labette CC
General Biology with lab	BIOL 111/112	3/2	Neosho County CC
Environment, Life Science/ General Biology with lab	BIOL 113/ BIOL 111/112	4/5	Pittsburg State U
General Biology	BIO 125	5	Pratt CC
Principles of Biology	BI 1305	5	Seward County CC
Principles of Biology with lab	BIOL 100/102	3+1	U Kansas
Intro to Biology with lab	BI 100/101	3+1	Washburn U
Human Organism with lab	BIOL 106/107	3+1	Wichita State U

## **Comments:**

The biology committee's philosophy relative to the General Education Introductory Biology course with laboratory with is based on the assumption that this is the only course in life sciences that the majority of these students will ever take. As such, we believe that it needs to cover the most basic elements of biology, be rigorous, and expose students to the diversity of issues that are relevant to them now and in the future. Understanding the basic concepts of biology is critical to developing the knowledge base and the analytical tools to understand how the world works and how to be a critical consumer of the information received on a daily basis.

Our committee realizes that any individual Introductory Biology course might place a greater emphasis on certain biological areas, such as health or environmental issues. Due to these differences, we conclude that specific competencies should be written with the individual course in mind. In order to most efficiently utilize the expertise and experience of the individual instructors and institutions, we have chosen seven core outcomes that we believe represent the essence of a General Education Biology course. These seven outcomes provide a uniform base for instruction of basic biological concepts with suggested topics to allow flexibility in optimizing the resources of individual institutions.

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the Introductory Biology course, students will be able to do the following:

# Understand the Nature of Science

- Scientific processes
- Scientific methods

## Understand the Levels of Organization and Emergent Properties of Life

- Chemical
- Cellular
- Organ/organ system
- Organismal
- Ecological

## **Understand Bioenergetics**

- Enzyme activity
- Metabolism
- Cellular respiration/photosynthesis

## Understand the Importance of Reproduction in Maintaining the Continuity of Life

- Mitosis
- Meiosis
- Differentiation/development
- Diversity of reproductive strategies

# Apply Principles of Genetics to Unity and Diversity of Life

- Classical genetics
- Molecular genetics

# Discuss Evolution as the Mechanism of Change in Biology

- Natural selection
- Speciation
- Diversity of life/classification

# **Understand Principles of Ecology**

- Ecosystem organization
- Ecological interactions
- Environmental issues

# Nine suggested life skills for biology students include the following:

- Communication skills
- Cooperative learning
- Problem solving/critical thinking
- Research skills
- Ethics
- Awareness of world/interdisciplinary understanding
- Personal enrichment
- Biology enrichment
- Actionism/citizenship/responsibility

# Twelve laboratory topics/skills for biology students include the following:

- Microscopy skills
- Quantitative measurement skills incorporating the metric system
- Analytical and statistical skills including presenting and/or interpreting graphs, tables, etc.
- Experience with living organisms
- Identification and proper use of laboratory equipment including the most current technology available
- Field experience
- Basic biochemistry
- Organismal and cellular structure and function
- Classification/taxonomy
- Evolution/natural selection
- Genetics
- Reproduction (cellular and organismal)

## **Committee Recommendations:**

The following is a specific list of recommendations that the committee is making for all General Education Biology courses (discussed at the May 1, 2000, meeting and not reviewed at the September 2004 meeting):

- 1. General Education biology courses should not be offered in conjunction with Biology majors' courses to more specifically meet the needs of both the majors and non-majors in Biology.
- 2. Each General Education Biology lecture course must teach and assess to the seven minimum core competencies.
- 3. A statewide assessment of the General Education Biology courses should not be mandated.
- 4. Each course would have a lecture and a laboratory component with a minimum of four credit hours.
- 5. The laboratory component should be considered to be an integral part of the course and linked to the lecture material whenever possible.
- 6. The laboratory component must include the lab topics and skills that are listed above. A single laboratory could incorporate several topics/skills.

It is expected that the nine suggested life skills be incorporated into a General Education Biology course, but the assessment of these skills should not be mandated.

## **Resolutions:**

The Kansas Biology Core Competency Committee passed the following two resolutions at the May 1, 2000, meeting:

## Resolution 1

All General Education courses should demand the highest level of academic rigor.

# Resolution 2

The Kansas Biology Core Competency Committee opposes the concept of concurrent enrollment and believes that college courses should be taught in a college setting for the following reasons:

- 1. The new science standards for Kansas high schools are not in compliance with our basic core competencies.
- 2. High school instructor qualifications do not include preparation to teach at the college level.
- 3. Physical lab facilities may be lacking.
- 4. The community in which high school instructors interact does not provide a base for maintaining academic standards at the college level.
- 5. High school students have rarely reached a maturity to capitalize on a college level biology class.
- 6. There is very real physical lack of quality control at high school sites.

The Kansas Biology Core Competency Committee agreed upon the following regarding concurrent enrollment and instructor credentials at the September 17, 2004, meeting:

1. Adjunct instructors should have the same credentials as full-time instructors—an M.A. with 18 hours in the discipline—and their appointment should be based on the recommendation of the head instructor in the discipline.

- 2. The course site and lab facility should be inspected to make sure they are appropriate for the course.
- 3. The adjunct instructor should be involved in faculty mentoring.
- 4. Concurrent enrollment students should be preassessed to ensure college preparedness of students.
- 5. Institutions should adhere to the guidelines proposed by the legislature regarding concurrent enrollment (see attachment from Kansas Board of Regents *Policy and Procedures*).

# **Participating Members:**

Brent Bates, 2000 Facilitator

Ellie Skokan, **2004 Facilitator** Wichita State U (facilitator in 2004)

Sondra Dubowsky Allen County CC John Simmons Barton County CC

Tonya Kerschner Butler CC Bill Langley Butler CC

Richard Clarke Cloud County CC **Cloud County CC** Scott Thompson Leslie Berryhill Cowley County CC Michelle Schoon Cowley County CC **Larry Corpus** Dodge City CC John Richard Schrock Emporia State U Elmer Finck Fort Hays State U Ken Hudiburg Fort Scott CC **Arthur Nonhof** Garden City CC John Schafer Garden City CC Ken Larkins Highland CC Laura Gossage **Hutchinson CC** Johnson County CC David Loring **Ernie May** Kansas City Kansas CC

Bharathi Sudarsanam Labette CC Steve Yuza Neosho CC James Triplett Pittsburg State U

Dave Chambers Pratt CC
Michael Westerhaus Pratt CC

Todd Carter Seward County CC

Chris Haufler U Kansas Lee Boyd Washburn U

**Discipline:** Biology

**General Course Title:** General Biology I and II (Majors Sequence)

**Date Developed (and any modification):** Fall 2003; modified Fall 2005; modified Fall 2009 **Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course titles from each contributing College/ University for which the Core outcomes apply:

Course	Course No.	Credit Hrs.	Institution
Biology I and II	BIO 150	5/5	Allen CC
Principles of Biology	Life 1402	5	Barton CC
Majors Biology I and II	BI 120/ BI 130	5/5	Butler CC
General Biology	SC 101	4/5	Cloud CC
Principles of Biology	SC 110		
Biology I and II	BIOL 206 / 207	5/5	Coffeyville CC
Principles of Biology	BI 177	5/5/5	Colby CC
Botany	BI 256		
Zoology	BI 285		
Bio 1/ Bio 2	4135/ 4135	5/5	Cowley CC
			Dodge City CC
Principles of Biology	GB 140/141	3/1	Emporia State
Biology of Animals	BO 214/215	3/1	University
Biology of Plants	ZO 214/215	3/1	
Principles of Biology	BIOL 180/180L	3/1	Fort Hays State
			University
Gen Bio	1215	5	Fort Scott CC
			Garden City CC
			Highland CC
Biology I and II	104/105	4/5	Hutchinson CC
			Independence CC
Bio 1 and Bio 2	135/ 150	4/5	Johnson County CC
Biol	121	5	Kansas City CC
Biol/ Biol	198/ 201	4/5	Kansas State University
Bio/ Biio		5	Labette CC
Bio 1/ Bio 2	Bio 251/ 252	5	Neosho CC
	Bio 255/256	5	
Bio 1/ Bio 2	211/212	4/4	Pittsburg State
			University
Zoo / Bot	145/ 155		Pratt CC
Zoo / Bot	2515/ 2501	5/5	Seward CC
Bio 1/ Bio 2	150/ 152	4/4	University of Kansas
Bio/ Bot/ Zoo	102/ 105/ 110	5/4/4	Washburn University
Gen Bio I / II	210/ 211	5/5	Wichita State University

## **Comments:**

Washburn University, Emporia State University, and Fort Hays State University still prefer the three-semester sequence with Biology, Botany, and Zoology and may not accept direct transfer of Biology I and Biology II as equivalent.

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the two- or three-semester sequence of lecture/lab courses for biology majors, students will be able to describe, identify, and demonstrate an understanding of the following:

- Nature of science
- Atoms and molecules as the building blocks of life
- Structure and function of cells and cellular transport mechanisms
- Structure and function of organs and organ systems
- Energy and its use in various living organisms
- Cellular respiration
- Photosynthesis
- Cell cycle and the continuity of life
- Patterns of inheritance
- Meiosis, chromosomes, and the mechanism of heredity
- Molecular genetics, gene technology and bioethics
- Organismal growth and development
- Population genetics and evolution
- Speciation
- Phylogeny of organisms and the systems of classification
- Prokaryotes and viruses
- Kingdom Fungi
- Kingdom Protista
- Kingdom Plantae
- Kingdom Animalia
- Population dynamics and community ecology
- Ecosystems and biomes

## **Comments:**

<u>Response from the four-year institutions</u>: Students will be examined on an individual basis regarding how to handle those that have two semesters instead of three semesters, where required. Four-year institutions will determine what additional classes will be needed.

## Participants:

Name	E-mail	College/University
Travis Robb	robb@allenc.edu	Allen CC
Terry Callender	tcallender@allencc.eedu	Allen CC
John Simmons	simmonsj@bartonccc.edu	Barton CCC
Bill Langley	blangley@butlercc.edu	Butler CC

Cathy Castle ccastle@cloud.edu CCCC
Qin Qin Gong qgong@cloud.edu CCCC

Bharalti Sudarsan bharaltis@labette.edu Coffeyville CC
Lowell Coon lowell.coon@colbycc.edu Colby CC
Michelle Schoon schoon@cowley.edu Cowley CC
Scott Thompson sthompson@dc3.edu DCCC

Pam Oliver <u>pamo@coffeyville.edu</u> Emporia State

Melissa Bailey **ESU** mbailey\$@emporia.edu **Chris Bennett FHSU** cbennett@fhsu.edu Richard Packauskas rpackaus@fhsu.edu **FHSU Tracy Springer FSCC** tracys@fortscott.edu HCC Joyce Barket barkeri@hutchcc.edu Tricia Paramore **Hutch CC** paramoret@hutchcc.edu **Paul Decelles JCCC** pdecell@jccc.edu **KCKCC Ernie May** emay@kckcc.edu Hasan Naima hnaima@kckcc.edu **KCKCC** Deborah Taylor dtaylor@kckcc.edu **KCKCC Greg Burg** KU gburg@ku.edu

Brent Thomas rthomas2@emporia.edu Labette CC

LCC Mary Scott marys@labette.edu Mike Campbell mcampbell@neosho.edu **NCCC** Steve Yuzc **NCCC** syuzc@neosho.edu James Dawson **PSU** idawson@pittstate.edu TravisKrehbiel tkrehbiel@watc.edu WATC Mary Jane Keith mary.keith@wichita.edu WSU Jennifery McCoy jennifer.mccoy@wichita.edu WSU

**Discipline**: Biology

**General Course Title:** Microbiology

Date Developed (and any modification): September 2005

# Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
Microbiology	BIO 271		Fundamentals of Microbiology, Alcamo	Allen County CC
				Barton County CC
Microbiology	BIO 240		<i>Microbiology: A Human Perspective,</i> 4 <sup>th</sup> edition, Nester	Butler CC
Microbiology	SC 111 SC 112 (lab)		<i>Microbiology</i> , 8 <sup>th</sup> edition, Tortora	Cloud County CC
Microbiology	BIO 204		Microbiology, Tortora	Coffeyville CC
Microbiology	BI 285		Foundations in Microbiology, Talaro	Colby CC
Microbiology	BIO 4160		Microbiology: A Human Perspective, Nester	Cowley County CC
Microbiology	BIO 210		Introduction to Microbiology, Ingraham and Ingraham	Dodge City CC
Microbiology	MC 316		Microbiology: Principles and Explorations, 6 <sup>th</sup> edition, Jacquelyn G. Black	Emporia State U
Microbiology for Allied Health	BIOL 240		Microbiology: A Human Perspective, Nester	Fort Hays State U
Microbiology	BIO 1245		Microbiology: A Human Perspective, 4th edition, Nester	Fort Scott CC
Microbiology	BIOL 213		Microbiology: A Human Perspective, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition, Nester	Garden City CC
Microbiology	BS 203		Microbiology, Tortora	Highland CC
General Microbiology	BI 112		Microbiology: Principles and Explorations, Jacquelyn Black	Hutchinson CC
Microbiology	BIO 2055		Microbiology: An Introduction, Tortora, Funke, and Case	Independence CC
Microbiology	BIOL 230		Microbiology, Bauman	Johnson County CC
Microbiology	BIOL 261		Microbiology: Principles and Explorations, Jacquelyn Black	Kansas City Kansas CC
General Microbiology	BIOL 455		Brock Biology of Microorganisms, Brock	Kansas State U
General Microbiology	411		Microbiology: An Introduction, Tortora, Funke, and Case	Labette CC
Microbiology	BIOL 271		Foundations in Microbiology, 2005, Talaro	Neosho County CC
				Pittsburg State U
Microbiology	BIO 265		Microbiology, Tortora	Pratt CC

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
Microbiology	BI 2705		Microbiology: A Human Perspective, Nester	Seward County CC
Basic Microbiology	BIOL 200		Foundations in Microbiology, 5 <sup>th</sup> edition, Talaro	U Kansas
Introduction to Microbiology	BI 204 BI 205 (lab)		Microbiology: Principles and Explorations, Jacquelyn Black	Washburn U
Introduction to Microbiology	BIOL 220		Microbiology: A Human Perspective, Nester	Wichita State U

## **Comments:**

Recommended Prerequisites: As a body, the core participants feel responsible for the quality of the content of this course. It is highly recommended that students entering this course have a strong foundation in the principles of biology and chemistry in order to facilitate learning of microbiology concepts and to help align the courses for a two-year Allied Health program with that of a four-year Allied Health program. It is for this reason that the group suggests a minimum prerequisite course in biology and would additionally like to see the students have a chemistry foundation as well.

## **Core Outcomes:**

Upon completion of this course, students will demonstrate an understanding of the following:

## Content Knowledge

- Microbial cell biology (25%)
  - o Structure and function of prokaryotic and eucaryotic organisms
  - Structure and function of acellular infectious agents
  - o Growth and division
  - Energy metabolism
  - o Regulation of cellular activities
- Microbial genetics (20%)
  - o Inheritance and flow of information
  - o Causes, consequences, and significance of mutations
  - o Exchange and acquisition of genetic information
  - Genetic engineering
  - o Biotechnology
- Interactions of microorganisms and humans (50%)
  - Host defense mechanisms and immune systems
  - o Pathogenicity mechanisms of cellular and acellular infectious agents
  - o Disease transmission
  - Control of microorganisms
  - o Antimicrobial agents
  - o Epidemiology and public health
  - Adaptation and natural selection
  - o Symbiosis
- Interactions and impact of microorganisms in the environment (5%)
  - o Microbial recycling of resources
  - Microbes transforming the environment

## **Laboratory Skills**

- Discipline specific
  - Practicing laboratory safety
  - Collecting and handling specimens
  - o Isolating and identifying microorganism (differentiation)
  - Using a microscope
  - o Pipetting and micropipetting
  - Using aseptic technique
  - o Growing and controlling microorganisms
  - Utilizing basic antigen-antibody interactions
  - Making dilutions
- General
  - Effectively communicating scientific information
  - Finding and using appropriate resources
  - o Critically evaluating information, results, and incompatibilities
  - Demonstrating ethical behavior and scientific integrity

## **Comments:**

<u>Recommendation</u>: Allied health programs should include in their requirements a course in microbiology. According to ASM recommendations, topics that are felt to be essential or very important are listed, with estimates given for the percent of time devoted to each area. The principles of evolution, genetics, diversity, and ecology are integral to all disciplines of biology and must be included in the teaching of microbiology. In addition, this class should be taught with a laboratory component incorporating the skills listed.

# **Participants:**

Michelle Schoon, Facilitator	Cowley County CC	schoon@cowley.edu
Sondra Dubowsky	Allen County CC	dubowsky@allencc.edu
Curtis Wolf	Barton County CC	wolfc@bartoncc.edu
Melissa Elliott	Butler CC	melliott@butlercc.edu
Tonya Kerschner	Butler CC	tkershner@butlercc.edu
Richard Clarke	Cloud County CC	dclark@cloud.edu
Scott Thompson	Cloud County CC	jthompson@cloud.edu
Don Barker	Coffeyville CC	donb@coffeyville.edu
Lowell Coon	Colby CC	lowell@colbycc.edu
Leslie Berryhill	Cowley County CC	berryhill@cowley.edu
Scott Layton	Cowley County CC	laytons@cowley.edu
Ryan Paruch	Cowley County CC	
Larry Corpus	Dodge City CC	ldcorpus@dc3.edu
John Richard Schrock	Emporia State U	ksnaturl@emporia.edu
Eric Gillock	Fort Hays State U	egillock@fhsu.edu
Eric Strauss	Fort Hays State U	eastrauss@fhsu.edu
Ken Dudiburg	Fort Scott CC	
John Schafer	Garden City CC	ohn.schafer@gcccks.edu
Ken Larkins	Highland CC	klarkins@highlandcc.edu

Harry Moeller Trichia Paramore Brian Foreman Johanna Foster Luanne Wolfgram

Jim Lyle Ernie May Curtis Smith Peter Wong

Barathi Sadarsanam

Pam Oliver Steve Yuza

Michael Westerhaus

Todd Carter Chris Haufler Betty Cole Kristy Egbert Highland CC
Hutchinson CC
Independence CC
Johnson County CC
Johnson County CC

Kansas City Kansas CC Kansas City Kansas CC Kansas City Kansas CC Kansas State U

Labette CC

Neosho County CC Neosho County CC

Pratt CC

Seward County CC

U Kansas Washburn U Wichita State U hmoeller@highlandcc.edu paramoret@hutchcc.edu bforeman@indycc.edu

Iwolfgra@jccc.edu
jlyle@kckcc.edu
emay@kckcc.edu
cvsmith@kckcc.edu
wongpp@ksu.edu
bharathis@labette.edu

syuza@neosho.edu michaelw@prattcc.edu tcarter@sccc.net vulgare@ku.edu

betty.cole@washburn.edu kristy.egbert@wichita.edu

**Discipline:** Biology

**General Course Title:** Anatomy and Physiology

Date Developed (and any modification): September 2006

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO 257	5	Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier et al.	Allen County CC
Anatomy and Physiology	Life 1408	5	Human Anatomy and Physiology, Marieb	Barton County CC
Anatomy and Physiology; Anatomy and Physiology with Review I, II	BI 240; BI 226/227	5 4 (with review)	Anatomy and Physiology, Saladin	Butler CC
Human Anatomy, Human Physiology	SC 122 SC 123		Anatomy and Physiology, Stephens, Seeley, and Tate	Cloud County CC
Human Anatomy and Physiology 1 and 2	SC 120 SC 121		Anatomy and Physiology, 4 <sup>th</sup> edition, Saladin	Cloud County CC (Junction City Campus)
Anatomy and Physiology	BIOL 123-01		In between texts now; will adopt one	Coffeyville CC
Anatomy and Physiology I, II	BI 276 BI 277	8 total/ 2 semesters	Human Anatomy and Physiology, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, Marieb	Colby CC
Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIO 4150	5	Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, Tortora and Derrickson, 11 <sup>th</sup> ed.; Laboratory Manual for Anatomy and Physiology, 2 <sup>nd</sup> edition, Allen and Harper	Cowley County CC
				Dodge City CC
Introduction Human Anatomy and Physiology; Human Anatomy and Physiology	ZO 200/201, ZO 362/363		200/201: Hole's Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology, 9 <sup>th</sup> edition, 2006, Shier, et al.  362/363: Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, 11 <sup>th</sup> edition, Shier et al.	Emporia State U

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
				Flint Hills TC
Human Anatomy and Physiology and two labs (Anatomy and Physiology)	BIOL 230/232/234	3 (lecture) 1 (each lab)	Human Anatomy and Physiology, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, Marieb	Fort Hays State U
Anatomy and Physiology		5	Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier et al.	Fort Scott CC
Anatomy and Physiology I and II	BIOL 211/212	4 (each course: 3 lecture and 1 lab)	Anatomy and Physiology, 7 <sup>th</sup> edition, Seeley, Stephens, and Tate	Garden City CC (2 semesters)
		,		Highland CC
				Hutchinson CC
???		5 (lab/lecture)	Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier et al.	Independence CC
Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIOL 144	5	Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier et al. (1 semester)	Johnson CC
				Kansas City Kansas Area TS
Human Anatomy and Physiology	BIOL 143 (1 semester)		Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier et al.	Kansas City Kansas CC
,				Kansas State U
Physiology and Anatomy	BIOL 246/247 (Physiology) BIOL 240/241 (Anatomy)	5 (Physiology) 5 (Anatomy)	Human Anatomy, Martini, Timmons, and Tallitsch Human Physiology, Silverthorn	U Kansas
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Kaw Area TS
Anatomy and Physiology	BIOL 0412		Hole's Essentials of Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier, et al. Laboratory Investigations in Anatomy and Physiology: Cat Version, 9 <sup>th</sup> edition, Sarikas et al.	Labette CC
				Manhattan Area TC
Anatomy and Physiology	257/258		Hole's Human Anatomy and Physiology, Shier et al.	Neosho CC

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
				North Central Kansas TC
				Northeast Kansas TC
				Northwest Kansas TC
Anatomy and Physiology	BIO 257/258	5	Anatomy and Physiology, Seeley, Stephens, and Tate	Pittsburg State U
				Pratt CC
				Salina Area TS
Human Anatomy Human Physiology	BI 2304 BI 2314		Human Anatomy, Van De Graaf Human Physiology, Fox	Seward CC
Human Anatomy Human Physiology	BI 275 BI 255		Human Anatomy, McKinley and O'Laughlin Human Physiology, Silverthorn	Washburn U
				Wichita Area TC
				Wichita State U

## **Comments:**

Recommended Prerequisites: (1) college chemistry (introductory/general) and (2) college biology (introductory/general)

## **Core Outcomes:**

The Anatomy and Physiology modules may be covered in a different sequence from that which is listed here. Content topics need not be taught in single blocks but may be integrated. Unifying themes, such as homeostasis, are emphasized throughout.

# **Body Plan and Organization**

Students who have completed this section of the course should understand the scope of studies in anatomy and physiology and be able to use and understand descriptive anatomical and directional terminology. Topics include the following:

- Anatomical position
- Body planes, sections
- Body cavities and regions
- Directional terms
- Basic terminology
- Levels of organization
- Survey of body systems

## **Homeostasis**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to explain the basic concept of homeostasis and how homeostatic mechanisms apply to body systems. Topics include the following:

- Negative feedback
- Positive feedback
- Homeostatic mechanisms
- Control systems

# Chemistry and Cell Biology Review

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify cellular structures and explain their respective functions. Topics include the following:

- Atoms and molecules
- Chemical bonding
- Inorganic compounds/solutions (including the concept of pH)
- Organic compounds
- Energy transfer using ATP
- Intracellular organization of nucleus and cytoplasm
- Membrane structure and function
- Mechanisms for movement of materials across cellular membranes
- Organelles
- Protein synthesis
- Cellular respiration (introduction)
- Somatic cell division (mitosis and cytokinesis)

Note: The intent of the prerequisites given earlier is to minimize the amount of time spent on the above section.

## Histology

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to describe the basic tissues of the body and their location and explain their functions. Topics include the following:

- Microscopic anatomy, location, and functional roles of the basic tissue types, including epithelial, connective, muscular, and nerve
- Membranes (mucous, serous, and synovial)

# **Integumentary System**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the integumentary system and describe the functions of the system. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the skin
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the skin and accessory structures
- Roles of the specific tissue layers of the skin
- Roles of the accessory structures

## **Skeletal System**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the skeletal system and explain their functional roles in osteogenesis, repair, and body movement. <u>Topics include the following:</u>

- General functions of bone and the skeletal system
- Histology and structure of a typical bone
- Physiology of bone formation, growth, remodeling, and repair
- Names and markings of bones
- Organization of the skeleton
- Structure and function of joints
- Classification of joints

## Muscular System

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the muscular system and explain their functional roles in body movement, maintenance of posture, and heat production. Topics include the following:

- General functions of muscle tissue
- Identification, general location, and comparative characteristics of skeletal, smooth, and cardiac muscle tissue
- Detailed gross and microscopic anatomy of skeletal muscle
- Physiology of skeletal muscle contraction
- Skeletal muscle metabolism
- Principles and types of whole muscle contraction
- Nomenclature of skeletal muscles
- Group actions of skeletal muscles (prime movers, synergists, etc.)
- Location and function of the major skeletal muscles

## Nervous System

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the nervous system and explain their functional roles in communication, control, and integration. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the nervous system
- Organization of the nervous system from both anatomical and functional perspectives
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the nerve tissue
- Neurophysiology, including mechanism of resting membrane potential, production of action potentials, and impulse transmission
- Neurotransmitters and their roles in synaptic transmission
- Sensory receptors and their roles
- Division, origin, and function of component parts of the brain
- Protective roles of the cranial bones, meninges, and cerebrospinal fluid
- Structure and function of cranial nerves
- Anatomy of the spinal cord and spinal nerves
- Reflexes and their roles in nervous system function

- Physiology of sensory and motor pathways in the brain and spinal cord
- Functions of the autonomic nervous system
- Comparison of somatic and autonomic nervous systems

## **Special Senses**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the eye and ear, and explain their functional roles in vision, hearing, and equilibrium. Students should also be able to identify and locate the receptors responsible for olfaction and gestation, and briefly describe the physiology of smell and taste.

Topics include the following:

- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the eye and ear
- Roles of specific tissues of the eye in vision
- Roles of specific tissues of the ear in hearing and equilibrium
- Olfactory receptors and their role in smell
- Gustatory receptors and their role in taste

## **Endocrine System**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the endocrine system and explain the functional roles of their respective hormones in communication, control, and integration. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the endocrine system
- Definition and chemical classification of hormones
- Control of hormone secretion
- Mechanisms of hormone action at effectors
- Roles of the hypothalamus and pituitary gland
- Identity, secretory control, and functional roles of the major hormones of the pituitary, adrenal, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, gonads, and pineal glands, including the effects of hypo- and hypersecretion
- Functions of hormones secreted by other endocrine tissues and cells, such as erythropoietin, thymosin, digestive hormones, placental hormones, atrial natriuretic peptide, vitamin D, eicosanoids, and growth factors
- Hormonal response to stress

Note: Since the endocrine system plays a key role in the regulation and integration of body organ systems, detailed aspects of endocrine system function may be emphasized throughout the course.

## Cardiovascular System

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the cardiovascular system and explain their functional roles in transport and hemodynamics. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the cardiovascular system
- Formation and composition of blood plasma
- Identity, microscopic anatomy, numbers, formation, and functional roles of the formed elements of the blood

- Hemostasis, including coagulation of the blood
- ABO and Rh blood grouping
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the heart, including the conduction system
- Physiology of cardiac muscle contraction
- Pattern of blood flow between heart chambers and between the heart and major vessels leading directly to or from the heart
- Cardiac cycle, including basic rhythm of heartbeat, pressure and volume changes, heart sounds, and electrocardiogram
- Regulation of stroke volume and heart rate
- Anatomy and functional roles of the different types of blood vessels
- Pattern of blood circulation throughout the body, including systemic, pulmonary, coronary, hepatic portal, and fetal circulations
- Blood pressure and its functional interrelationships with cardiac output, peripheral resistance, and hemodynamics

## **Lymphatic System and Immunity**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the lymphatic system and explain their functional roles in fluid dynamics and immunity. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the lymphatic system
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the lymphatic system, including the pattern of lymph circulation
- Lymph formation and flow mechanisms
- Non-specific resistance to disease and the inflammatory response
- Antibody-mediated (humoral) immune response
- Cell-mediated immune response
- Roles of B cells and T cells in immune response

## Respiratory System

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the respiratory system and explain their functional roles in breathing/ventilation and in the processes of external and internal respiration. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the respiratory system
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the respiratory tract and related organs
- Mechanisms of pulmonary ventilation
- Pulmonary air volumes and capacities
- Mechanisms of gas exchange in lungs and tissues
- Mechanisms of gas transport in the blood
- Control of pulmonary ventilation

## **Digestive System**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the digestive system and explain their functional roles in digestion, absorption, excretion and elimination. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the digestive system
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the GI tract and the accessory organs of digestion
- Mechanical and chemical processes of digestion and absorption
- Processes of excretion and elimination
- Hormonal and neural regulation of digestive processes
- Homeostatic integration with other systems

## Metabolism

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to explain the functional relationship among cellular, tissue and organ level metabolism, the role nutrition plays in metabolism, and the mechanisms by which metabolic rate is regulated in the body. Topics include the following:

- Cellular respiration
- Catabolism and anabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, and proteins
- Nutrition and metabolism
- Metabolic roles of specific tissues and organs, including the liver, adipose tissue, and skeletal muscle
- Hormonal and neural regulation of metabolism
- Energy balance, metabolic rate, and thermoregulation

# **Urinary System**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the urinary system and explain their functional roles. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the urinary system
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the urinary tract, including detailed histology of the nephron
- Functional processes of urine formation, including filtration, reabsorption, secretion, and excretion
- Factors regulating and altering urine volume and composition, including the renin-angiotensin system and the roles of aldosterone and antidiuretic hormone
- Endocrine activities of the kidneys, such as vitamin D activation and secretion of erythropoietin
- Innervation and control of the urinary bladder

## Fluid/Electrolyte and Acid/Base Balance

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the physiology of the homeostatic mechanisms that control fluid/electrolyte and acid/base balance. Topics include the following:

- Regulation of water intake and output
- Description of the major fluid compartments, including intracellular, extracellular, intravascular, and interstitial
- Volume and chemical composition of major compartment fluids

- Movements between the major fluid compartments, causal forces, volumes, and electrolyte balance
- Buffer systems and their roles in acid/base balance
- Role of the respiratory system in acid/base balance
- Role of the urinary system in acid/base balance

## **Reproductive Systems**

Students who have completed this section of the course should be able to identify and describe the major gross and microscopic anatomical components of the reproductive system and explain their functional roles in reproduction and inheritance. Topics include the following:

- General functions of the reproductive systems
- Gross and microscopic anatomy of the male and female reproductive tracts and external genitalia
- Reproductive cell division (meiosis, gametogenesis, folliculogenesis)
- Specific roles of the ovaries, uterine tubes, uterus, and vagina
- Specific roles of the testes, epididymis, ductus deferens, seminal vesicle, prostate, bulbourethral glands, and urethra
- Regulation of reproductive functions, including puberty, the female reproductive cycle, spermatogenesis, and the climacteric
- Development of the embryo/fetus and the hormonal changes during pregnancy
- Parturition and labor
- Mammary gland anatomy and physiology
- Sex determination and introductory human genetics

# **Comments:**

It should be noted that the topics for this course may be covered in a different sequence from that listed here. In addition, topics may be covered in subsequent courses, as long as all topics are discussed. There may be some transferability questions if all course sequences are not taken at the same institution. If course requirements are met at the same institution, then expectations of successfully meeting the defined competencies are satisfied.

# **Participants:**

Michelle Schoon, Facilitator	Cowley County CC	schoon@cowley.edu
Sondra Dubowskey	Allen County CC	dubowsky@allencc.edu
John Simmons	Barton County CC	simmonj@bartonccc.edu
Susan Forrest	Butler CC	sforrest@butlercc.edu
Katherine Gifford	Butler CC	kgifford@butlercc.edu
Richard Clarke	Cloud County CC	dclarke@cloud.edu
Scott Thompson	Cloud County CC	jthompson@cloud.edu
Don Barker	Coffeyville CC	donb@coffeyville.edu
Sandra Hill	Colby CC	sandy.h@colbycc.edu
Leslie Berryhill	Cowley County CC	berryhill@cowley.edu
Rejeana Young	Cowley County CC	youngr@cowley.edu
Larry Corpus	Dodge City CC	ldcorpus@dc3.edu
John Richard Schrock	Emporia State U	ksnaturl@emporia.edu

S. C. Bennett
Jack Gilmore
Terry Lee
Brian Foreman
Marilyn Shopper
Luanne Wolfgram

Jim Lyle Ernie May Mary Shaw

Bharathi P. Sudarsanam

Sarah McCoy Steve Yuza Peter Chung Neal Schmidt Christopher Haufler

Duane Hinton

Fort Hays State U
Fort Scott CC
Garden City CC
Independence CC
Johnson County CC
Johnson County CC
Kansas City Kansas CC

Kansas City Kansas CC Labette CC Labette CC

Neosho County CC Neosho County CC Pittsburg State U Pittsburg State U

U Kansas Washburn U cbennett@fhsu.edu
jackg@fortscott.edu
terry.lee@gcccks.edu
bforeman@indycc.edu
mshopper@jccc.edu
lwolfgra@jccc.edu
jlyle@kckcc.edu
emay@kckcc.edu
marys@labette.edu
bharathis@labette.edu
smccoy@neosho.edu

syuza@neosho.edu pchung@pittstate.edu nschmidt@pittstate.edu

vulgare@ku.edu

duane.hinton@washburn.edu

**Discipline:** Chemistry

General Course Title: Chemistry I

Date Developed (and any modification): October 2011

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
College Chemistry I/II	110/115	5/5	Butler Community C.
College Chemistry I/II	124/126	5/5	Labette Community C.
University Chemistry I/II	120/122 (Labs are 120L/122L)	3 each for 120/122; 2 each for 120L/122L	Fort Hays State U.
College Chemistry I/II	125/136	5/5	Allen Community C.
Chemistry I/II	131/132	5/5	Cloud County Community C.
General Chemistry I/II	211/212	5/5	Wichita State U.
Chemistry I/II	123/126 (Labs are 124/127)	3 each for 123/126; 2 each for 124/127	Emporia State U.
Chemistry I/II	210/230	4/4	Kansas State U.
Principles of Chemistry I/II	103/104	5/5	Coffeyville Community C.
Foundations of Chemistry I/II	184/188	5/5	U. of Kansas
Chemistry I/II	111/112	5/5	Kansas City KS Community C.

# **Comments:**

The group agreed to use this meeting to develop core competencies for the fundamental two-semester course sequence in the chemistry curriculum.

## **Core Outcomes:**

# **LECTURE PORTION OF CHEMISTRY**

Content of the course will prepare students to:

I. Explain the processes involved in the scientific method, and be able to apply it to investigate natural phenomena and solve problems.

- II. Explain the design and significance of experiments that led to the adoption of modern atomic theory.
- III. Recognize and interpret isotopic notation; understanding the relationship between average atomic masses and isotopic masses (example: calculating the average mass of an element given isotopic masses and natural abundance).
- IV. Relate atomic mass to composition in terms of subatomic particles.
- V. Descriptive chemistry of ionic and covalent compounds.
  - a. Learn the names and symbols (or formulas) for often-used elements, simple and polyatomic ions, Arrhenius acids and bases, and simple ionic and covalent compounds.
  - b. Describe and identify Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowery, and Lewis acids and bases.
  - c. Identify conjugate acids and bases.
  - d. Determine the valence electron configuration of the s and p block elements and the 3d metals.
  - e. Determine oxidation states and assign oxidation numbers of atoms in simple ions, and the central atoms of polyatomic ions and covalent compounds.
  - f. Use the valence electron configuration to predict common oxidation numbers of group 1, 2, 13, 16, and 17 elements.
  - g. Define periodic trends in electronegativity, ionization energy and electron affinity, and relate them to the electron configuration of the element.

## VI. Solutions.

- a. Describe general properties of solutions.
- b. Understand the forces that affect the aqueous solubility of materials.
- c. Calculate the molar concentration of a solute.
- d. Describe procedures for preparing a solution of known molarity.
- VII. Chemical reactions and stoichiometry.
  - a. Classify chemical reactions and predict whether simple chemical reactions will proceed.
  - b. Employ stoichiometric reasoning in evaluating reactions of gases, liquids and solids.
  - c. Perform calculations that employ relationships involving masses, formula units, and the mole relationships.
  - d. Determine empirical and molecular formula from appropriate data.
  - e. Demonstrate the ability to balance chemical equations.
  - f. Discuss solubility rules
  - g. Write net ionic equations based on solubility rules.
  - h. Balance simple acid base reactions
  - Define oxidation and reduction.
  - j. Balance simple redox reactions and determine the identity of the oxidizing and reduction agents.
  - k. Determine limiting reagents from stoichiometric data; calculate the maximum product yield, and leftover reagent.
  - I. Calculate theoretical yield from stoichiometric data.

# VIII. Properties of solids, liquids, and gases

- a. Describe the origins and relative magnitudes of intermolecular forces.
- b. Relate phase behavior to nature of intermolecular forces.
- c. Compare general properties of solids, liquids and gases; including density, compressibility, heat capacity, and randomness intermolecular forces.
- d. Describe phase transitions and phase diagrams (e.g. triple point and critical point).
- e. Understand general properties of gases.
  - i. Describe properties and temperatures of gasses to kinetic molecular theory.
  - ii. Understand and employ ideal gas laws.
- f. Understand general properties of liquids.
- g. Understand general properties of solids.
  - i. Compare and contrast properties of ionic, molecular and metallic solids.
- IX. Describe, define, and perform calculations involving the following basic concepts of thermodynamics:
  - a. Heat capacity.
  - b. Calorimetry.
  - c. Heat/Work/Energy.
  - d. Enthalpy/Standard states.
  - e. Hess's Law.
  - f. Heat of formation.
  - g. Phase changes/Energy.
  - h. Use of other thermodynamic cycles in the determination of thermodynamic quantities, such as the lattice energy of an ionic solid.
- X. Conceptually and quantitatively relate spectroscopic observation of atoms to quantum mechanical theories.
  - a. Describe the historical development of and distinction between classical and wave mechanics.
  - b. Describe the radial and angular dependence of solutions to the Schroedinger equation for hydrogen-like atoms (s, p, d orbitals).
  - c. Describe the behavior of photons and electrons during electronic transitions between principle quantum levels and calculate the wavelength and frequency of light involved in these transitions.
  - d. Using the Aufbau principle, write the electron configuration of many electron atoms and monatomic ions.
  - e. Relate quantum mechanical theory to the organization of the periodic table and the periodic properties of elements.
- XI. Molecular Bonding and Structure.
  - a. Describe the characteristics of ionic and covalent bonding.
  - b. Draw Lewis dot structures for atoms, simple ionic and molecular compounds.
  - c. Predict the shape of simple molecules and ions using VSEPR theory.
  - d. Explain how electronegativity differences relate to bond polarity.
  - e. Identify polar and non-polar molecules.
  - f. Understand valence bond descriptions of molecular structure and bonding.
  - g. Understand hybridization, including  $sp^3$ ,  $sp^2$  and sp hybridization.
  - h. Predict hybridization from VSEPR structures.

- i. Determine bond orders and relate them to relative bond strength.
- j. Describe the MO theory description of bonding and antibonding orbitals.
- k. Relate MO theory to concepts such as the structural, energetic, spectroscopic, and magnetic properties of molecules.

#### **Committee Recommendations:**

Stephen Donnelly agreed to serve as convener for the next meeting. Future meetings should be aimed at developing a set of core competencies for (1) a one-semester introductory chemistry course, i.e., consumer chemistry, basic chemistry, or introductory chemistry; and (2) the Organic Chemistry I/II two-semester sequence.

### **Participants:**

Roderick Black University of Kansas - Lawrence
Jill Headrick University of Kansas - Lawrence
Peter Hierl University of Kansas - Lawrence
Robert Carlson University of Kansas - Lawrence

Todd Francis Allen Community College
Robert Carlson Butler Community College
Kim Karr Butler Community College

Krista Thomas Johnson County Community College

Khamis Siam Pittsburgh State University
Amy Lumley Coffeyville Community College
Chad Killblane Cowley County Community College
Luka Kapkiai Neosho County Community College

Stephen Donnelly Fort Hays State University

**Discipline:** Computer Science

**General Course Title:** Information Technology

Date Developed (and any modification): Fall 2006; modified Fall 2007; modified Fall 2010;

modified Fall 2011

# Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
Introduction to Computers	CS 101		Discovering Computers 2010: Complete, Shelley/Cashman	Allen County CC
				Last Update: Oct. 2010
Computer Concepts and Applications	BSTC 1036		Microsoft Office 2007: Introductory Concepts and Technique, Shelly/Cashman Series	Barton County CC
				Last Update: Oct. 2010
Computer Concepts	BE 160		Practical MS Office 2007 (w/CD), Parsons, 2008: Course Technology Inc. ISBN 9781423906049 and Computer Concepts: Illustrated Intro (w/CD), Parsons, 7th edition, 2009: Course Technology Inc ISBN 9781423999331.	Butler CC  Last Update: Oct. 2010
Computer Applications	CS 108		Course Technology, 2nd edition, New Perspectives	Cloud County CC
Introduction to Software Applications	COMP 162		Microsoft Office XP, 6th edition, Ruthowsky	Coffeyville CC
Introduction to Computer Concepts and applications	CO176		Our Digital World, by Gordon, Lankisch, Muir, Seguin, and Verno, ©Paradigm Publishing, Inc. Shaffer/Carey/Finnegan/Adamski/Ageloff/Zimm erman/Zimmerman, New Perspectives on Microsoft Office 2007, First Course, Vista Edition, (978-1-4239-0615-5) Course Technology, 2008.	Colby CC Last Update: Oct. 2010
Introduction to Microcomputers	BDP 1516		377	Cowley County CC
Computer Concepts and Applications	CS 101		Shaffer/Carey/Finnegan/Adamski/Ageloff/Zimm erman/Zimmerman, New Perspectives on Microsoft Office 2007, First Course, Premium Video Edition, ISBN: 978-0-324-78884-6	Dodge City CC Last Update: Oct. 2010
Introduction to Microcomputer Applications	IS 113		2007, O'Leary & O'Leary from McGraw Hill	Emporia State U Last Update: Oct. 2010
Introduction to	MIS101		Custom Text: <u>Pearson</u>	Fort Hays

Computer Info Systems		Technology in Action MS Office 2007-Exploring Series	State U Last Update: Oct. 2010
Personal Computing	COM10 53000	Technology in Action (Pearson)	Fort Scott CC Last Update: Oct. 2010
Introduction to Computer Applications and Concepts	CSCI 1103	Computer Concepts, Shelly Cashman, Course Technology, 2005 Microsoft Office 2003, premium edition, Shelly/Cashman	Garden City CC
Introduction to Microcomputers	BUS 100	Not Selected	Highland CC
Microcomputer Applications	IS 104	Microsoft Office 2003: Introductory Concepts and Techniques, Shelly/Cashman Discovering Computers, 2006 Brief Edition, Shelly/Cashman	Hutchinson CC
Computer Concepts and applications	CIT 1003	Microsoft Office 2007: Custom Introduction and Advanced Concepts and Techniques, Shelly/Cashman Discovering Computers, 2008, Shelly/Cashman	Independence CC
Introduction to Computer Concepts and Applications	CIS 124	MIC. OFFICE 2007-ILLUS. INTRO.MS WIND X Author: BESKEEN, ISBN: 9781418860479, 2008	Johnson County CC Last Update: Oct. 2010
Computer Concepts and Applications	CIST 101	Custom course Pearson Custom Publishing Office 2010 and Windows 7 updates	Kansas City Kansas CC Last Update Oct. 2010
Introduction to Computing Systems, Information Search, and Security/ Introduction to Spreadsheet Applications/ Introduction to Database Applications/ Introduction to Word Processing Applications	CIS 101 CIS 102 CIS 103 CIS 104	Custom Program for CIS: Introduction to Information Technology, Kansas State University (2009). Pearson Custom Publishing. CIS 102 Kansas State Excel Custom Activity Book (2007). Pearson Custom Publishing. CIS 103 Kansas State Excel Custom Activity Book (2007). Pearson Custom Publishing. CIS 104 Kansas State Excel Custom Activity Book (2007). Pearson Custom Publishing.  Selected chapters from: Exploring Microsoft Office 2007, Volume 1, 2/E, Grauer, Barber, Hulett, and Krebs, 2008.	Kansas State U Last Update: Oct. 2010
Computer Concepts and Applications	CS 0715	Microsoft Windows XP: Introductory Concepts and Techniques, Shelly/Cashman Microsoft Office 2003, Shelly/Cashman	Labette CC
Micro computer	CSIS 100	Microsoft Office 2003	Neosho

Applications				County CC
Computer	CSIS 130		Discovering Computers 2003, Shelly	Pittsburg
Information				State U
Systems				
Microcomputer	BUS 235		Microsoft Office 2003, Rutkosky	Pratt CC
applications			Technology in Action, Alan et al., 3rd	
			edition	
Introduction to	CS 1203		Microsoft Office 2007 (Go! Series )	Seward
Computer			Technology in Action, Alan et al., 4th	County CC
Concepts/App			edition	
Introductions to	EECS			U Kansas
Computer Based	128			
Information				
Systems				
Computer	CM 101		Computer Concepts, Shelly/Cashman	Washburn U
Concepts and				Last Update:
Applications				Oct. 2010
Introduction to	CS 105		Discovering Computers, Shelly/Cashman	Wichita State
Computers and				U
Their				
Applications				
Computer	CIS 100	3	MS Office 2010, A Lesson Approach McGraw Hill (2011)	
Applications				

#### **Comments:**

## **Core Outcomes:**

In the areas listed, students should be able to do the following:

#### Hardware

• Demonstrate the understanding of specifications and configuration of computer hardware.

## Operating Systems and Systems Software

• Identify the major roles of operating systems and systems software.

#### <u>Internet</u>

• Identify the impact, use, and information evaluation of the Internet.

## **Word Processing**

• Use word processing software to create, edit and produce professional documents.

## **Spreadsheets**

• Create spreadsheets and charts to analyze, investigate and/or interpret data to support problem solving process.

## **Database**

• Design, create, maintain a database, and to produce easy access to information in multiple dimensions.

#### Presentation

• Use presentation software to create, edit, and produce professional presentations.

## **Integration**

• Utilize the integration between different application software and technology.

## **Ethical Issues and Concepts**

• Identify the ethical and social standards of conduct regarding the use of information and technology.

## Cyber security

• Identify security threats and solutions.

#### **Comments:**

There continue to be more questions than discussion regarding information technology literacy as a general education course.

## **Participants:**

Chen, Isabelle	Johnson County Community College	ichen@jccc.edu
Cunningham, Jillene	Hutchinson Community College	cunninghamj@hutchcc.edu
Dale, Rae	Cowley College	dale@cowley.edu
DeVoe, Chad	Neosho County Community College	cdevoe@neosho.edu
Ford, Lori	Labette Community College	lorif@labette.edu
Forshee, Cathy	Cloud County Community College	cforshee@cloud.edu
Freeze, Ronald	Emporia State University	rfreeze@emporia.edu
Gale, Cristi	Barton County Community College	galec@bartonccc.edu
Gammon, Richard	Kansas City Kansas Community College	rgammon@kckcc.edu
Hansen, Steve	Johnson County Community College	shansen@jccc.edu
Harding, Charles	Hutchinson Community College	hardingc@hutchcc.edu
Johnson, Laurie	Manhattan Area Technical College	lauriejohnson@manhattantech.edu
Jolly, Roberta	Washburn University	roberta.jolly@washburn.edu
Kinnersley, Nancy	University of Kansas	kinners@eecs.ku.edu
Lang, Dennis	Kansas State University	dlang1@ksu.edu
Lawless, Sharon	Allen County Community College	slawless@allencc.edu
Mechtly, Bruce	Washburn University	bruce.mechtly@washburn.edu
Pounds, Crystal	Colby Community College	crystal.pounds@colbycc.edu
Schartz, Shane	Fort Hays State University	sschartz@fhsu.edu
Scheuerman, Paul	Wichita State University	paul.scheuerman@wichita.edu
Shead, Larry	Fort Scott Community College	larrys@fortscott.edu
Singh, Gurdip	Kansas State University	gurdip@ksu.edu
Stevens, Deanna	Barton County Community College	stevensd@bartonccc.edu
Strong, Dwight	Pittsburg State University	dstrong@pittstate.edu

Swindler, Gladys Tung, Chan Waddell, Karen Wyatt, Bill

Fort Hays State University Kansas City Kansas Community College <a href="mailto:ctung@kckcc.edu">ctung@kckcc.edu</a> Butler Community College Kansas City Kansas Community College <a href="mailto:bwyatt@kckcc.edu">bwyatt@kckcc.edu</a>

ggiebler@fhsu.edu kwaddell@butlercc.edu

Page 42 Core Outcomes 2011

**Discipline:** English

General Course Title: English Composition I and II

**Date Developed (and any modification):** November 5, 1999; modified document approved, September 15, 2006; Core Outcomes Statement reapproved, September 14, 2007; reapproved October 2, 2009.

## Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Institution
Eng Comp I and II	COL 101, COL 102	Allen County CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENGL 1204, ENGL 1206	Barton County CC
Eng Com I and II	EG 101, EG 102	Butler County CC
Eng Com I and II	CM 101,CM 102	Cloud County CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENGL 101, ENGL 102	Coffeyville CC
Eng Comp I and II	EN 176, EN 177	Colby CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENG 2211,ENG 2212	Cowley County CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENG 102, ENG 103	Dodge City CC
Eng Com I and II	EG 101, EG 102	Emporia State U
Eng Com I and II	ENG 101, ENG 102	Fort Hays State U
Eng Comp I and II	ENG 1013, 1023	Fort Scott CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENGL 101, ENGL 102	Garden City CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENG101, ENG 102	Highland CC
Eng Comp I and II	EN 101, EN 102	Hutchinson CC
Eng Com I and II	ENG 1003. ENG 1013	Independence CC
Eng Com I and II	ENG 121,ENG 122	Johnson County CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENG 101, ENG 102	Kansas City Kansas CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENGL 100, ENG 200	Kansas State U
Eng Comp I and II	1513, 1514	Labette CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENGL 101,ENGL 289	Neosho County CC
Eng Com I and II	ENG 101, 190 or 289	Pittsburg State U
Eng Com I and II	ENG 176, ENG 177	Pratt CC
Eng Comp I and II	EG 1103, EG 1113	Seward County CC
Eng Comp I and II	ENGLISH 101, ENGLISH 102	U Kansas
Eng Comp I and II	EN 101, EN 300	Washburn U
Eng Comp I and II	ENGL 101, 102	Wichita State U

#### **Comments:**

The committee reapproved the Core Outcomes as revised in 2006 and re-emphasized the following statement taken from the full outcomes statement:

"Learning to write is a complex process, both individual and social, that takes place over time with continued practice and informed guidance. These composition outcome statements describe what we expect to find at the end of the required Composition sequence."

#### **Core Outcomes:**

The following statements describe only what we expect to find at the end of the required composition sequence:

#### Rhetorical Knowledge

By the end of the required composition sequence, students should be able to do the following:

- Focus on a purpose.
- Respond to the needs of different audiences.
- Respond appropriately to different kinds of rhetorical situations.
- Use conventions of format and structure appropriate to the rhetorical situation.
- Adopt appropriate voice, tone, and level of formality.
- Understand how rhetorical situations shape reading and writing.

\_

## Critical Thinking, Reading, and Writing

By the end of the required composition sequence, students should be able to do the following:

- Use writing and reading for inquiry, learning, thinking, and communicating.
- Understand a writing assignment as a series of tasks, including finding, evaluating, analyzing, and synthesizing appropriate primary and secondary sources.
- Integrate their own ideas with those of others.
- Understand the relationships among language, knowledge, and power.

#### Processes

By the end of the required composition sequence, students should be able to do the following:

- Be aware that it usually takes multiple drafts to create and complete a successful text.
- Develop flexible strategies for prewriting, researching, drafting, revising, editing, and proofreading.
- Understand writing as an open process that permits writers to use later invention and rethinking to revise their work.
- Understand the collaborative and social aspects of writing processes.
- Learn to critique their own and others' work.
- Use technologies appropriate to the writing process.

#### **Knowledge of Conventions**

By the end of the required composition sequence, students should be able to do the following:

- Learn common formats for different kinds of texts.
- Demonstrate that different writing situations require different structural, stylistic, and mechanical conventions.
- Practice appropriate and ethical means of creating and documenting their work.
- Control such surface features as syntax, grammar, punctuation, and spelling

#### **Comments:**

Writing instructors representing English departments in Kansas Public Institutions of Higher Education adapted this document from the "WPA Outcomes Statement for First-Year Composition" (adopted November 5, 1999 / modified September 15, 2006 / reapproved September 14, 2007).

#### Participants (2007):

Andy Anderson, Facilitator Johnson County CC aanders@jccc.edu Stephannie Goerl **Barton CC** goerls@bartonccc.edu Teresa Johnson **Barton CC** johnsont@bartonccc.edu **Troy Nordman Butler CC** tnordman@butlercc.edu **Brenton Phillips** Cloud County CC bphillips@cloud.edu Nancy Zenger-Beneda Cloud County CC zbeneda@cloud.edu Waneta Davis Coffeyville CC wanetad@coffeyville.edu Deb Bickner Colby CC deb.bickner@colbycc.edu **Dana Waters** Dodge City CC dpwaters@dc3.edu Emporia State U Imyers@emporia.edu Laura Meyers **Bradley Will** Fort Hays State U bwill@fhsu.edu Marsha Elyn Wright Garden City CC marsha.wright@gcccks.edu Allison Erickson Highland CC aerickson@highlandcc.edu Trudy Zimmerman **Hutchinson CC** zimmermant@hutchcc.edu Adam Hadley Kansas City Kansas CC ahadley@kckcc.edu **Anne Phillips** Kansas State U annek@ksu.edu Allison Colson Labette CC allisonc@labette.edu Jane Smith Neosho County CC jsmith@neosho.edu **Paul Morris** Pittsburg State U smorris@pittstate.edu Pratt CC monetted@prattcc.edu Monette DePew Melvetta Sevart Labette CC melvettas@labette.edu Sonya Lancaster **U** Kansas sonyal@ku.edu Mary Sheldon Washburn U mary.sheldon@washburn.edu Darren DeFrain Wichita State U darren.defrain@wichita.edu

Discipline: English

General Course Title: Literature

Date Developed (and any modification): September 16, 2005; reapproved Core Outcomes

Statement, September 14, 2007; reapproved October 2, 2009

# **Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:**

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Intro to Literature			Allen County CC
Intro to Literature	LITR 1210		Barton County CC
Intro to Literature	LT 201		Butler CC
Intro to Literature			Cloud County CC
Intro to Literature			Coffeyville CC
Intro to Literature			Colby CC
Intro to Literature			Colby CC
Intro to Literature			Cowley County CC
Intro to Literature			Dodge City CC
Intro to Literature	EG 207		Emporia State U
Intro to Literature	ENGL 126		Fort Hays State U
Intro to Literature			Fort Scott CC
Intro to Literature			Garden City CC
Intro to Literature			Highland CC
Intro to Literature	EN 201		Hutchinson CC
Intro to Literature			Independence CC
Intro to Literature	ENG 130		Johnson County CC
Intro to Literature	ENGL 104		Kansas City Kansas CC
Intro to Literature	ENGL 251		Kansas State U
Intro to Literature	1540		Labette CC
Intro to Literature			Neosho County CC
Intro to Literature			Pittsburg State U
Intro to Literature	LIT 237		Pratt CC
Intro to Literature			Seward County CC
Intro to Literature			U Kansas
Intro to Literature	EN 135		Washburn U
Intro to Literature			Wichita State U

#### **Comments:**

#### **Core Outcomes:**

The Introduction to Literature student will demonstrate a college-level ability to do the following:

- Communicate an awareness of the range and complexity of human experience as expressed through literature.
- Examine the interactions of reader and writer in the creation meaning.
- Articulate the distinctive features of various genres.
- Apply modes of critical inquiry specific to the discipline.
- Write thoughtful literary analysis using appropriate terminology and conventions.

## **Comments:**

## **Participants:**

Andy Anderson, Facilitator	Johnson County CC	aanders@jccc.edu
Stephannie Goerl	Barton County CC	goerls@bartonccc.edu
Teresa Johnson	Barton County CC	johnsont@bartonccc.edu
Troy Nordman	Butler CC	tnordman@butlercc.edu
Brenton Phillips	Cloud County CC	bphillips@cloud.edu
Nancy Zenger-Beneda	Cloud County CC	zbeneda@cloud.edu
Waneta Davis	Coffeyville CC	wanetad@coffeyville.edu
Deb Bickner	Colby CC	allisonc@labette.edu
Dana Waters	Dodge City CC	dpwaters@dc3.edu
Laura Meyers	Emporia State U	lmyers@emporia.edu
Bradley Will	Fort Hays State U	bwill@fhsu.edu
Marsha Elyn Wright	Garden City CC	marsha.wright@gcccks.edu
Allison Erickson	Highland CC	aerickson@highlandcc.edu
Trudy Zimmerman	Hutchinson CC	zimmermant@hutchcc.edu
Adam Hadley	Kansas City Kansas CC	ahadley@kckcc.edu
Anne Phillips	Kansas State U	annek@ksu.edu
Melvetta Sevart	Labette CC	melvettas@labette.edu
Jane Smith	Neosho County CC	jsmith@neosho.edu
Paul Morris	Pittsburg State U	smorris@pittstate.edu
Monette DePew	Pratt CC	monetted@prattcc.edu
Sonya Lancaster	U Kansas	sonyal@ku.edu
Mary Sheldon	Washburn U	mary.sheldon@washburn.edu
Darren DeFrain	Wichita State U	darren.defrain@wichita.edu

**Discipline:** History

General Course Title: World Civilization

**Date Developed (and any modification):** September 16, 2005; modified September 12, 2008 **Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
			Allen County CC
			Barton County CC
History of World Civilization I and II	HS201, HS202	3,3	Butler CC
Western Civilization I and II	SS123, SS124	3,3	Cloud County CC
			Coffeyville CC
World Civilization to 1660/World Civilization since 1660	HI104/HI204	3/3	Colby CC
			Cowley County CC
Western Civilization I and II		3,3	Dodge City CC
			Emporia State U
World Civilization to 1500, Modern World Civilization	HIST 110, HIST111	3,3	Fort Hays State U
History of Civilization I and II	HIST 201,HIST202	3,3	Fort Scott CC
			Garden City CC
			Highland CC
			Hutchinson CC
			Independence CC
			Johnson County CC
World Civilization I and II	HIST 115, HIST 116	3,3	Kansas City Kansas CC
World Civilization to 1500, World Civilization since 1500	changing	3,3	Labette CC
			Neosho County CC
World History to 1500, World History since 1500	HIST 101, HIST 102	3,3	Pittsburg State U
			Pratt CC
			Seward County CC
			U Kansas

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Early World History, Changing World History, and Modern World History	HI 100, HI 101, HI 102	3,3,3	Washburn U
World Civilization to 1500, World Civilization 1500 to Present	HIST 103, HIST100	3,3	Wichita State U

#### Comments:

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Instructors may want to alter the order of the subjects that are listed below. Subjects may be arranged to accommodate both two-semester and three-semester syllabi.

#### <u>Historical Literacy/Historian's Craft</u>

Students should be able to demonstrate historical literacy through the following skills and competencies:

- Recognize history as a series of historiographical discussions.
- Think critically.
- Utilize the basic tools of the craft of history:
  - o Research primary and secondary sources both in print and electronic forms.
  - Use library systems and search processes.
  - o Analyze and synthesize historical materials and ideas.
  - o Analyze and prioritize information.
  - Write and communicate clearly.
- Demonstrate an understanding of chronology and change over time.

## Various Historical Perspectives and the Historian's Craft

Through clear communication, students should demonstrate an understanding and be able to analyze and synthesize some or all of the following historical lenses:

- Arts and literature
- Cultural identity
- Diffusions and encounters
- Economics
- Environment
- Ethnicity and race
- Gender
- Global thinking
- Intellectual culture
- Material culture
- Military developments
- Politics

- Influential individuals and ideas of leadership
- Social constructs
- Scientific/technological developments

## Origins and Characteristics of Prehistory

Relative to tracing and evaluating the origins and characteristics of prehistory, students should be able to do the following:

- Identify stages of human evolution.
- Analyze the characteristics of Paleolithic societies.
- Evaluate the impacts of the Neolithic transformation/revolution.

## Origins and Characteristics of the Earliest Major Civilizations

Students should be able to trace and evaluate the origins and characteristics of the earliest major civilizations, including the following:

- Mesopotamia
- Egypt
- Indus Valley
- China
- Sub-Saharan Africa
- Americas

#### Significant Religious Traditions of the Ancient, Classical, and Medieval Worlds

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant religious traditions of the ancient, classical, and medieval worlds, including the following:

- Primalism/indigenous religions
- Olympian religions
- Judaism
- Buddhism
- Confucianism
- Daoism
- Hinduism
- Zoroastrianism
- Christianity
- Islam

## Significant Political, Social, Economic, and Cultural Developments of the Ancient and Classical World

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of the ancient and classical worlds, including the following:

- China
- Greece
- India
- Persia
- Hellenistic World

- Rome
- Americas

### Significant Political, Social, Economic, and Cultural Developments of the Post-Classical Civilizations

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural transformations, developments, and contributions of the post-classical civilizations, including the following:

- Transformation of the Roman world and development of post-Roman societies.
- Development of Byzantium and Christian Europe.
- Development and spread of Islam.
- Development and contribution of Southeast Asian cultures.
- Development and contribution of the Indian subcontinent.
- Development and contributions of Eurasian trade networks.

## Significant Political, Social, Economic, and Cultural Developments of the Nomadic Societies

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of the Nomadic societies, including the following:

- Characteristics of Eurasian Nomadic societies.
- Impacts of Nomads on the development of civilizations.

# Significant Political, Social, Economic, and Cultural Developments of Sub-Saharan Africa, the Americas, and Oceania

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of the Sub-Saharan Africa, the Americas, and Oceania between 1000 and 1500 C.E., including the following:

- Characteristics of Sub-Saharan Africa, the Americas, and Oceania.
- Impacts of Sub-Saharan Africa, the Americas, and Oceania on world cultures.

## Significant Political, Social, Economic, and Cultural Developments of Medieval European Civilizations

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of medieval European civilizations, including the following:

- Characteristics of medieval European civilizations.
- Cultural interactions between Western Europe and the Islamic world.
- Cultural interactions between Western Europe, Sub-Saharan Africa, and South and East Asia.

## Significant Political, Social, Economic, Religious, and Cultural Developments of Global Integrations

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of global integrations, including the following:

- Shaping of the Mongol Empire and its impact.
- Development of trade networks.
- European voyages of exploration.
- Formation and consequences of European colonization.
- Impacts of global interactions on world societies.

- Transformations of coercive labor systems, including serfdom and slavery.
- Similarities between Atlantic Basin and Indian Basin trade systems.

# Significant Political, Social, Economic, Religious, and Cultural Developments on the Eve of the Modern World

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments on the eve of the modern world, including the following:

- Development and trends in East Asia, 1500-1800.
- Developments and trends in the Islamic empires of the Savafids, Ottomans, and Mughal, India.
- Developments and trends in Sub-Saharan Africa.
- Developments and trends in Western Europe.
  - o Renaissance and Reformation
  - Scientific Revolution
  - Absolutism and Constitutionalism
  - o Enlightenment

# <u>Significant Political, Social, Economic, Religious, and Cultural Developments of the Revolutionary West</u> and the World

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of the revolutionary West and the world, including the following:

- How the West revolutionized itself.
  - o Revolutionary movements from 1776 to 1848.
  - o Ideologies of the revolutionary era, including Liberalism, Conservatism, Democracy, Nationalism, Republicanism, and Socialisms.
  - o Processes and consequences of the Industrial Revolution and Industrial Capitalism.
- Development of Imperialism.

#### Significant Political, Social, Economic, Religious, and Cultural Developments of the Contemporary World

Students should be able to describe and analyze the significant political, social, economic, and cultural developments of the contemporary world, including the following:

- Crises in modern thought.
- Causes and global consequences of World War I.
- Bolshevik Revolution and the rise of Leninism and Stalinism.
- Causes and global consequences of World War II.
- Decline of European power and the shifting balance of global power and influence.
- Causes and global consequences of the Cold War.
- Anti-colonialism in Africa, Asia, Latin America, and the Middle East.
- Contemporary issues in a global context.

#### **Comments:**

Instructors may want to alter the order of the subjects that are listed. Subjects may be arranged to accommodate both two-semester and three-semester syllabi.

## **Participants:**

Tim Myers
Lou Frohardt
Tom Moorhas
Kevin Stueven
Dave Bovee
John Seal
Michael Hembree
John Ryan
John Mack
John Daley

**Thomas Prasch** 

George Dehner

Helen Hundley

Butler CC
Cloud County CC
Colby CC
Dodge City CC
Fort Hays State U
Fort Scott CC
Johnson County CC
Kansas City Kansas CC
Labette CC
Pittsburg State U
Washburn U

Wichita State U

Wichita State U

Ifrohardt@cloud.edu
tom.moorhas@colbycc.edu
kstueven@dc3.edu
dsbovee@fhsu.edu
johns@fortscott.edu
mhembree@jccc.edu
RyanJ@kckcc.edu
johnm@labette.edu
jdaley@pittstate.edu
tom.prasch@washburn.edu
george.dehner@wichita.edu
helen.hundley@wichita.edu

Imyers@butlercc.edu

**Discipline:** Mathematics

**General Course Title**: Beginnning/Elementary Algebra **Date Developed (and any modification):** Unknown

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institutions
Beginning Algebra	MAT 015	3	Allen County CC
Basic Algebra	MATH 1821	3	Barton County CC
Fundamentals of Algebra	MA 060	3	Butler CC
Elementary Algebra	MA 099	3	Cloud County CC
n/a	n/a	n/a	Coffeyville CC
Beginning Algebra	MA 076	3	Colby CC
Elementary Algebra	EBM 4405	3	Cowley County CC
Elementary Algebra	MATH 090	3	Dodge City CC
Beginning Algebra	MA 095	3	Emporia State U
n/a	n/a	n/a	Fort Hays State U
Elementary Algebra	MAT 0953	3	Fort Scott CC
Beginning Algebra	MATH 006	3	Garden City CC
Beginning Algebra	MAT 100	3	Highland CC
Basic Algebra	MA 098	3	Hutchinson CC
n/a	n/a	n/a	Independence CC
Introduction to Algebra	MATH 115		Johnson County CC
Elementary Algebra	MATH 099	3	Kansas City Kansas CC
Beginning Algebra	MA 1717	3	Labette CC
Beginning Algebra	MATH 011	3	Neosho County CC
Elementary Algebra	MATH 017	3	Pittsburg State U
Beginning Algebra	MTH 076	3	Pratt CC
n/a	n/a	n/a	Kansas State U
Beginning Algebra	MA 0043	3	Seward County CC
n/a	n/a	n/a	U Kansas
Basic Algebra	MA 103	3	Washburn U
Beginning Algebra	MATH 011	5	Wichita State U

## **Comments:**

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Students will be expected to use appropriate technology as one tool to achieve the following outcomes:

#### Arithmetic and Algebraic Manipulation

- Evaluate arithmetic expressions, including absolute value, using the order of operations and properties of real numbers.
- Evaluate algebraic expressions.
- Apply the laws of exponents to simplify expressions containing integer exponents.
- Express numbers in scientific notation.
- Perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division on polynomial expressions.
- Factor expressions with common factors, expressions that require grouping, trinomial expressions, and differences of squares.
- Perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division on rational expressions.
- Evaluate radicals, approximating those that are irrational.
- Simplify numeric radicals using the product and quotient rules.

#### **Equations and Inequalities**

- Solve linear equations in one variable.
- Solve proportional equations.
- Solve linear inequalities in one variable, showing solutions on the real number line.
- Solve literal equations that do not require factoring.
- Solve quadratic equations by factoring.
- Develop and solve mathematical models including number, geometry, and percentage applications.

## Graphs on a Coordinate Plane

- Plot points correctly on a coordinate plane.
- Graph linear equations by plotting points.
- Graph linear equations by using intercepts.
- Graph linear equations using the y-intercept and slope.

## **Analysis of Equations and Graphs**

- Identify the x-intercept, y-intercept, and slope of a line, given its graph.
- Identify the x-intercept, y-intercept, and slope of a line, given its equation.
- Determine the equation of a line, given its graph, its slope and y-intercept, or its slope and a point on the line.
- Determine equations of both horizontal and vertical lines.
- Determine whether or not an equation is linear.
- Calculate the slope of a line passing through two given points.

#### **Comments:**

#### **Participants:**

This information is not available.

**Discipline:** Mathematics

General Course Title: College Algebra

Date Developed (and any modification): Unknown; revised September 2004

## Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
College Algebra	MAT 105	3	Allen County CC
College Algebra	MATH 1828	3	Barton County CC
College Algebra	MA 135	3	Butler CC
College Algebra	MA 111	3	Cloud County CC
College Algebra	MATH 105	3	Coffeyville CC
College Algebra	MA 178	3	Colby CC
College Algebra	MTH 4420	3	Cowley County CC
College Algebra	MATH 106	3	Dodge City CC
College Algebra	MA 110	3	Emporia State University
College Algebra	MA 110	3	Fort Hays State University
College Algebra	MAT 1083	3	Fort Scott CC
College Algebra	MATH 108	3	Garden City CC
College Algebra	MAT 104	3	Highland CC
College Algebra	MA 106	3	Hutchinson CC
College Algebra	MAT 1023	3	Independence CC
College Algebra	MATH 171	3	Johnson County CC
College Algebra	MATH 105	3	Kansas City Kansas CC
College Algebra	MATH 100	3	Kansas State University
College Algebra	MA 1717	3	Labette CC
College Algebra	MAT 135	3	Manhattan Area Tech. College
College Algebra	MATH 113	3	Neosho County CC
College Algebra	MTH 178	3	Pratt CC
College Algebra	MATH 113	3	Pittsburg State University
College Algebra	MATH 1173	3	Seward County CC
College Algebra	MATH 101	3	University of Kansas
College Algebra	MA 116	3	Washburn University
College Algebra	MATH 111	3	Wichita State University

#### **Comments:**

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Students will be expected to use appropriate technology as one tool to achieve the following outcomes:

## Analysis and Graphing of Functions and Equations

- Use functional notation.
- Recognize and distinguish between functions and relations (equations).
- Use concepts of symmetry, intercepts, left- and right-hand behavior, asymptotes, and transformations to sketch the graph of various types of functions (constant, linear, quadratic,

absolute value, piecewise-defined, square root, cubic, polynomial, rational, exponential, and logarithmic) or relations (circle) given in description.

- Determine the domain and range of a function.
- Write the equation that describes a function (for types given above) or circle given its description.
- Use graphs of functions for analysis.
- Find arithmetic combinations and composites of functions.
- Find the inverse of a function.

## **Solutions of Equations and Inequalities**

- Solve equations listed in the third bullet above, i.e., literal equations, quadratic equations by factoring and the quadratic formula, equations involving rational expressions, equations involving radicals, and equations involving absolute value expressions, along with equations involving exponential or logarithmic functions.
- Solve inequalities of the following types: linear (in one and two variables), polynomial, rational, absolute value.
- Solve systems of inequalities by graphing.
- Apply equations from the first bullet in this core outcome to real-world situations, including but not limited to depreciation, growth and decay, and max/min problems.
- Examine and analyze data, make predictions/interpretations, and do basic modeling.
- Solve systems of equations by various methods, including matrices.

#### **Comments:**

#### **Participants:**

This information is not available.

**Discipline:** Mathematics

**General Course Title:** Intermediate Algebra

Date Developed (and any modification): Unknown

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institutions
Intermediate Algebra	MAT 020	3	Allen County CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 1824	3	Barton County CC
Intermediate Algebra	MA 125	3	Butler CC
Intermediate Algebra	MA 110	3	Cloud County CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 102	3	Coffeyville CC
Intermediate Algebra	MA 177	3	Colby CC
Intermediate Algebra	MTH 4410	3	Cowley County CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 091	3	Dodge City CC
Intermediate Algebra	MA 098	3	Emporia State U
Intermediate Algebra	MA 010	3	Fort Hays State U
Intermediate Algebra	MAT 1073	3	Fort Scott CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 107	3	Garden City CC
Intermediate Algebra	MAT 103	3	Highland CC
Intermediate Algebra	MA 105	3	Hutchinson CC
Intermediate Algebra	DEV 0334	3	Independence CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 116	3	Johnson County CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 104	3	Kansas City Kansas CC
Intermediate Algebra	MA 1718	3	Labette CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 112	3	Neosho County CC
Intermediate Algebra	MTH 130	3	Pratt CC
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 019	3	Pittsburg State U
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 010	3	Kansas State U
Intermediate Algebra	MA 1103	3	Seward County CC
Intermediate Math	MATH 002	3	U Kansas
Intermediate Algebra	MA 104	3	Washburn U
Intermediate Algebra	MATH 012	3	Wichita State U

#### **Comments:**

#### **Core Outcomes:**

It is assumed that students entering an Intermediate Algebra course will have competencies from prerequisite courses. Students will be expected to use appropriate technology as one tool to achieve the following outcomes:

#### Arithmetic and Algebraic Manipulation

- Factor quadratic expressions, expressions of quadratic form, special forms, and factor by grouping.
- Perform addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division on rational expressions.
- Simplify complex fractions.
- Apply the laws of exponents to simplify expressions containing rational exponents.
- Apply the laws of radicals to perform addition, subtraction, and multiplication on expressions involving radicals. Rationalize denominators containing radicals.
- Simplify radicals containing negative radicands. Perform arithmetic operations on complex numbers.
- Evaluate functions using function notation.

#### **Equations and Inequalities**

- Solve linear inequalities in one variable showing solutions both on the real number line and in interval notation.
- Solve literal equations, including those that require factoring.
- Solve systems of linear equations in two variables.
- Solve equations by factoring and quadratic formula.
- Solve equations containing rational expressions.
- Solve equations involving radicals.
- Solve linear absolute value equations and inequalities in one variable.
- Develop and solve mathematical models including variation, mixture, motion, work, and geometrical applications.

#### Graphs on a Coordinate Plane

- Graph linear inequalities.
- Graph quadratic functions.

#### Analysis of Equations and Graphs

- Determine an equation of a line given either sufficient information (two points) or a particular condition (perpendicular to a given line, parallel to a given line through a specific point, through a specific point with a given slope, etc.).
- Calculate the distance between two points.
- Distinguish between functions and relations using the Vertical Line Test.
- Identify the domain and range of a function given its graph.

## **Participants:**

This information is not available.

**General Course Title:** (Plane) Trigonometry

Date Developed (and any modification): modified September 2008

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply: Courses titles from each participating College/University for which the core competencies apply:

Course title	Course Number	Credits	Institutions
Plane Trigonometry	MAT 106	3	Allen
Trigonometry	MATH 1830	3	Barton
Trigonometry	MA 140	3	Butler
Trigonometry	MA 112	3	Cloud
Trigonometry	MATH 106	3	Coffeyville
Plane Trigonometry	MA 185	3	Colby
Trigonometry	MTH 4425	3	Cowley
Trigonometry	MATH 110	3	Dodge City
Trigonometry	MA 112	2	Emporia
Plane Trigonometry	MA 122	3	Fort Hays State
Trigonometry	MAT 1093	3	Fort Scott
Plane Trigonometry	MATH 109	3	Garden City
Plane Trigonometry	MAT 105	3	Highland
Trigonometry	MATH 172	3	Johnson County
Plane Trigonometry	MA 107	3	Hutchinson
Plane Trigonometry	MAT 1093	3	Independence
Trigonometry	MATH 112	2	Kansas City Kansas
Trigonometry	MA 1730	3	Labette
Plane Trigonometry	MATH 122	3	Neosho
Trigonometry	MTH 183	3	Pratt
Trigonometry	MATH 122	3	PSU
Plane Trigonometry	MATH 150	3	KSU
Trigonometry	MA 1183	3	Seward
Trigonometry	MATH 103	2	University of Kansas
Trigonometry	MA 117	3	Washburn
Trigonometry	MATH 123	3	Wichita State University

#### **Comments:**

## **Core Competencies:**

It is assumed that students entering a Trigonometry course will have competencies from previous courses. Students will be expected to use appropriate technology as one tool to achieve competency in this course. The student will:

- 1. Understand the basic definitions of trigonometric functions using both a right triangle and the unit circle.
- 2. Solve right triangles, and know trigonometric function values for special angles.
- 3. Understand radian definition and measurement, and understand circular functions as real-valued functions.

- 4. Analyze the graphs of the six basic trigonometric functions and their arithmetic combinations using the concepts of period, phase shift, amplitude, and displacement.
- 5. Derive/verify trigonometric identities, including but not limited to double angle, half angle, angle sum and angle difference identities.
- 6. Define, graph, and analyze inverse trigonometric functions.
- 7. Solve equations involving trigonometric functions.
- 8. Find solutions of oblique triangles using the Law of Cosines or Law of Sines.
- 9. Solve applications, including but not limited to vectors.

**Discipline:** Mathematics

General Course Title: Calculus I

**Date Developed (and any modification):** September 14, 2007; modified September 12, 2008 **Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Calculus with Analytic Geometry I	MAT 123	5	Allen County CC
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MATH 1832	5	Barton County CC
Calculus with Analytic Geometry I	MA 151	5	Butler CC
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MA 120	5	Cloud County CC
Calculus with Analytic Geometry I	MATH 115	5	Coffeyville CC
Calculus I	MA 220	5	Colby CC
Calculus I	MTH 4435	5	Cowley County CC
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MATH 120	5	Dodge City CC
Calculus I	MA 161	5	Emporia State U
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MA 234	5	Fort Hays State U
Calculus with Analytic Geometry I	MAT 1015	5	Fort Scott CC
Calculus and Analytic Geometry I	MATH 122	5	Garden City CC
Calculus I	MAT 106	5	Highland CC
Analytical Geometry and Calculus I	MA 111	5	Hutchinson CC
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MAT 1055	5	Independence CC
Calculus I	MATH 241	5	Johnson County CC
Calculus and Analytic Geometry I	MATH 122	5	Kansas City Kansas CC
Calculus I	MA 1751	5	Labette CC
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MATH 150		Neosho County CC
Calculus I	MATH 150	5	Pittsburg State U
Analytical Geometry and Calculus I	MTH 191	5	Pratt CC
Analytical Geometry and Calculus I	MATH 220	5	Kansas State U
Analytic Geometry and Calculus I	MA 2605	5	Seward County CC
Calculus I	MATH 121	5	U Kansas
Calculus and Analytic Geometry I	MA 151	5	Washburn U
Calculus I	MATH 242	5	Wichita State U

#### **Comments:**

#### **Core Outcomes:**

(Content Outline and Competencies for Engineering Calculus I)

#### **Using Limits**

- Evaluation of Limits
  - o Evaluate the limit of a function at a point both algebraically and graphically.
  - o Evaluate the limit of a function at infinity both algebraically and graphically.
  - o Use the definition of a limit to verify a value for the limit of a function.
- Use of Limits
  - Use the limit to determine the continuity of a function.
  - o Apply the Intermediate-Value Theorem.
  - o Use the limit to determine differentiability of a function.
- Limiting Process
  - Use the limiting process to find the derivative of a function.

## **Finding Derivatives**

- Find derivatives involving powers, exponents, and sums.
- Find derivatives involving products and quotients.
- Find derivatives involving the chain rule.
- Find derivatives involving exponential, logarithmic, and trigonometric functions.
- Find derivatives involving hyperbolic and inverse trigonometric functions.\*
- Find derivatives involving implicit differentiation.
- Use the derivative to find velocity, acceleration, and other rates of change.
- Use the derivative to find the equation of a line tangent to a curve at a given point.

#### **Using Derivatives**

- Curve Sketching
  - o Use the first derivative to find critical points.
  - o Apply the Mean-Value Theorem for derivatives.
  - o Determine the behavior of a function using the first derivative.
  - Use the second derivative to find inflection points.
  - o Determine the concavity of a function using the second derivative.
  - Sketch the graph of the function using information gathered from the first and second derivatives.
  - Interpret graphs of functions.
- Applications of Derivatives
  - Use optimization techniques in areas such as economics, the life sciences, the physical sciences, and geometry.
  - Solve related rates problems.
  - o Use Newton's Method.
  - Use differentials to estimate change.
  - Find limits using L'Hopital's Rule.\*

## **Finding Integrals**

- Find area using Riemann sums and integrals.
- Express the limit of a Riemann sum as a definite integral.
- Evaluate the definite integral using geometry.
- Integrate algebraic, exponential,\* and trigonometric functions.
- Evaluate definite integrals using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.
- Apply the Mean-Value Theorem for integrals.
- Integrate indefinite integrals.
- Integrate using substitution.
- Integrate using numerical techniques.
- Integrate using integration by parts and trigonometric substitutions\*
- Evaluate improper integrals\*

#### Using the Integral

- Solve a differential equation by separation of variables.\*
- Solve initial value problems.\*
- Solve applications of exponential increase and decrease.\*
- Compute areas and volumes using shell and disk methods; compute arc lengths and the average value of a function.\*
- Applications to physics, engineering, and geometry (solid figures).\*

#### **Comments:**

(The following statement was composed by Dr. Jack Porter of the University of Kansas and Prof. Jeff Frost of Johnson County Community College. Although the group agreed that such a statement should be inserted into the standards, the text of the statement was not voted on by the group.)

Kansas Public College and University mathematics professors believe that a strong foundation in the concepts of calculus will lead to success in careers that have a strong emphasis in critical thinking, such as engineering, computer science, or biotechnology. However, this will not happen if calculus is taught at primarily a skills and formula level without sufficient time to engage students in the deeper, conceptual tenets of calculus. All calculus teachers have an obligation to the mathematics community to ensure that students completing a first-semester, mainstream calculus course understand the material in a rigorous fashion at the level required to pass the AP Calculus examinations AB and BC.

In addition to the core outcomes for Calculus I agreed upon at the Wichita meetings (September 2008), a few schools believe that a first course in calculus with a longer list of competencies will better prepare students who are working toward degrees in math-related fields. Specifically, the University of Kansas and Johnson County Community College have course outlines that cover additional topics beyond the core competencies. Because of these additional topics, students attempting to transfer into one of these colleges may find the need to take additional calculus courses.

<sup>\*</sup>Some Regents Universities require these topics for admission to Calculus II.

## **Participants:**

Sarah Jackson

**Kevin Charlwood** 

Stephen W. Brady

**Katherine Earles** 

Laurie Mulford

Luke Dowell

Walt Regehr Allen County CC regehr@allencc.edu harringtonj@bartonccc.edu Joe Harrington **Barton County CC Brian Howe Barton County CC** howeb@bartonccc.edu Russellk@bartonccc.edu Kent Russell **Barton County CC** kstarke@butlercc.edu Kathy Starke **Butler CC** gkambhampati@clous.edu Gayathri Kambhampati Cloud County CC Timothy L. Warkentin Cloud County CC tlwarkentin@hotmail.com Mark Whisler Cloud County CC mwhisler@cloud.edu **Uwe Conrad** Cowley County CC conrad@cowley.edu Cowley County CC nichols@cowley.edu **Greg Nichols** kent@dc3.edu Kent Craghead Dodge City CC Larry Scott Emporia State U lscott@emporia.edu Joe Yanik hyanik@emporia.edu Emporia State U **Ron Sandstrom** Fort Hays State U rsandstr@fhsu.edu Kathy Malone Fort Scott CC kathym@fortscott.edu deannev@fortscott.edu DeeAnn VanLuyck Fort Scott CC judy.stubblefield@gcccks.edu Judy Stubblefield Garden City CC Carol L Tracy Highland CC cltracy@highlandcc.edu David Bosworth **Hutchinson CC** bosworthd@hutchcc.edu rankins@hutchcc.edu Sherri Rankin **Hutchinson CC** Pam Turner **Hutchinson CC** turnerp@hutchcc.edu Garry Block Johnson County CC gblock2@jccc.edu bedmonds@jccc.edu **Brenda Edmonds** Johnson County CC Jeff Frost Johnson County CC Mike Martin Johnson County CC mmartin@iccc.edu Steven J Wilson Johnson County CC swilson@iccc.edu Margaret Hathaway Kansas City Kansas CC margeret@kckcc.edu wmartin@kckcc.edu Wayne Martin Kansas City Kansas CC John Soptick Kansas City Kansas CC jsoptick@kckcc.edu John Maginnis Kansas State U maginnis@math.ksu.edu Tom Roberts Kansas State U tcr@ksu.edu davidb@labette.edu David Beach Labette CC Carlie Shannon Manhattan Area TC carlieshannon@matc.net **Nathan Stanley** Neosho County CC nstanley@neosho.edu tflood@pittstate.edu Tim Flood Pittsburg State U

Pratt CC

Washburn U

Wichita Area TC

Wichita State U

Wichita State U

Seward County CC

Core Outcomes 2011 Page 65

Sarahj@prattcc.edu

Imulford@watc.edu

brady@math.wichita.edu

earles@math.wichita.edu

luke.dowell@sccc.edu

kevin.charlwood@washburn.edu

**Discipline:** Mathematics

**General Course Title:** Elementary Statistics

Date Developed (and any modification): September 2005

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Elementary Statistics	MAT 115	3	Allen County CC
Elements of Statistics	MATH 1829	3	Barton County CC
Statistics for Management, Life, and Social Sciences	MA 220	5	Butler CC
Elementary Statistics	MA 114	3	Cloud County CC
Elementary Statistics	MATH 250	3	Coffeyville CC
Elements of Statistics	MA 205	3	Colby CC
Elementary Statistics	MTH 4423	3	Cowley County CC
Elementary Statistics	MATH 230	3	Dodge City CC
Elementary Statistics	MA 120	3	Emporia State U
Elements of Statistics	MA 250	3	Fort Hays State U
Elementary Statistics	MAT 2253	3	Fort Scott CC
Fundamentals of Statistics	MATH 110	3	Garden City CC
Basic Statistics	MAT 203	3	Highland CC
Elements of Statistics	MA 108	3	Hutchinson CC
Statistics	MAT 1103	3	Independence CC
Statistics	MATH 181	3	Johnson County CC
Statistics	MATH 115	3	Kansas City Kansas CC
Elementary Statistics	MA 1720	3	Labette CC
Elementary Statistics	MATH 143	3	Neosho County CC
Elementary Statistics	MATH 143	3	Pittsburg State U
Statistics	MTH 181	3	Pratt CC
n/a	n/a	n/a	Kansas State U
Elementary Statistics	MA 2103	3	Seward County CC
Statistics	MATH 365	3	U Kansas
Statistics	MA 140	3	Washburn U
n/a	n/a	n/a	Wichita State U

#### **Comments:**

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Students will be expected to use appropriate technology as one tool to achieve the following outcomes:

## Basic Descriptive Statistics: Organizing and Describing Data

- For a given set of data, draw a dotplot, histogram, stem-and-leaf diagram, and a boxplot.
- Describe the general shape of data, skewed left, skewed right, normal, or other symmetric.
- Calculate the measures of central tendency including mean, median, and mode.
- Calculate the measures of dispersion including range, standard deviation, and interquartile range; explain the meaning of dispersion as it relates to a problem.
- Use a statistical package on a graphics calculator or a computer to enter data and analyze results.

## <u>Introduction to Probability: Finding the Theoretical Probability of an Event</u>

- Use probability notation including the "or" condition and the "and" condition.
- Determine whether or not two events are mutually exclusive.
- Determine whether or not two events are independent.
- Calculate conditional probabilities; explain the meaning of conditional probabilities; use conditional notation.

#### Random Variables: Determining Probabilities of a Random Variable

- Determine the expected value and the standard deviation of a discrete random variable.
- Determine probabilities for a discrete random variable.

#### Special Probability Functions: Using Functions to Solve Probabilities of Events

- Use the binomial formula to solve probability problems with two outcomes and independent events
- Use the normal distribution to solve percent problems for normally distributed populations.
- Use the normal distribution to solve probability problems for normally distributed random variables.

## Random Sampling and Sampling Theory: Generating Distributions for Sample Means

- Calculate the mean for a distribution of sample means.
- Calculate the standard deviation for a distribution of sample means.
- Perform a normal probability plot; describe the shape of the population distribution based on the plot.
- Analyze the Central Limit Theorem.

#### Estimating the Mean: Using Statistics to Determine Averages of a Population

- Construct confidence interval for a population mean with known population standard deviation; explain the meaning in terms of the problem.
- Construct a confidence interval for a population mean with unknown population standard deviation; explain the meaning in terms of the problem.
- Construct a confidence interval for a population proportion; explain the meaning in terms of the problem.

#### Hypothesis Tests: Finding Significance

- Perform a hypothesis test for a sample mean with known population standard deviation.
- Perform a hypothesis test for a sample mean with unknown population standard deviation.
- Perform a hypothesis test for a sample proportion.
- Perform a hypothesis test with more than two categories for procedures using the chi-square distribution (optional).
- Explain Type I and Type II errors with respect to a problem (optional).
- Calculate the P-value of a hypothesis test; explain the meaning in terms of the problem.

## <u>Linear Regression: Making Predictions with Linear Data</u>

- Calculate a linear regression equation; explain the meaning in terms of the problem.
- Use a linear regression equation to make predictions about data.
- Calculate the coefficient of determination for a linear regression equation; use the coefficient of determination to explain the strength of the regression equation.

_						
Co	m	m	_	n	tc	•
LU			_		L3	

#### **Participants:**

This information is not available.

**Discipline:** Philosophy

**General Course Title:** Introduction to Ethics **Date:** September 2009; updated October 2011

## Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credits	Institution
Ethics	Hum 105	3	Allen
Systematic Ethics	Phil 1604	3	Barton
Ethics	PL 291	3	Butler
			Cloud
Introduction to Ethics	Hum 189	3	Coffeyville
Introduction to Ethics	PI 276	3	Colby
Ethics	Pho 6460		Cowley
Introduction to Ethics	Phil 202	3	Dodge City
Ethics	PI 301	3	Emporia
Introduction to Ethics	PHIL 340	3	Fort Hays State
Elementary Ethics	Phil 102	3	Garden City
Introduction to Ethics	Phil 012	3	Highland
Ethics	Phil 143	3	Johnson County
Ethics	PL 104	3	Hutchinson
			Independence
Ethics	Phil 206	3	Kansas City Kansas
Introduction to Moral Reasoning	Phil0 130	3	Kansas State University
Ethics	Phil 106	3	Labette
			Neosho
Introduction to Ethics	Phil 276	3	Pratt
Ethics	Phil 105	3	PSU
Introduction to Ethics	PH 2103	3	Seward
Introduction to Ethics	Phil 160	3	University of Kansas
Ethics: Introduction to Moral	PH 102	3	Washburn
Problems			
Moral Issues	Phil 144	3	Wichita State University

#### **Comments:**

**Core Competencies for Ethics** 

By its nature, Philosophy encourages diverse approaches to teaching, and so it is to be expected that different programs and different instructors can approach an Ethics course in very different ways. Consequently, a broad consensus on details of content is not to be expected. However, students will become familiar with the basic concepts and methods of moral philosophy, their application to specific moral problems, and aspects of the rich history of moral philosophy as chosen by their particular instructors. Students will:

- 1. Demonstrate an understanding of the significance of moral philosophy in a broader context.
  - A. Students will show familiarity with the philosophical development of various normative ethical theories
  - B. Students will recognize key characteristics of philosophical inquiry such as its emphasis on careful reasoning and analysis and how it differs from other kinds of inquiry
  - C. Students will be able to apply moral theories to ethical problems.
- 2. Demonstrate familiarity with and understanding of basic ethical theories, terminology and concepts.
  - A. Students will demonstrate an understanding of major normative ethical theories, schools of thought, or problems within ethics as chosen by the instructor. Examples might include deontology, utilitarianism, virtue ethics, moral objectivity, etc.
  - B. Students will be able to explain key ethical terms as they as they are understood within ethical theories (examples might include good, rights, duty, happiness, etc.) or as applied to ethical problems such as the permissibility of abortion, capital punishment, our duties to animals, etc.
- 3. Demonstrate an ability to identify and develop philosophical analyses and arguments based on philosophical reasoning.
  - A. Students will be able to provide cogent reasons in support of competing philosophical claims
- 2. Demonstrate an ability to evaluate philosophical arguments and texts focusing on moral theories and problems, and state alternative points of view.
  - A. Students will be able to evaluate competing theories and arguments, providing their own positions supported by cogent arguments.

**Discipline:** Philosophy

General Course Title: Introduction to Philosophy

**Date Developed (and any modification):** September 14, 2007; updated September 2009 **Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credits	Institution
			Allen
Introduction to Philosophy	Phil 1602	3	Barton
Philosophy 1	PL 290	3	Butler
Introduction to	PH 100	3	Cloud
Philosophy			
			Coffeyville
Introduction to Philosophy	PI 101		Colby
			Cowley
			Dodge City
Introduction to Philosophy	PI 225	3	Emporia
Introduction to Philosophy	PHIL 120	3	Fort Hays State
Philosophy of Life	PHI 1113	3	Fort Scott
Introduction to Philosophy	Phil 101	3	Garden City
			Highland
Introduction to Philosophy	Phil 121	3	Johnson County
Introduction to Philosophy	Phil 101	3	Hutchinson
			Independence
			Kansas City Kansas
Introduction to Philosophical Problems	Phil 100	3	Kansas State University
Philosophy I	Phil 101	3	Labette
			Neosho
			Pratt
Introduction to Philosophy	Phil 103	3	PSU
			Seward
			University of Kansas
			Washburn
The Meaning of Philosophy	Phil 100	3	Wichita State University
the ivieaning of Philosophy	Mill 100	3	wichita State University

By its nature, Philosophy encourages diverse approaches to teaching, and so it is to be expected that different programs and different instructors can approach an Introduction of Philosophy course in very different ways. Consequently, a broad consensus on details of content is not to be expected. However, students in an Introduction to Philosophy course will become familiar with the basic concepts and methods of philosophy and those aspects of its rich history chosen as a focus by their particular instructors. Students will:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the significance of philosophy in a broader cultural and historical context.
  - A. Students will show familiarity with the development of various philosophical tradition during some of their major periods
  - B. Students will recognize key characteristics of philosophical inquiry such as its emphasis on careful reasoning and analysis and how it differs from other kinds of inquiry
- 2. Demonstrate familiarity with and understanding of basic philosophical theories, terminology and concepts.
  - A. Students will show familiarity with the major division of Philosophy as determined by the individual instructor. Examples might include Epistemology, Metaphysics and Ethics.
  - B. Students will be able to explain key philosophical terms as within historical periods (examples might include the Ancient Greeks, Romans, or Modern Philosophy), schools of thought (examples might include rationalism, empiricism an existentialism), or within problems in philosophy (examples might include the existence of God, the free will/determinism question, etc.)
  - C. Students will demonstrate understanding of major philosophical theories within historical periods, schools of thought or problems within philosophy as chosen by the instructor.
- 3. Demonstrate an ability to identify and develop philosophical analyses and arguments based on philosophical reasoning.
  - A. Students will show an understanding of the difference between valid and fallacious arguments and will be able to recognize examples of each.
  - B. Students will be able to provide good reasons in support of contentious philosophical claims
- 4. Demonstrate an ability to evaluate philosophical analyses, arguments, and texts and appreciate alternative points of view.
  - A. Students will show familiarity with some classic philosophical arguments within historical periods (examples might include Plato and Aristotle on the Theory of Forms), within schools of thought (examples might include Descartes and Hume on innate ideas), or within problems in philosophy (examples might include those for and against the reality of free will, the existence of God, the possibility of certainty, etc.)
  - B. Students will be familiar with a variety of philosophical positions on contentious issues such as the nature of the mind, the sources of knowledge, and the nature of the good.
  - C. Students will be able evaluate competing theories and arguments, providing their own positions supported by valid arguments.

**Discipline:** Psychology

**General Course Title**: General Psychology

Date Developed (and any modification): October 1, 2007

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Institution
General Psychology	PSY 101	Allen County CC
General Psychology	PSYC 1000	Barton County CC
General Psychology	BS 160	Butler CC
General Psychology	SS101	Cloud County CC
General Psychology	42.101	Coffeyville CC
General Psychology	PS 176	Colby CC
General Psychology	PSY 6711	Cowley County CC
General Psychology	PSY 101	Dodge City CC
Introductory Psychology	PY 100	Emporia State U
General Psychology	PSY 100	Fort Hays State U
General Psychology	PSY 1013	Fort Scott CC
General Psychology	PSYC 101	Garden City CC
General Psychology	PSY 101	Highland CCC
General Psychology	PS 100	Hutchinson CC
General Psychology	BEH 1003	Independence CC
Introduction to Psychology	PSYC 130	Johnson County CC
Psychology	PSYC 101	Kansas City Kansas CC
General Psychology	PSYCH 110	Kansas State U
General Psychology	PY 101	Labette CC
General Psychology	PSYC 155	Neosho County CC
General Psychology	PSYCH 155	Pittsburg State U
General Psychology	PSY 176	Pratt CC
General Psychology	BH 1303	Seward County CC
General Psychology	PSYCH 104	U Kansas
Basic Concepts in Psychology	PY 100	Washburn U
General Psychology	PSYCH 111	Wichita State U

# **Core Outcomes:**

Students who successfully complete the General Psychology course should be able to do the following:

- Assess principles and principal proponents of psychological theories using accepted research methods of scientific inquiry.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the biological basis of behavior including physiology of the brain
- Explain learning theories and cognitive processes.
- Describe theories and applications of motivation and emotion.
- Demonstrate an understanding of human life span development, and discriminate among its major domains.
- Identify and describe the major theories of personality, detailing the major disorders, their treatments, and/or therapy.
- Specify how the individual, a group, and the environment influence social interaction.

Con	nm	en	ts:
-----	----	----	-----

# Participants:

**Discipline:** Psychology

**General Course Title**: Early Childhood Growth and Development

Date Developed (and any modification): October 1, 2007

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Early Childhood Growth and Development	CCG 101		Allen County CC
n/a	n/a		Barton County CC
n/a	n/a		Butler CC
Early Childhood Development	HE 150		Cloud County CC
Early Childhood Development	20.117		Coffeyville CC
Child Development	PS 280		Colby CC
Early Childhood Development	CHC 5713		Cowley County CC
Child Growth and Development (to age 4)	ECE 105		Dodge City CC
n/a	n/a		Emporia State U
Child and Development Psychology	PSY 400		Fort Hays State U
n/a	n/a		Fort Scott CC
Child Development I/II	ECHD 101/102		Garden City CC
Fundamentals of Early Childhood	ECH 100		Highland CCC
			Hutchinson CC
Child Development	CHD 1003		Independence CC
Child Development	PSYC 215		Johnson County CC
Child Development	PSYC 202		Kansas City Kansas CC
Childhood and Adolescence	PSYCH 280		Kansas State U
Child Development	HE 5275		Labette CC
Child Development	PSYC 219		Neosho County CC
Psychology Elective	PSYCH xxx		Pittsburg State U
			Pratt CC
			Seward County CC
Introduction to Child Behavior and Development	ABSC 160		U Kansas
Psych of Infancy or Childhood	PY 210		Washburn U
Child Psychology	Psych 414		Wichita State U

# **Core Outcomes:**

Students who successfully complete the Early Childhood Growth and Development Psychology course should be able to do the following:

- Explain foundational concepts and terminology appropriate to development of a child.
- Differentiate developmental theories and research methods.
- Describe the social and emotional development of a child.
- Summarize cognitive and neurological development of a child.
- Examine the physical development of a child.
- Identify special areas of development and their potential impact on early childhood growth and development.

Co	m	m	er	١t	s:
----	---	---	----	----	----

# **Participants:**

**Discipline:** Psychology

**General Course Title**: Psychology: Human Life Span and Development

Date Developed (and any modification): October 1, 2007

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Developmental Psychology	PSY 263		Allen County CC
Developmental Psychology	PSYC 1014		Barton County CC
Human Growth and Development	BS 260		Butler CC
Human Growth and Development	SS105		Cloud County CC
Developmental Psychology	42.102		Coffeyville CC
Developmental Psychology	PS 276		Colby CC
Developmental Psychology	PSY 6712		Cowley County CC
Human Growth and Development/ Psychology of Development	PSY 102		Dodge City CC
Development Psychology	PY210/PY211		Emporia State U
n/a			Fort Hays State U
Developmental Psychology	PSY 1023		Fort Scott CC
Human Growth and Development	EDUC 110		Garden City CC
Human Growth and Development	PSY 205		Highland CCC
Human Growth and Development	PS 102		Hutchinson CC
Developmental Psychology	BEH 2003		Independence CC
Human Development	PSYC 218		Johnson County CC
Human Development	PSYCH 203		Kansas City Kansas CC
			Kansas State U
Developmental Psychology	PY 201		Labette CC
Developmental Psychology	PSYC 263		Neosho County CC
Developmental Psychology	PSYCH 263		Pittsburg State U
Human Growth and Dev	PSY 132		Pratt CC
Human Growth and Development/ Psychological Development	BH 2303		Seward County CC
n/a			U Kansas
Through the Life Span	PY 209		Washburn U
Developmental Psychology	PSYCH 334		Wichita State U

# **Core Outcomes:**

Students who successfully complete the Human Life Span and Development Psychology course should be able to do the following:

- Explain foundational concepts and terminology appropriate to developmental life span.
- Differentiate developmental theories and research methods.
- Describe the social and emotional development throughout the life span.
- Summarize cognitive and neurological development throughout the life span.
- Examine the physical development throughout the life span.
- Analyze the processes of death and dying.

~					
	nn	าท	וםו	nts:	

**Participants:** 

**Discipline:** Sociology

**General Course Title:** Introduction to Sociology

**Date Developed (and any modification):** September 2004

# Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course number	Credits	Current text (if applicable)	Institution
Sociology	SOC 102		Kornblum, W., Sociology in a Changing World	Allen County CC
Introduction to Sociology	SOCI 1100		Stockard, Jean. Sociology, Discovering Society Second Edition. Belmont, CA: Thompson/Wadsworth Learning, 2000.	Barton County CC
Sociology	BS 105		Henslin, James M. (2003), Sociology: A Down-to-Earth Approach (6 <sup>th</sup> ed.)	Butler CC
Introduction to Sociology	SS 130			Cloud County CC
Introduction to Sociology	45.101.		Essentials of Sociology, 4 <sup>th</sup> Ed.	Coffeyville CC
Introduction to Sociology	SO176		Sociology in Our Times, 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed.	Colby CC
Principles of Sociology	SOC 6611			Cowley County CC
Principles of Sociology I	SOC 101			Dodge City CC
<u> </u>				Emporia State U
Introduction to Sociology	SOC 140			Fort Hays State U
Sociology	SOC1013		Sociology the Core 6 <sup>th</sup> ed	Fort Scott CC
Introduction to Sociology	SOC 102			Garden City CC
General Sociology	SOC 101		Sociology, John Macionis, 9 <sup>th</sup> Ed.	Highland CC
Fundamentals of Sociology	SO 100			Hutchinson CC
Elements of Sociology	SOC 1003		Society: The Basics 6 <sup>th</sup> ed.	Independence CC
Introduction to Sociology	SOC 122		Individual Adoptions	Johnson County CC
Sociology	SOSC 107		Regular Classes:	Kansas City Kansas

Course Title	Course number	Credits	Current text (if applicable)	Institution
			Sociology by Macionis (brief edition), 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed. (also used for online classes); PACE: Sociology in a Changing world by Kornblum, 6 <sup>th</sup> Ed. And telecourse study guide by Currier, 3 <sup>rd</sup> ed.	CC
Introduction to Sociology	SOCIO 211		Individual Adoptions	KSU
Sociology	SO 2280			Labette CC
Introduction to Sociology	SOSC 100		Sociology by Schaffer	Neosho County CC
Introduction to Sociology	SOSCI 100		Intersections/Readings in Sociology, Wilson; Sociology: Relationships That Make a World, 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed., Donovan; Sociological Outlook, 7 <sup>th</sup> ed., Luhman; Practical Skeptic: Core Concepts in Sociology, 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed., McIntyre: Practical Skeptic: Readings in Sociology, 2 <sup>nd</sup> ed., McIntyre	Pittsburg State U
Introduction to Sociology	SOC 176		In Conflict and Order- 9 <sup>th</sup> ed. by Eitzen	Pratt CC
Principles of Sociology	BH 1403			Seward County CC
Elements of Sociology	SOC 104			U Kansas
Introduction to Sociology	SO 100			Washburn U
Introduction to Sociology	SOC 111		Sociology in Our Times: Essentials	Wichita State U

This statement outlines the core competencies for the Introduction to Sociology course in Kansas higher education. This document intentionally defines only "outcomes," or types of results, and not "standards," or precise levels of achievement. The setting of standards is left to specific institutions or specific groups of institutions.

# **Core Outcomes: (list core outcomes in total including the updates)**

Upon successful completion of the following units, the students will be able to:

- I. Foundations of Sociology
  - A. Trace the history and philosophy of sociology.
  - B. Apply the sociological imagination.
  - C. Compare and contrast the major sociological perspectives.
  - D. Identify and describe sociological research methods and related ethical issues.

# II. Foundations of Society

- A. Define and explain the major components of culture.
- B. Compare and contrast the major types of societies.
- C. Describe the process of socialization.
- D. Analyze the components of social structures.
- E. Demonstrate a basic knowledge of social interaction.
- F. Compare and contrast the major theories of deviance and types of social control.

# III. Social Inequality

- A. Compare and contrast the major theoretical explanations of social inequality.
- B. Identify the local, national, and global dimensions of social stratification.
- C. Explain and assess the inequalities associated with class, gender, sexual orientation, age, race, and ethnicity.

# IV. Social Institutions

- A. Explain the fundamental significance of social institutions, such as economic, political, educational, religious, family, etc.
- B. Describe the significant features of and illustrate the interrelationships among the major social institutions.

# V. Social Change

- A. Explain the dynamics of social change, such as population, environment, industrialization, urbanization, technology, etc.
- B. Analyze the dimensions of collective behavior, social movements and social change in local, national and global contexts.

**Discipline:** Sociology

**General Course Title:** Social Problems

**Date Developed (and any modification):** September 2006

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course number	Credits	Current text (if applicable)	Institution
Contemporary Social Problems	SOC 205		Sullivan, T.J., Introduction to Social Problems	Allen County CC
Contemporary Social Problems	SOCI 1104		Sullivan, Thomas J. Introduction to Social Problems. Allyn & Bacon, 2000	Barton County CC
NA				Butler CC
NA				Cloud County CC
American Social Problems	45.201.			Coffeyville CC
Social Problems	SO 125		No text used	Colby CC
Social Problems	SOC 6816			Cowley County CC
Social Problems	SOC 201			Dodge City CC
				Emporia State U
Modern Social Problems	SOC 384			Fort Hays State U
Social Problems	SOC 1023		Social Problems	Fort Scott CC
Social Problems	SOCI 204			Garden City CC
Social Problems	SOC 210		Not Selected	Highland CC
Social Problems	SO 201			Hutchinson CC
Social Problems	SOC 2023		Social Problems - Eitzen	Independence CC
Social Problems	SOC 125		Individual Adoptions	Johnson County CC
Social Problems	SOSC 209		Regular classes: Social Problems by Macionis, 2002 Ed. (also used for online classes); PACE: Race, Class and Gender by Andersen, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ed. And Dealing with Diversity Telecourse Study Guide by Govern. State, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ed.	Kansas City Kansas CC
Social Problems	SOCIO 360		Individual Adoptions	KSU
Social Problems	SO2283			Labette CC
Social Problems	SOSC 220		Understanding Social Problems	Neosho County CC
Social Problems	SOSCI 220		Social Problems of Modern Word, Moulder	Pittsburg State U

Course Title	Course number	Credits	Current text (if applicable)	Institution
Social Problems	SOC 233		Social Problems and Quality of Life 7 <sup>th</sup> ed. By Laver	Pratt CC
				Seward County CC
Social Problems & American Values	SOC 160			U Kansas
American Social Problems	SO 101			Washburn U
Contemporary Social Problems	SOC 320		Social Problems/Text	Wichita State U

# **Core Outcomes: (list core outcomes in total including the updates)**

This statement outlines the core competencies for social problems courses in Kansas higher education. This document intentionally defines only "outcomes" or types of results, and not "standards," or precise levels of achievement. The setting of standards is left to specific institutions or specific groups of institutions.

- I. Foundations of Social Problems
  - b. Distinguish social problems from personal problems
  - c. Compare and contrast the major theoretical perspectives in relation to social problems
  - d. Identify and describe research methods and ethical issues
- II. Social Problems: Political and Economic
  - a. Evaluate major economic systems in historical and cross-cultural perspectives
  - b. Analyze and construct models of power and authority
  - c. Describe the relationship between political and economic systems
- III. Social Structure and Social Inequality: Distribution of Wealth, Income and Power
  - a. Describe the impact of social stratification system and social class
  - b. Explain prejudice and discrimination related to:
    - 1. race and ethnicity
    - 2. gender, sex, and sexual orientation
    - age
  - c. Describe how education impacts social inequality
- IV. Relationships Among Social Institutions
  - a. Analyze the changes in families that lead to social problems
  - b. Describe problems associated with the criminal justice systems
  - c. Examine access and barriers to health care systems
  - d. Assess the opportunities and limitations of the educational system
- V. Social Change
  - a. Analyze the social impact of population growth and the environment
  - b. Explain how participation in collective action and social movements contributes to both the cause and alleviation of social problems

**Discipline:** Sociology

**General Course Title:** Sociology of Families

Date: September 2006

# Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course number	Credits	Current text (if applicable)	Institution
				Allen County CC
				Barton County CC
				Butler CC
				Cloud County CC
				Coffeyville CC
				Colby CC
				Cowley County CC
				Dodge City CC
				Emporia State U
				Fort Hays State U
				Fort Scott CC
				Garden City CC
				Highland CC
				Hutchinson CC
				Independence CC
				Johnson County CC
				Kansas City Kansas
				CC
				Labette CC
				Neosho County CC
				Pittsburg State U
				Pratt CC
				Seward County CC
				U Kansas
				Washburn U
				Wichita State U

# **Comments:**

Core Outcomes: (list core outcomes in total including the updates)

# Sociology of Families course outcomes and competencies

I. Foundations of Marriage and Family

- a. Define the concept of marriage and describe and define various family types.
- b. Compare and contrast families of the past with contemporary families
- c. Assess the influences of political, economic, and cultural structures on families
- d. Analyze families in cross-cultural perspective
- e. Distinguish between sex and gender
- f. Compare and contrast etc: same

g. Identify and describe research methods and ethical issues in the study of families

# II. Intimate Relationships

- a. Assess the concept of love as a historical and social construction
- b. Compare and contrast the mate selection process from historical and cross-cultural perspectives
- c. Compare and contrast sexual identities and behaviors as historical and social constructions
- d. Discuss the effects of children on intimate relationships
- e. Examine communication in intimate relationships

# III. Family Life

- a. Describe the stages of family life cycles
- b. Examine sexuality in the context of family life
- c. Identify family planning options
- d. Examine the process of parenting
- e. Explain how work and family affect each other

# IV. Inequalities and Challenges in Families

- a. Analyze the intersection of race, ethnicity, social class, and gender in contemporary families
- b. Examine effects of political, economic, and cultural changes on families
- c. Discuss power in families
- d. Identify the causes and effects of violence and abuse in families
- e. Compare and contrast ways of resolving conflicts

# Sociology Participants in Kansas Core Outcomes Meeting, September 16, 2006

Ron Matson	WSU	ron.matson@wichita.edu
Mick McVay	Colby CC	mike.mcvay@colbycc.edu
Edmond C. Johnson	Barton County CC	johnsone@bartonccc.edu
Cathy Hendricks	Cowley CCC	hendricks@cowley.edu
Michael Thompson	Colby CC	michael@colbycc.edu
Marjorie Donovan	PSU	drmarjoriedonovan@yahoo.com
Pelgy Vaz	FHSU	pvaz@fhsu.edu
Sangyoub Park	WU	sangyoub.park@washburn.edu
Brian Donovan	KU	bdonovan@ku.edu
Jerry Smith	FSCC	jerrys@fortscott.edu
Stu Shafer	JCCC	sshafer@jccc.edu
William Dodd	ACCC	wdodd@allencc.edu
Nita Jackson	Butler CC	njackson@butlercc.edu
Winsom Lamb	GCCC	winsom.lamb@gcccks.edu
Lisa Bietau	KSU	bietau@ksu.edu
Mike Ryan	DCCC	mryan@dc3.edu
Nathaniel Terrell	ESU	nterrell@emporia.edu
Dana Britton	KSU	britton@ksu.edu
Tom Grady	NCCC	tgrady@neosho.edu

**Discipline:** Speech

**General Course Title:** Public Speaking

Date Developed (and any modification): January 2001; updated 2004; updated September 2007;

updated October 2011

# Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Institution
Public Speaking	COM 101		Allen CC
Public Speaking	COMM 1230		Barton County CC
Public Speaking	SP 100		Butler CC
Public Speaking	CM115		Cloud County CC
Public Speaking	SPCH 111		Coffeyville CC
Interpersonal Communication/ Fundamentals of Oral Communication/ Public Speaking	SP 106/ SP 101/ SP 176		Colby CC
Public Speaking	COM 2711		Cowley County CC
Public Speaking	SP106		Dodge City CC
Public Speaking	SP 101		Emporia State U
Fundamentals of Oral Communication	COMM 100		Fort Hays State U
Public Speaking	SPCH 1093		Fort Scott CC
Public Speaking	SPCH 111		Garden City CC
Public Speaking	SP 106		Highland CCC
Public Speaking	SH 101		Hutchinson CC
Speech	COM 1203		Independence CC
Public Speaking	SPD 121		Johnson County CC
Public Speaking	SPCJ 151		Kansas City Kansas CC
Public Speaking I	Comm 105 or 106		Kansas State U
Funds of Speech	CO 1560		Labette CC
Funds of Speech	COM 207		Neosho County CC
Speech Communication	COMM 207		Pittsburg State U
Public Speaking	COMM 276		Pratt CC
Public Speaking	SP 1203		Seward County CC
Speaker-Audience	COMS 130		U Kansas
Public Speaking	CN 150		Washburn U
Public Speaking	COMM 111		Wichita State U

Minimum Core Competencies for Speech: The following document is published by The National Communication Association (NCA) and has been adopted by the Kansas Speech Educators in Higher Education Interest Group as the minimum core competencies for the basic communication course (January 2001). This document was updated in 2004 and again in 2007 to reflect accuracy in course titles and course numbers (September 2007).

# Part One Expected Student Outcomes for Speaking and Listening: Basic Communication Course and General Education

The following student outcomes represent some of the expectations for students taking a basic communication course and/or participating in the general education requirements of a school. Basic course or general education students need speaking and listening skills that will help them succeed in future courses and on the job. They need to be able to construct and deliver messages and listen with literal and critical comprehension. The basic course can provide knowledge of effective communication techniques, an arena for developing and practicing skills, and positive feelings about communicating in the future. Instructors and administrators could use some or all of the expected student outcomes to inform the design of a basic communication course. Academic institutions could use some or all of the outcomes to describe campus expectations for students in regard to the general education curriculum (Rosenbaum, 1994). Note: The content under Core Outcomes was originally published in a table by NCA in 1990 as "Communication Is Life: Essential College Sophomore Speaking and Listening Competencies" for a basic communication course and general education. Some definitions have been updated from the original publication, and editing changes have been made to achieve more consistency.

#### **Core Outcomes:**

**SPEAKING COMPETENCIES (Quianthy, 1990):** Speaking is the process of transmitting ideas and information orally in a variety of situations. Effective oral communication involves generating messages and delivering them with attention to vocal variety, articulation, and nonverbal signals. It is expected that to adequately reflect the following outcomes a public speaking student must complete a minimum of four speeches that include a written assignment, peer review and requires increasingly rigorous research.

The **COMPETENT SPEAKER** must be able to compose a message and provide ideas and information suitable to the topic, purpose, and audience. Specifically, the competent speaker should exhibit the following competencies by demonstrating the abilities included under each statement:

#### Determine the Purpose of Oral Discourse

- Identify the various purposes for discourse.
- Identify the similarities and differences among various purposes.
- Understand that different contexts require differing purposes.
- Generate a specific purpose relevant to the context when given a general purpose.

# Choose a Topic and Restrict It According to the Purpose and the Audience

- Identify a subject that is relevant to the speaker's role, knowledge, concerns, and interests.
- Narrow the topic adapting it to the purpose and time constraints for communicating.
- Adapt the treatment of the topic to the context for communication.

# Fulfill the Purpose of Oral Discourse

- Formulate a thesis statement.
  - Use a thesis as a planning tool.
  - Summarize the central message in a manner consistent with the purpose.
- Provide adequate support material.
  - Demonstrate awareness of available types of support.
  - Locate appropriate support materials.
  - o Select appropriate support based on the topic, audience, setting, and purpose.
- Select a suitable organizational pattern.
  - o Demonstrate awareness of alternative organizational patterns.
  - Demonstrate understanding of the functions of organizational pattern, including the following:
    - Clarification of information.
    - Facilitation of listener comprehension.
    - Change of attitude.
    - Relational interaction.
    - Selection of organizational patterns that are appropriate to the topic, audience, context, and purpose.
- Demonstrate careful choice of words.
  - o Demonstrate understanding of the power of language.
  - Select words that are appropriate to the topic, audience, purpose, context, and speaker.
  - Use word choice in order to express ideas clearly, to create and maintain interest, and to enhance the speaker's credibility.
  - Select words that avoid sexism, racism, and other forms of prejudice.
- Provide effective transitions.
  - o Demonstrate understanding of the types and functions of transitions.
  - Use transitions to accomplish the following:
    - Establish connectedness.
    - Signal movement from one idea to another.
    - Clarify relationships among ideas.

The **COMPETENT SPEAKER** must also be able to transmit the message by using delivery skills suitable to the topic, purpose, and audience. Specifically, the competent speaker should exhibit the following competencies by demonstrating the abilities included under each statement.

# Employ Vocal Variety in Rate, Pitch, and Intensity

- Use vocal variety to heighten and maintain interest.
- Use a rate that is suitable to the message, occasion, and receiver.
- Use pitch (within the speaker's optimum range) to clarify and to emphasize.
- Use intensity appropriate for the message and audible to the audience.

# **Articulate Clearly**

- Demonstrate knowledge of the sounds of the American English language.
- Use the sounds of the American English language.

# Employ Language Appropriate to the Designated Audience

- Employ language that enhances the speaker's credibility, promotes the purpose, and the receiver's understanding.
- Demonstrate that the use of technical vocabularies, slang, idiomatic language, and regionalisms
  may facilitate understanding when communicating with others who share meanings for those
  terms, but can hinder can hinder understanding in those situations where meanings are not
  shared.
- Use standard pronunciation.
- Use standard grammar.
- Use language at the appropriate level of abstraction or generality.
- Use a conversational mode through self-presentation and response to feedback.

# Demonstrate Nonverbal Behavior that Supports the Verbal Message

- Use appropriate paralanguage (extraverbal elements of voice such as emphasis, pause, tone, etc.) that achieves congruence and enhances the verbal intent.
- Use appropriate kinesic elements (posture, gesture, and facial expression) that achieve congruence and enhance the verbal intent.
- Use appropriate proxemic elements (interpersonal distance and spatial arrangement) that achieve congruence and enhance the verbal intent.
- Use appropriate clothing and ornamentation that achieve congruence and enhance the verbal intent.
- Select and use an appropriate presentational aid to enhance audience understanding and increase impact of spoken message.

**LISTENING COMPETENCIES**: Listening is the process of receiving, constructing meaning from, and responding to spoken and or nonverbal messages. People listen in order to comprehend information, critique and evaluate a message, show empathy for the feelings expressed by others, or appreciate a performance. Effective listening includes both literal and critical comprehension of ideas and information transmitted in oral language.

The **COMPETENT LISTENER** must be able to listen with literal comprehension. Specifically, the competent listener should be able to exhibit the following competencies by demonstrating the abilities included under each statement.

# Recognize Main Ideas

- Distinguish ideas fundamental to the thesis from material that supports those ideas.
- Identify transitional, organizational, and nonverbal cues that direct the listener to the main ideas.
- Identify the main ideas in structured and unstructured discourse.

# **Identify Supporting Details**

- Identify supporting details in spoken messages.
- Distinguish between those ideas that support the main ideas and those that do not.
- Determine whether the number of supporting details adequately develops each main idea.

# Recognize Explicit Relationships among Ideas

- Demonstrate an understanding of the types of organizational or logical relationships.
- Identify transitions that suggest relationships.
- Determine whether the asserted relationship exists.

# **Recall Basic Ideas and Details**

- Determine the goal for listening.
- State the basic cognitive and affective contents, after listening.

The **COMPETENT LISTENER** must also listen with critical comprehension. Specifically, the competent listener should exhibit the following competencies by demonstrating the abilities included under each statement.

# Attend with an Open Mind

- Demonstrate an awareness of personal, ideological, and emotional biases.
- Demonstrate awareness that each person has a unique perspective.
- Demonstrate awareness that one's knowledge, experience, and emotions affect listening.
- Use verbal and nonverbal behaviors that demonstrate willingness to listen to messages when variables such as setting, speaker, or topic may not be conducive to listening.

# Perceive the Speaker's Purpose and Organization of Ideas and Information

- Identify the speaker's purpose.
- Identify the organization of the speaker's ideas and information.

# <u>Discriminate Between Statements of Fact and Statements of Opinion</u>

• Distinguish between assertions that are verifiable and those that are not.

# Distinguish Between Emotional and Logical Arguments

- Demonstrate an understanding that arguments have both emotional and logical dimensions.
- Identify the logical characteristics of an argument.
- Identify the emotional characteristics of an argument.
- Whether the argument is predominantly emotional or logical.

# Detect Bias and Prejudice

- Identify instances of bias and prejudice in a spoken message.
- Specify how bias and prejudice may affect the impact of a spoken message.

## Recognize the Speaker's Attitude

- Identify the direction, intensity, and salience of the speaker's attitude as reflected by the verbal messages.
- Identify the direction, intensity, and salience of the speaker's attitude as reflected by the nonverbal messages.

# Synthesize and Evaluate by Drawing Logical Inferences and Conclusions

- Draw relationships between prior knowledge and the information provided by the speaker.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the nature of inference.
- Identify the types of verbal and nonverbal information.
- Draw valid inferences from the information.
- Identify the information as evidence to support views.
- Assess the acceptability of evidence.
- Identify patterns of reasoning and judge the validity of arguments
- Analyze the information and inferences in order to draw conclusions.

# **Recall the Implications and Arguments**

Comments:

- Identify the arguments used to justify the speaker's position.
- State both the overt and implied arguments.
- Specify the implications of these arguments for the speaker, audience, and society at large.

# Recognize Discrepancies between the Speaker's Verbal and Nonverbal Messages

- Identify when the nonverbal signals contradict the verbal message.
- Identify when the nonverbal signals understate or exaggerate the verbal message.
- Identify when the nonverbal message is irrelevant to the verbal message.

# **Employ Active Listening Techniques When Appropriate**

- Identify the cognitive and affective dimensions of a message.
- Demonstrate comprehension by formulating questions that clarify or qualify the speaker's content and affective intent.
- Demonstrate comprehension by paraphrasing the speaker's message.

Participants:			

**Discipline:** Theatre

General Course Title: Stagecraft

Date Developed (and any modification): October 2, 2009

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
				Allen County CC
				Barton County CC
				Butler CC
				Cloud County CC
				Coffeyville CC
				Colby CC
				Cowley County CC
				Dodge City CC
				Emporia State U
				Fort Hays State U
				Fort Scott CC
				Garden City CC
				Highland CCC
				Hutchinson CC
				Independence CC
				Johnson County CC
				Kansas City Kansas CC
				Kansas State U
				Labette CC
				Neosho County CC
				Pittsburg State U
				Pratt CC
				Seward County CC
				U Kansas
				Washburn U
				Wichita State U

# **Core Outcomes:**

Shop/Theatre Safety: Msds sheets

**Egress** 

Emergency action plan

Moving scenery

The student will demonstrate comprehensive and safe working knowledge of stage systems and machinery, support areas, and construction tools.

```
Equity and safety lights (run lights)
               OSHA
       Tools:
               Written test
               Hands on profiency
The student will demonstrate professional technical methods and procedures used to realize a
production.
       Scenic Unit Construction Techniques
       Drafting
               Reading a blueprint-understanding different views
               Graphics and standards
       Scenic Painting
               Color
               Supplies and tools
               Texture and techniques
       Rigging
               Safety
               Knots
               Hardware
               Written Test
               Hands on proficiency
       Lighting production (not design)
               Electricity
               Lamps
               Dimmer Control
               Basic area lighting and focusing
       Sound production (not design)
       Props
```

# See the minutes for 2009.

**Comments:** 

# Participants:

Name	E-mail	<b>College/University</b>
Ben Stark	benstark@ksu.edu	KSU
Bret Jones	bret.jones@wichita.edu	WSU
Charlene Widener	widener@hutchcc.edu	Hutch CC
Cynthia Allan	callan@pittstate.edu	Pitt State
Jannell Robinson	jannellr@fortscott.edu	FSCC
Jenni Rajewski	jlrajewski@fhsu.edu	FHSU
Jim Lane	<u>jlane@jccc.edu</u>	JCCC
Kelly Vogel	kvogel@kckcc.edu	KCKCC
Linda Starkey	linda.starkey@wichita.edu	WSU
Nancy Pontius	npontius@emporia.edu	Emporia State
Phil Speary	pspeary@butlercc.edu	Butler CC
Sarah Owen	sowen@neosho.edu	Neosho CC
Scott MacLaughlin	maclaughlin@cowley.edu	Cowley CC
William T. Brewer	brewerb@Hutchcc.edu	Hutch CC

**Discipline:** Theatre

General Course Title: Acting 1

Date Developed (and any modification): September 14, 2009

**Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:** 

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
Beginning Acting	THE 231	3	Acting One, Cohen	Allen CC
Acting I	THEA 1302	3	Free to Act: An Integrated Approach to Acting, Felner Audition: Everything an Actor Needs to Get the Part, Fosse	Barton CC
Acting 1	TA 110	3	Changing Circumstances: An Acting Manual with 24 Scenes, Vozoff	Butler CC
Introduction to Performance Offstage and On				Cloud County CC
Fundamentals of Acting I	THTR 164	3	Audition: Everything an Actor Needs to Get the Part, Fosse	Coffeyville CC
				Colby CC
Acting	THE 2735	3	Acting One, Cohen	Cowley County CC
Methods of Acting I	THR 151	3		Dodge City CC
Acting 1		3	The Actor at Work, Benedetti Tips: Ideas for Actors, Jory Actions: The Actors' Thesaurus, Caldarone and Lloyd-Williams	Emporia State U
Acting I	COMM 122	3	Acting One/Acting Two, Cohen	Fort Hays State U
Acting I	DRA 1013000	3	Acting One, Cohen	Fort Scott CC
Acting I	DRAM 111	3		Garden City CC
Basic Acting	TH 110	3	Acting One, Cohen	Highland CC
	TH 116	3 3 3	Acting One, Cohen Acting Essentials, Golson Acting Professionally, Cohen	Hutchinson CC
Introduction to Acting	THR 1023	3	Acting One, Cohen	Independence CC
Acting I	THEA 130	3	Acting One, Cohen	Johnson County CC
Acting 1	THTR 115	3	The Actor at Work, Benedetti	Kansas City Kansas CC

Course Title	Course	Credit	Currently Adopted	Institution
Course ritte	Number	Hours	Textbook	mstitution
Fundamentals of Acting	THTRE 261	3	Acting One, Cohen Contemporary Scenes for	Kansas State U
			Student Actors, Schulman and Mekler	
			The Actor's Scenebook, vol. 1, Schulman and Mekler	
				Labette CC
Fundamentals of Acting		3	Acting One, Cohen Audition	Neosho County CC
Acting Studies	COMM 254	3		Pittsburg State U
	DRM 123	3	The Actor as Storyteller, Miller	Pratt CC
Acting I		3		Seward County CC
Acting I	TH&F 106	3	Acting is Believing, McGaw et al. An Acting One Handbook	U Kansas
Acting	TH 203	3		Washburn U
Acting I	THEA 243	3		Wichita State U

#### **Core Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the Acting 1 course, the successful student will be able to do the following:

- Apply acting terminology.
- Utilize the actor's instrument.
- Demonstrate a systematic approach to acting.

#### **Comments:**

The first outcome addresses basic vocabulary with which an actor should know and be comfortable. Competencies for the second outcome would include any work the instructor uses to develop the actor's voice, body, imagination, concentration, observation, etc. The competencies for the third outcome would include any specific technique the instructor is using as well as script analysis, development of character, playing actions and tactics, working with a partner, rehearsing a scene, performing a piece, etc. John Uthoff noted that KSU requires its Acting 1 students to have script analysis as part of their coursework. Transfer students to KSU who do not have that competency would need to re-take the course as a prerequisite for more advanced courses.

# **Participants:**

Tony Piazza	Allen County CC	piazza@allencc.edu
Phil Speary	Butler CC	pspeary@butlercc.edu
Susan Sutton	Cloud County CC	ssutton@cloud.edu
Nancy Zenger-Beneda	Cloud County CC	zbeneda@cloud.edu
Scott MacLaughlin	Cowley County CC	macLaughlin@cowley.edu

Nancy J. Pontrus
Erin Renard
Jannell L. Robinson
Jerry R. Ditter
Charlene Widener
Charles Leader
John Uthoff
Sara Harris
Sarah Owen
Frank Challis
Bret Jones

Emporia State U
Fort Hays State U
Fort Scott CC
Highland CC
Hutchinson CC
Kansas City Kansas CC
Kansas State U
Labette CC
Neosho County CC
Seward County CC

Wichita State U

npontrus@emporia.edu
enrenard@fhsu.edu
jannellr@fortscott.edu
jditter@highlandcc.edu
widenerc@hutchcc.edu
cleader@kckcc.edu
jsutd@ksu.edu
sarah@labette.edu
sowen@neosho.edu
frank.challis@sccc.edu
bret.jones@wichita.edu

**Discipline:** Theatre

General Course Title: Acting II

**Date Developed (and any modification):** September 24, 2010

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course Number	Credit Hours	Currently Adopted Textbook	Institution
Acting II	THE 235	3		Allen County CC
Acting II	THEA 1304	3		Barton County CC
				Butler CC
				Cloud County CC
Fundamentals of Acting II	THTR 264	3		Coffeyville CC
				Colby CC
				Cowley County CC
				Dodge City CC
Acting II	TH 221	3		Emporia State U
				Fort Hays State U
				Fort Scott CC
				Garden City CC
				Highland CCC
Acting II	TH 121		Style for Actors, Barton	Hutchinson CC
				Independence CC
Acting II	THEA 230	3		Johnson County CC
Acting II	THTR 215	3		Kansas City Kansas CC
Intermediate Acting		3		Kansas State U
				Labette CC
				Neosho County CC
				Pittsburg State U
				Pratt CC
				Seward County CC
Acting II		3	Benedetti, Robert. The Actor at Work. Bruder, Melissa, et al. Practical Handbook for the Actor. Chekhov, Michael. To the Actor. Cohan, Robert. Acting Power. Hagen, Uta. Respect for Acting.	U Kansas
Acting II		3	Script Analysis by David Grote.  Book on Acting by Stephen Book.	Washburn U
Advanced Acting	THEA 243	3		Wichita State U

# **Core Outcomes:**

- 1. Demonstrate continued development of the actor's instrument
- 2. Apply additional acting theories, approaches and styles
- 3. Evaluate self and others' performances using oral and/or written critiques
- 4. Analyze and perform a variety of texts

# **Comments:**

See the minutes for 2010.

# **Participants:**

Name	E-mail	College/University
Dwight Tolar	dhtolar@k-state.edu	KSU
Sharon Sullivan	sharon.sullivan@washburn.edu	Washburn
Jim Lane	jlane@jccc.edu	JCCC
Tony Piazza	<u>piazza@allencc.edu</u>	Allen Community College
Scott McLaughlin	maclaughlin@cowley.edu	Cowley CC
Erin Renard	frybergerv@bartonccc.edu	Barton County CC
Jannell Robinson	jannellr@fortscott.edu	FSCC
Jerry Ditter	jditter@highlandcc.edu	Highland CC
Charlene Widener	widenerc@hutchcc.edu	Hutchinson CC
Charles Leader	cleader@kckcc.edu	Kansas City Kansas CC
Jeanne Klein	kleinj@ku.edu	University of Kansas
Theresa Mitchel	tmitchel@emporia.edu	Emporia

**Discipline:** Theatre

**General Course Title:** Theatre Practicum

**Date Developed (and any modification):** October 2011

Courses from Each Participating College/University for which Core Outcomes Apply:

Course Title	Course number	Contact	Credit	School
Technical T Practicum	181, 182, 183, 184	min. 45	1	Allen County CC
Theatre Practicum	251, 252, 253, 254		1	Barton County CC
Theatre Practicum I-IV	151, 152, 250, 251		1	Butler County CC,
				Cloud County CC
Theatre Practicum	170	45 rehearsal	1	Coffeyville CC,
				Colby CC
Dramatic Activities	2743-35, 2745-35	60 = A	1	Cowley County CC
Performance Practicum	115		1	Dodge City CC
Production	272, 472		1	Emporia State U
Theatre Workshop	328		1 to 3	Fort Hays State U
Theatre Projects	2032		2	Fort Scott CC
Theatre Performance	146		1 to 3	Garden City CC
Technical Theatre I-IV	144, 145, 246, 247		1	
Theatre Practicum	103, 104, 203, 204		1	Highland CC
Theatre Performance	126		1	Hutchinson CC
Theatre Practicum	123	min. 45	1	
Theatre Workshop I-IV	1051, 2051, 2061, 2071		1 to 3	Independence CC
Performance Practicum I & II	134, 234		1	Johnson County CC
Technical Practicum I & II	133, 233	82 = A	1	
Acting Practicum	175	min. 50	1	Kansas City KS CC
Technical T Practicum	151	min. 50	1	
Drama Participation	211	min. 40 +	1	Kansas State U
		strike		
Repertory Theatre	110, 111, 112, 113		1	Labette CC
Projects in Technical Th	114, 115, 116, 117		1	
Theatre Workshop	206			Neosho County CC
(not offered)				Pittsburg State U
Theatre Production	122	min. 45	3	Pratt CC
Dramatic Participation	1612, 1621		1	Seward County CC
Theatre Practicum	101, 201, 301, 401		4 pts. =	U of Kansas,
			1	Washburn U
Practicum: Performance	180, 380			Wichita State U
Practicum: Stagecraft	180, 380	min. 45	1	
Practicum: Management	180, 380	min. 45	1	
Practicum: Costuming	180B, 380B	min. 45	1	

We included a minimum of 45 hours of production work because different institutions award 1 to 3 credit hours for one or two theatre productions per semester. One credit hour means 3 contact hours per week for 15 weeks.

# **Core Outcomes for Theatre Practicum (1 credit hour):**

Participate in theatre productions for public audiences. Accomplish a minimum of 45 hours of production work.

# **Committee Recommendations:**

Faculty at four-year institutions will decide how they want to transfer acting/performance and technical/production work to their respective Practicum courses for Theatre majors.

All community college Practicums (maximum 4 credit hours) should transfer as electives at the very least.

# Minutes of the October 14, 2011, Meeting

# **Chemistry Minutes**

**Discipline:** Chemistry

**Date:** 10/14/11

Facilitator: Robert Carlson, University of Kansas

Members present:

# Participants:

Roderick Black University of Kansas - Lawrence
Jill Headrick University of Kansas - Lawrence
Peter Hierl University of Kansas - Lawrence
Robert Carlson University of Kansas - Lawrence

Todd Francis Allen Community College
Robert Carlson Butler Community College
Kim Karr Butler Community College

Krista Thomas Johnson County Community College

Khamis Siam Pittsburgh State University
Amy Lumley Coffeyville Community College
Chad Killblane Cowley County Community College
Luka Kapkiai Neosho County Community College

Stephen Donnelly Fort Hays State University

#### **Committee Recommendations:**

Stephen Donnelly agreed to serve as convener for the next meeting. Future meetings should be aimed at developing a set of core competencies for (1) a one-semester introductory chemistry course, i.e., consumer chemistry, basic chemistry, or introductory chemistry; and (2) the Organic Chemistry I/II two-semester sequence.

# **Computer Science Minutes**

Discipline: **Computer Science** 

Date: 10/14/11 **Facilitator:** Gladys Swindler

**Members Present:** 

Chen, Isabelle Johnson County Community College

Cunningham, Jillene **Hutchinson Community College** cunninghamj@hutchcc.edu

Dale, Rae **Cowley College** 

DeVoe, Chad **Neosho County Community College** 

Ford, Lori Labette Community College Forshee, Cathy Cloud County Community College

Freeze, Ronald **Emporia State University** 

**Barton County Community College** Gale, Cristi

Gammon, Richard Kansas City Kansas Community College Hansen, Steve Johnson County Community College

**Hutchinson Community College** Harding, Charles Johnson, Laurie Manhattan Area Technical College

Jolly, Roberta Washburn University Kinnersley, Nancy University of Kansas

Lang, Dennis **Kansas State University** 

Lawless, Sharon Allen County Community College

Mechtly, Bruce Washburn University Pounds, Crystal Colby Community College

Fort Hays State University Schartz, Shane Scheuerman, Paul Wichita State University

Shead, Larry Fort Scott Community College

Singh, Gurdip **Kansas State University** 

**Barton County Community College** Stevens, Deanna

Strong, Dwight Pittsburg State University

Swindler, Gladys Fort Hays State University Kansas City Kansas Community College ctung@kckcc.edu Tung, Chan

Waddell, Karen **Butler Community College** 

Kansas City Kansas Community College bwyatt@kckcc.edu Wyatt, Bill

ichen@jccc.edu

dale@cowley.edu cdevoe@neosho.edu lorif@labette.edu cforshee@cloud.edu

rfreeze@emporia.edu galec@bartonccc.edu rgammon@kckcc.edu

hardingc@hutchcc.edu

shansen@jccc.edu

lauriejohnson@manhattantech.edu

roberta.jolly@washburn.edu

kinners@eecs.ku.edu dlang1@ksu.edu slawless@allencc.edu

bruce.mechtly@washburn.edu

crystal.pounds@colbycc.edu

sschartz@fhsu.edu

paul.scheuerman@wichita.edu

larrys@fortscott.edu gurdip@ksu.edu

stevensd@bartonccc.edu dstrong@pittstate.edu ggiebler@fhsu.edu

kwaddell@butlercc.edu

# **Meeting Notes:**

#### Course/Core outcomes discussion:

The Computer Science discussion divided into simultaneous group discussions:

- Group A- Computer Applications (Introductory Computing courses)
- Group B- Computer Science (Programming, Computer Science majors)

Discussion from each group follows

# **Group A- Computer Applications**

**General Education Requirements** 

- Eight institutions currently have an introductory computing course as part of their general education requirements.
- o KU, KSU, and WSU do not have requirement.
- All institutions currently have an introductory course.

# • Course Delivery/ Curriculum/Syllabi/Materials

- Various delivery models are currently used.
  - Class lecture/demonstration without lab component.
  - Many courses taught in computing labs.
  - Some schools combine theory and applications, others are 100% application or theory.
  - Neosho teaches two models one concentrating on theory and the other on applications.
  - Web-enhanced models are used due to the challenge to meet all competencies and provide extra resources online. FHSU and others have a large online student base.
  - Self-paced labs are used without lecture (project-based).
  - Software issues can be a problem (correct version, access at home, etc.) and student has difficulty using required text when they do not have the correct software.
  - Virtual labs are used so students can complete coursework off-site to help with different software versions.
  - FHSU uses a blended model with a concepts text and no software text. Not tied to a particular version of MS-Office. University has licensing for a commercial tutorial site.
  - Many community colleges have book rental programs (\$15-\$30/semester) and most commit to using a version for 3 years to help control student costs.
     Students purchasing new computers will have newer version of the software than what is being taught in the course.

# • Skill Sets

- Vary widely among incoming students and dependent on when, or if, a computer applications course was required in high school.
- Many high schools have dropped computing curriculum due to lack of funding and/or no longer required by Qualified Admissions.
- o Many students receive credit for high school computer requirement based on taking a similar course in middle school. Skills learned are not used or forgotten.
- o Some schools are focusing more on soft skills rather than computing skills.

### Outcomes

- Teaching history of Internet and general computing.
  - Some teach more historical information for computer science majors only.
  - Some do a brief overview.
  - Some bring in old computers and demonstrate how computers work.
  - Some use videos to teach the history of computers and internet.
  - All agree that although depth of coverage may vary, most courses address the major concepts of computing whether through theory or application.

# Assessment and Placement Testing

- Difficult due to varied skill levels.
- o Some schools did placement until testing services could no longer administer them.
- o Many use SAM (Course Technology) or myITLab (Pearson) for standardized assessment and/or grading.
- Access codes for publisher assessment/training access is becoming more expensive—i.e.
   myITLab (Pearson) is \$80 unless bundled at a lower cost with textbooks.
- o Some require typing at 20 wpm.
- Standardization of all sections of the course using the same syllabi, assignments, and projects makes documenting learning outcomes easier and helps to more readily show the need for change in the course.
- Some schools have a pre-requisite of specified readings.
- o KU requires College Algebra as a pre-requisite.
- Most agree that the course is becoming very political with factions on campuses questioning the necessity of the course.

#### Core Outcomes

- o In general session, KBOR explained the initiative to provide transparency and transferability to 45 hours of general education credit among state institutions.
- o Introduced the American Association of Colleges and Universities New Century of Learning Essential Learning Outcomes (LEAP) available at: <a href="https://www.aacu.org/leap">www.aacu.org/leap</a>
- o KBOR will create a task force with representatives of each Core Outcomes discipline to advise and determine requirements for transferability.
- All agreed that current learning outcomes are still timely but may need some re-writing for clarity and compliance to AACU Leap Outcomes.
- Preliminarily mapped each core outcome to the 4 Essential Learning Outcomes outlined in LEAP.
  - Hardware LEAP 2
  - Operating Systems/Systems Hardware LEAP 2
  - Internet LEAP 1,2,3
  - Word Processing LEAP 2,4
  - Spreadsheets LEAP 2.4
  - Database LEAP 2,4
  - Presentation LEAP 2,4
  - Integration LEAP 3,4
  - Ethical Issues and Concepts LEAP 3
  - Cyber-Security LEAP 2,3

# **Group B- Computer Science**

#### Enrollment

- Slow, steady increases in enrollments across universities/colleges.
- Matches CRA data <a href="http://www.cra.org/govaffairs/blog/wp-content/uploads/2011/04/CRA-TaulbeeSurvey-DegreeandEnrollmentTrends-2009-10.pdf">http://www.cra.org/govaffairs/blog/wp-content/uploads/2011/04/CRA-TaulbeeSurvey-DegreeandEnrollmentTrends-2009-10.pdf</a>

#### Curriculum

- o Most colleges/universities offer variations of C programming (C, C++, C#) and Java.
- o Visual Basic is considered a great beginning language depending on the program.
- Most schools offer a minimum of 9 hours of coursework, usually with 2 levels within languages (Java I, Java II).

# Delivery

- o Online (virtual) delivery is very difficult due to the scale of computer programming.
- o Online courses can be successful with the right students.
- o Additional training and resources for faculty is needed to deliver successfully online.
- Emporia is testing lecture capture this year, hopefully to report on lecture capturing at the next meeting.

# • Trends

- o Gaming is becoming a desirable topic for students.
- Math-oriented and certificate/programs may be best approach.

# Other

- Transfer of credits is large issue.
- o There is a need for clear paths from 2-year to 4-year programs.
- There is a need for contacts at 4-year universities dedicated to evaluation of transfer credits.
- o Syllabi at 4-year and 2-year need to be readily available to others.
- o Transfer courses need to overwrite previously failed courses for GPA reasons.

#### **Committee Recommendations:**

The Applications sub-committee will continue to share information and ideas for continuous improvement in introductory computing courses taught in our institutions. Ever-changing technological trends, varied student skill sets, large sections, and lack of funding continue to present challenges in standardization of the course content and delivery mediums. The sub-committee looks forward to future sessions to assure that KBOR's charge to provide transparency and transferability for the introductory course is met. The Computer Science sub-committee continues to seek viable means of delivering quality programming courses online and revise curricula to reflect changing industry and market trends for their majors.

All members believe that meeting as a group is an effective means of sharing information and obtaining useful tactics to employ at their respective institutions.

This report is respectfully submitted by: Dr. Gladys Swindler Assistant Professor Department of Informatics Fort Hays State University Hays, KS

ggiebler@fhsu.edu 785.628.5886

# **English Minutes**

**Discipline:** English **Date:** 10/14/11

Facilitator: Andy Anderson

Members present:

# Meeting Notes:

a. Report and action on previous meeting, if any: None.

- b. Course/core outcomes discussion: As a group, we agreed that the Core Outcomes we have developed and revised for many years do not need revision, and that we stand by them. These outcomes are for the freshman year, and they are to be fulfilled over the course of ENGL 101 and 102. We had difficulty dividing up the core outcomes between the two courses because most institutions are addressing outcomes to different degrees in both courses, taking a year to achieve fully the outcomes. Many members were not convinced that the outcomes needed to be divided up because there do not seem to be problems with the courses transferring. Everyone at the meeting agreed that the courses should be transferred transparently and automatically didn't think that this was a problem for English.
- c. Items discussed but no decision or action taken: The following list of topics were discussed and suggested as topics worthy of further conversation.
  - Labette issue about two levels of remedial writing (Statewide issues of placement)
  - CC's overloaded with developmental and fundamental English
  - Outcomes for developmental courses success stories of what really works
  - What people do about waivers for developmental courses
  - Assessment and articulation from high school
  - Opportunities trying to integrate with K-12 to help understand what we need at certain levels. More conversation for moving from high school to college [possibly revising the framework for success in postsecondary writing] (Dana Waters suggested this)
  - Students more and more underprepared because of NCLB
  - Assessment of programs that allows for reflection of improvement
  - Comp 101 in high school—dual credit
- d. Discussion regarding future need for meetings: We decided that if we are going to meet more often, which me may have to depending on what the Regents need us to do, we could most effectively discuss issues that arise on a listserv.
- e. Choose a representative: If the Regents need for us to name a representative to meet with the Regents, we decided that we would prefer to have two representatives, one from CC and one from U's so that both sides of the transfer issue could be represented, as one representative would not necessarily know the issues of the other type of school.

Rachelle Smith from Emporia State offered to serve for the Universities Andy Anderson offered to serve for the Community Colleges and Tech colleges.

# **Mathematics Minutes**

**Discipline:** Mathematics

**Date:** 10/14/11

Facilitator: Jeff Frost, Johnson County Community College

**Colleges present:** 

Allen County Community College **Barton County Community College Butler County Community College** Cloud County Community College Coffeyville Community College Cowley County Community College Dodge City Community College **Emporia State University** Fort Hays State University Fort Scott Community College **Highland Community College** Johnson County Community College Kansas City Kansas Community College Kansas State University Labette Community College Manhattan Area Technical College Neosho County Community College Pittsburg State University University of Kansas Wichita Area Technical College Wichita State University

## Meeting notes:

The meeting began with a discussion of developing a common math for liberal arts class. DeeAnn VanLuyck, instructor at Fort Scott Community College, gave a brief report regarding the progress of the liberal arts math course sub-committee and provided a handout. At this point, the subcommittee has collected several syllabi and has begun to write competencies. (Please email DeeAnn VanLuyck (deeannv@fortscott.edu) if you are interested in joining the sub-committee working to develop this course.)

Individuals who have expressed an interest in this group include:

Carol Tracy Highland CC <u>cltracy@highlandcc.edu</u>
Doug Joseph Allen CC <u>DJoseph@allencc.edu</u>

Donna LaLondeWashburndonna.lalonde@washburn.eduKristen HathcockBarton County CChathcockk@bartonccc.eduLeslie WenzelGarden City CCleslie.wenzel@gcccks.edu

Dylan Faullin Dodge City CC <u>DFaullin@dc3.edu</u>

Next Nathan Stanley, instructor at Neosho Community College, presented information about the Transfer and Articulation Advisory Council, which was formed by KBOR. Nathan explained the purview of the committee which includes three goals:

- Indentify General Education Core courses that could transfer anywhere in Kansas (by January 2012)
- Approve common course outcomes for as many Core Courses as possible (by June 2012)
- Approve common course outcomes for remaining Core Courses (by December 2012)

#### **Core Outcomes:**

College Algebra Core Outcomes, implemented in the fall of 2004, should be continued in their present form. No changes are recommended at this time.

#### **Committee Recommendations:**

After discussion, the math core outcomes group agreed that College Algebra should be designated as a General Education Core Course; core outcomes for that course have been in place since 2004. Group consensus was that the current core outcomes for College Algebra remain in place.

Of greater concern to the group was how to effectively implement and monitor the Core Outcomes for online offerings of College Algebra. The remainder of the meeting was devoted to a discussion of the quality of online College Algebra classes around the state.

The group suggested that a task force be created to recommend best practices for maintaining rigorous standards of online College Algebra course offerings. Suggested topics could include:

- Utilizing technology that requires authentication so that the person taking the course is the same person who completes assessments
- Requiring exams to be a significant part of the course grade
- Implementing multiple methods of assessment
- Requiring proctored exams
- Implementing minimum standards for passing the course, such as a minimum score on a final exam

Additional discussion centered on student success rates in online math classes. The group generally agreed that data showed students in online math courses were less likely to pass than their peers in face-to-face or hybrid math courses. The group recommended that additional studies be implemented to determine characteristics of students most and least likely to succeed in online College Algebra classes.

# **Philosophy Minutes**

Date and place of meeting: October 14, 2011

Facilitator: Dennis Arjo Members present:

Dennis Arjo (JCCC)

Kevin Blackwell (Neosho County Community College)

Charles Brown (Emporia State University)
John Coughlin (Labette Community College)
Lou Frohardt (Cloud County Community College)

Scott Jenkins (University of Kansas)

Amy Lara (Kansas State University)

James McBain (Pittsburg State University)

Gene Rice (Fort Hays State University)

Harold Rood (Washburn University)

Regina Turner (Butler County Community College)

## Meeting notes:

Created the final draft of the core outcomes for introductory ethics courses taught at the represented colleges and universities. We also began work on core outcomes for Introductory Logic courses and Critical Thinking courses.

# **Psychology Minutes**

**Discipline:** Psychology

**Date:** 10/14/11

Facilitator: Bruce Warner

**Members Present:** 

This information is not available.

#### **Meeting Notes:**

## a. Report any action on previous meeting if any

No action pending from last year's meeting.

## b. Course /core outcomes discussion

Early group discussion focused on perceptions among group members concerning the transferability of courses among the state institutions. An impression held by several members was that at least 46 hours could potentially be transferred from junior colleges to four-year institutions, but that problems might exist with the mapping of courses onto specific general education requirements at four-year institutions. Also, specific disciplines might vary in their ability to identify courses for transfer. However, it was acknowledged that assuring the transferability of credits among institutions was very important because of its benefits to students and parents.

Discussion then turned whether the discipline of psychology had adequately identified courses that would transfer among institutions. The general consensus was that psychology could very positively assert that one course, General Psychology, was seamlessly transferable among all Regents' institutions and that two others, Early Childhood Growth and Development, and Human Lifespan and Development have wide, though not seamless, transferability either as specific course numbers or as psychology electives. Regarding the human development courses, some institutions either lack the resources to teach one of these courses or do not have one of the courses on their books.

Ruth Ann Atchley of the University of Kansas suggested that PSYC 102, Orientation Seminar in Psychology, might serve as a model for an additional course which could be transferred among state institutions. KU's course is offered online and is prerequisite for admission to their psychology major. The course introduces students to psychology as a major and provides information about career fields in psychology. Currently five other four-year institutions have courses on the books that overlap to some degree with KU's PSYC 102, as summarized in the table below. However, not all of the courses are available to freshmen and sophomores and one of these is a two credit hour course with content not included in PSYC 102. Also, a similar course is not widely available at junior colleges currently.

Institution	Course Number	Title	Credit Hours
Emporia State	PY 102	Introduction to the Psychology Major	1
Fort Hays State	PSY 101	Psychology as a discipline and profession	1
Kansas State	PSYCH 100	Freshman Seminar	1
	PSYCH 200	Junior seminar in Psychology	1
Pittsburg State	PSYCH 165	Psychology as a Profession I	2
Washburn University	PSY 299	Psychological Forum	1

Committee members expressed strong interest in investigating whether a transferable psychology major orientation course could be developed at all of the Regent's institutions as a positive, proactive response to the Regent's concerns about transferability. This would be a multi-semester undertaking, as courses would need to be developed and legislated at institutions not currently having such a course, and curricula would require adjustment at other institutions. Committee members agreed to consult with their respective departments/units concerning the proposal and its feasibility.

#### c. Actions taken

The following course numbers appear incorrectly in Core Outcomes Document: Labette CC General Psychology is PY101 (incorrectly listed as PY2010), Labette CC Developmental Psychology is PY201 (incorrectly listed as PY2090), and Colby CC has changed Child Development to PS280 (was PS120). These should be changed to reflect the current course numbers.

Ruth Ann Atchley was elected as representative to the General Education Sub-committee of the Core Curriculum team.

Committee members were asked to consult with their respective departments/units concerning the feasibility of developing a new psychology major orientation course or adapting a current course and accepting transfer credit for an equivalent course. Committee members will report back to the Psychology Core Outcomes Committee Facilitator for possible action at the next meeting.

## d. Discussion regarding future need for meetings

The next meeting will focus on the feasibility of a psychology major orientation course. Future meetings could focus on the development of core outcomes for such a course if it is found fully feasible based upon consultations with individual departments/units.

# **Sociology Minutes**

**Discipline:** Sociology **Date:** 10/14/11

Facilitator: Stu Shafer, JCCC

Members present:

Information not available

## Meeting notes:

Discussed "Inequality and Diversity in the U.S." general and detailed outlines

The general outline was collaboratively created when the SOC Core Outcomes group met in the 2010 group meeting. Brian Zirkle and Stu Shafer drafted a detailed outline, one that JCCC may use.

Proposed recommendation from SOC Core Outcomes group regarding inclusion of such a course in an institution's General Education curriculum:

Understanding that not all KBOR institutions SOC units have a diversity and inequality course as a Gen Ed option, we recommend that SOC units add the course to their Gen Ed. course options.

Such a course would help students attain American Association of Colleges and Universities – New Century of Learning essential learning outcomes in the areas of:

- Knowledge of Human Cultures
- Personal and Social Responsibility.

There were no objections to this proposal among the SOC Core Outcomes group members in attendance.

Members revised the general outline of the learning outcomes for the course. Stu will share the final general learning outcomes outline.

Draft Core Outcomes for Inequality and Diversity in the United States

By the end of this course students will be able to:

- I. Describe the dimensions of diversity and inequality, including race, class, and gender, etc., addressing
  - A. Historical development
  - B. Stratification
  - C. Distribution
  - D. Identity construction

- II. Understand the structural basis of inequality.
  - A. Currently prevailing theoretical perspectives
  - B. Contemporary issues
- III. Critically assess how diversity occurs and how inequality exists in major social institutions.
  - A. Political
  - B. Economic
  - C. Cultural
- IV. Understand how inequalities shape social interaction
  - A. Interactional practices reproducing inequality
  - B. Integration and Segregation
  - C. Social movements and resistance

# Addressing organizational issues for purposes of KBOR general education transfer and articulation initiative

The group decided that a SOC Advisory Council would be useful.

The group decided that those who attend the SOC Core Outcomes group (meaning all KBOR institutions) will be the Advisory Council for the KBOR general education transfer and articulation initiative.

Unanimously selected to represent the SOC Advisory Council to the KBOR general education sub-committee: Stu Shafer (JCCC) will represent community colleges and Joey Sprague (KU) will represent universities.

#### Next steps for SOC Advisory Council

- 1. Adv. Council will recommend to KBOR all of the four courses for which the SOC Core Outcomes group has identified uniform learning outcomes:
  - Introduction to Sociology
  - Social Problems
  - Sociology of the Family
  - Inequality and Diversity
- 2. Advisory Council will meet in spring of 2012 to determine how the learning outcomes for these four courses will articulate with the American Association of Colleges and Universities New Century of Learning essential learning outcomes. The results of that meeting should allow the Council to offer a final set of learning outcomes in time for the KBOR June 2012 deadline for approving general education core course outcomes.

# **Speech Minutes**

**Date:** 9/9/11

Facilitator: Mary Yaroskaski

Recorder:

**Members Present:** 

## **Meeting Notes:**

Meeting was held on September 9<sup>th</sup>, 2011 at the Kansas Speech Communication Association meeting in Topeka Kansas at 3:30 in the afternoon.

The following institutions were represented:
 Community Colleges: Allen, Labette, Johnson, Kansas City Kansas, Neosho, Dodge City, Fort
 Scott

• Four Year Colleges: FHSU, KSU, ESU, KWU

## Meeting agenda item 1 – KBOR report

Joan Warren, Director of Academic Affairs for the Board of Regents, discussed with the group the current status of the core outcomes project. She provided several handouts with additional information. She pointed out that the Communication group would be the first core outcomes group meeting in the state this year and asked us to focus on Public Speaking outcomes and to select a member to facilitate any future meetings, to attend the core outcomes general meeting in October, and to attend statewide meetings to represent the group as needed. The goal of having statewide core competencies for pubic speaking is to achieve a seamless transfer between community colleges and 4 year colleges as well as eventually align language and outcomes between K-12 and higher education.

The group determined that Public Speaking seemed to enjoy a high rate of transfer success in part because of the efforts of the group to set appropriate standards. However, 4-year colleges reported some difficulty with courses that were communication survey courses or with courses that did not require enough speeches. Further, the question was asked who was responsible to enforce that a college complied with the core outcomes across all courses offered. Adjunct faculty in the room reported having never seen the outcomes. Fulltime faculty in the room reported that some faculty were being given classes with over 30 students and were only requiring 2 speeches a semester. The integrity of concurrent courses was also discussed and concerns were raised that the pressure from high schools may make it difficult for faculty to adhere to the outcomes unless fully supported by their college's academic officer.

The dialog made it clear that Public Speaking is taught in hundreds of sections in a variety of situations. Yet, public speaking remains rarely challenged during transfer because the stringent core outcomes have created consistency. However, to remain a highly transferrable course the academic officers (vice presidents, deans or department chairs) of each college **must** ensure that all public speaking courses at their institutions comply with the outcomes. Failure to do so will increase the challenges aimed at the transfer of public speaking courses as transfer institutions begin to question the rigor of the courses.

## Meeting Agenda Item 2 - changes to outcomes

Several changes were made to the outcomes. The outcomes are attached in a separate document and the rationale for all changes are explained in the **CHANGES TO CORE OUTCOMES** section below the meeting report.

## Meeting Agenda Item 3 – Interpersonal Communication

Interpersonal Communication was discussed, and it was determined that we were not prepared at this meeting to undertake the task of drafting those outcomes. The group determined that interpersonal communication needed to be discussed at next years meeting. It was agreed that the Chair would establish a committee of communication faculty interested to start looking at current courses being taught, their outcomes and begin drafting a set of outcomes to be shared at the next meeting.

## Meeting agenda item 4 - Selection of Chair

Marg Yaroslaski, Associate Professor of Speech at DCCC, was selected to facilitate future meetings and to represent the group at any meetings called by KBOR or the Core Outcomes Project. She was directed to forward a report of this meeting to the impacted faculty and to the Core Outcomes Project coordinators.

## Meeting Agenda Item 5 - Future Meeting

It was decided that the Communication Core Outcomes meeting would be held again at the 2012 meeting of the Kansas Speech Communication Association. This meeting is projected to be held September 14<sup>th</sup> and 15<sup>th</sup> in Emporia KS. It was also further asked that a committee be formed to assist the convention organizers offer a stronger offering of college related workshops. This recommendation was forwarded to KSCA leadership and accepted.

#### **CHANGES TO CORE OUTCOMES**

1. It was reaffirmed that for a speech course to be credible, that they have a minimum of four speeches that include research, a written assignment and peer review. Specific Language was added to this effect to the preamble about speaking competencies at the beginning of the document.

Rationale: There was much discussion about the demand for four speeches. It was concluded that the public speaking course competencies demanded that a wide range of speaking skills be demonstrated. The group contended that those skills could not be accomplished in fewer than 4 research based speeches. We heard stories of teachers being given 30-40 students in a section and completing only two speeches a semester. In addition we heard students giving speeches with no research requirements. It is clear that this will not prepare students for the demands of upper level courses.

- It is understood that the research requirement would start of with basic requirements and increase in rigor.
- It is understood that class size must be limited to allow ample class time to complete this minimum of four speeches.

2. Moved "use a conversational mode through self-presentation and response to feedback" from Outcome III to II. C, 7.

Rationale: The outcome related to interpersonal communication was removed as it seemed to require that an entire unit of a Public Speaking course be devoted to interpersonal communication - when the original intent of this course is to focus on the theories around public speaking. However, the above language seemed to fit well with the expectations of a conversational extemporaneous speech rather than a speech from manuscript and reiterated the importance of peer review.

3. Added to II. D, - subpoint 6 – Select and use an appropriate presentational aid to enhance audience understanding and increase impact of spoken message.

Rationale: There was much discussion that the current outcomes did not require the use of presentational aids but that expectation was implicit when discussing quality public speaking courses. We discussed the need for requiring the use of technology in public speaking courses. However, it was discovered through conversation that many sections of public speaking are taught in classrooms without access to technology. So while the appropriate use of technology is a laudable goal, resources do not allow us to make it possible to demand it.

4. Removal of outcome III discussing interpersonal communication.

Rationale: This outcome focused specifically on the teaching of Interpersonal Communication. It is feared that including this as an outcome has resulted in a distraction from Public Speaking. To maintain the rigor expected in a Public Speaking course it is impossible to cover Interpersonal Communication Theory well. Instead further pressure is put on faculty already faced with a daunting task to fit it all in. Removal of this competency does not damage the integrity of the teaching of communication theory connected to public speaking. Professors from four year colleges reported that students completing a basic communication course that covered a wide variety of theories were resistant to taking classes in topics such as Interpersonal Communication, Group Communication etc reporting that they already knew it all. We all know that while a survey course can touch on each area it cannot give each theory the level of depth given in a devoted course. It is hoped that soon we will be able to develop outcomes for Interpersonal Communication courses.

5. Renumbered outcomes IV and V to III and IV to reflect the removal of previous outcome III. Also changed formatting of Outcomes to an outline format.

## **Theatre Minutes**

**Discipline:** Theatre **Date:** 10/14/11

Facilitator: Jeanne Klein, KU

**Members Present:** 

piazza@allencc.edu Allen CC Tony Piazza bwonsetl@butlercc.edu Bernie Wonsetler Butler CC Jay Moorman jmoorman1@bcc.edu Butler CC maclaughlin@cowley.edu Cowley CC Scott MacLaughlin npontius@emporia.edu Emporia State U Nancy Pontius nathanm@fortscott.edu Fort Scott CC Nathan Magee lawrencea@fortscott.edu Lawrence Alford Fort Scott CC Charlene Widener widenerc@hutchcc.edu Hutchinson CC mattoxd@hutchcc.edu Deidre Ensz-Mattox **Hutchinson CC** Sheilah Philip sphilip@jccc.edu Johnson County CC Charles Leader cleader@kckcc.edu Kansas City KS CC Ben Stark benstark@ksu.edu Kansas State U Christopher Langsford christopherl@labette.edu Labette CC sowen@neosho.edu Sarah Owen Neosho County CC

kleinj@ku.edu

## Meeting notes:

#### 1. Report on previous meetings:

Jeanne Klein

Linda Starkey

Cores Outcomes for Theatre Appreciation (Introduction to Theatre), Stagecraft, Acting I, and Acting II have been completed.

linda.starkey@wichita.edu

#### 2. Course/core outcomes discussion:

Course: Theatre Practicum (1 credit hour)

Core Outcomes: Participate in theatre productions for public audiences.

Accomplish a minimum of 45 hours of production work.

University of Kansas

Wichita State U

We included a minimum of 45 hours of production work because different institutions award 1 credit hour for one or two productions per semester.

We decided that faculty at four-year universities would decide how they want to transfer acting/performance and technical/design/stage management work completed at community colleges to their respective Practicum or Participation courses.

We agreed that, at the very least, all community college Practicums (e.g., 4 credit hours) should transfer to four-year universities as electives in Theatre. Only 1 or 2 Practicum credit hours may transfer as core requirements for Theatre majors at some four-year universities.

Students do not need to provide documentation (play programs, journals, clocked hours, etc.) of Practicum work, because CC faculty have already certified this documentation for students to earn Practicum credit hours on transcripts.

## 3. <u>Items discussed but no decision or action taken:</u>

Regarding the transfer of General Education course (45 credit hours) from community colleges to Board of Regent universities, we noted that many (but not all) four-year universities already transfer Theatre Appreciation and Acting I for non-Theatre majors. Dramatic Literature (or Introduction to Drama) courses, most often taught in English departments, may also transfer as General Education requirements.

Jeanne Klein (KU) will follow-up on Theatre representation for the Board of Regent's Transfer and Articulation Task Force on General Education.

## 4. Discussion regarding future need for meetings:

For our next meeting, we will decide Core Outcomes for Introduction to Theatre Design courses, co-facilitated by Lawrence Alford (Fort Scott CC) and Sarah Owen (Neosho CC).

At future meetings, we will also decide Core Outcomes for theatre Voice (diction, speech) courses and for theatre Movement courses.

We decided not to include Core Outcomes for Script Analysis, Directing, Introductions to Scenic Design, Costume Design, Lighting/Sound Design, and Theatre History courses as most institutions teach these courses at junior-senior levels.