Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Report

For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Report For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

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Phone (620) 792-2428 Fax (620) 792-5559 www.abbb.com

2006 Broadway Ave. ■ Suite 2A ■ P.O. Drawer J Great Bend, Kansas 67530-4043

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees **Barton County Community College**Great Bend, Kansas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of **Barton County Community College**, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*, issued by the State of Kansas, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Barton County Community College Foundation were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* or the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Barton County Community College

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Barton County Community College** as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis beginning on page 4 and the schedules listed in the Required Supplementary Information section of the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise **Barton County Community College's** basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2017, on our consideration of **Barton County Community College's** internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal

Barton County Community College

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control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering **Barton County Community College's** internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants

November 28, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

Barton County Community College ("College") is presenting this discussion and analysis of its financial statements to provide an overview of the financial activities for the year. The annual financial statements are presented in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the authoritative body for establishing Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for state and local governments, including public institutions of higher learning. The statements and notes continue to improve so that readers may receive full value from this information.

As defined by generally accounting principles established by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the College, as well as its component unit, the Barton County Community College Foundation. The following discussion focuses on the College; separately issued audited financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained as discussed in Note 1.

The basic financial statements focus on the College as a whole. The statements are designed to emulate corporate presentation models whereby all College activities are consolidated into one total. There are three financial statements presented: The Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. The discussions about these statements are based on comparative data.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position is a point of time financial statement. The purpose of the Statement of Net Position is to present to the readers of the financial statements a fiscal snapshot of Barton County Community College. The Statement of Net Position presents end-of-year data concerning Assets (current and noncurrent), Liabilities (current and noncurrent) and Net Position (assets minus liabilities).

From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the operations of the institution. They are also able to determine how much the institution owes vendors, investors and lending institutions.

Finally, the Statement of Net Position provides a picture of the net assets (assets minus liabilities) and their availability for expenditure by the institution.

Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, invested in capital assets, net of debt, provides the institution's equity in property, plant and equipment owned by the institution. The next asset category is restricted net assets, which is divided into two categories, nonexpendable and expendable. The corpus of nonexpendable restricted resources is only available for investment purposes. Expendable restricted net assets are available for expenditure by the institution, but must be spent for specific purposes as determined by donors, the Board, and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on the use of the assets. The final category is unrestricted net assets. Unrestricted assets are available to the institution for any lawful purpose of the institution.

	2017	2016
Assets		
Current Assets	\$ 31,649,854	30,174,247
Noncurrent Assets, Net	22,832,990	23,282,923
Total Assets	54,482,844	53,457,170

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Deferred Outflows of Resources	487,421	465,787
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 54,970,265	53,922,957
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	\$ 3,320,151	3,123,437
Noncurrent Liabilities	10,858,590	11,184,427
Total Liabilities	14,178,741	13,932,759
Deferred Inflows of Resources	173,340	5,489
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 14,352,081	14,313,353
Net Position Invested in Capital Assets,		
Net of Debt	\$ 12,042,172	11,985,832
Restricted - Expendable	6,016,331	5,150,577
Unrestricted	22,559,681	22,473,195
Total Net Position	\$ 40,618,184	37,926,843

The reader will see that the 2016 audit numbers have been revised. This is due to changes in federal reporting requirements which required the auditors to revise last year's numbers. The college's Total Net Position improved over last year. Our overall credit hour production decreased this past year by 9.8%. For the first time in its history, BartOnline also saw a decrease in enrollment of 9.4%. Both Fort Riley and Fort Leavenworth also saw a reduction in business of approximately 18% due to major deployments.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the institution, both operating and nonoperating, the expenses paid by the institution, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the institution. In addition, the Total Net Position is provided for both the beginning of the year as well as the end of the year.

Generally speaking, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the institution. Operating expenses are those expenses paid to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the institution. Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. Examples of nonoperating revenues are state appropriations and local ad valorem taxes. These are "nonoperating" because the Kansas Board of Regents provides state appropriations to the institution, and the Kansas Board of Regents does not directly receive goods or services for those revenues. Like the state appropriations, the property owners of Barton County provide the local ad valorem taxes, and the property owners do not directly receive goods or services for those revenues.

	2017	2016
Operating Revenues	\$ 20,614,171	21,588,286

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Operating Expenses Net Operating Loss	\$ (41,073,369) (20,459,198)	(42,382,451) (20,794,165)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$ 21,467,778	22,451,266
Total Extraordinary Item		25,660
Change in Net Position Total Net Position - Beginning, as restated	1,008,580 39,609,604	1,682,761 37,926,843
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 40,618,184	39,609,604

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position reflects a slight increase for this year. Our credit hour production decreased for the year, as well as both in-state hours and state support per hour decreased for the year. Our BartOnline distance education also saw a decline in growth this past year. In an effort to offset the decline in state funding and loss of tax revenue, our fee rates were increased \$4.00 per credit hour for fiscal year 2017.

Operations at Ft. Riley/Grandview decreased by 18% this last year due to cuts in military aid for soldiers and deployments. The number of students occupying student housing remained stable as compared to last year.

We again saw a decrease in state support of SB155 (high school students funded for tiered technical courses) and a decrease in revenue attributed to local property taxes.

We were again able to provide salary increases for our employees this past year. Our health insurance plan, which operates on a self-insured basis, continues to see increases in its costs. The cash reserve is stable. There is a degree of uncertainty in the insurance market due to a lack of clear direction surrounding health care reform. Because health insurance is a major employee benefit, the college continues to cover the cost of a single plan for our employees.

Statement of Cash Flows

The final statement presented by Barton County Community College is the Statement of Cash Flows. The Statement of Cash Flows presents detailed information about the cash activity of the institution during the year. The statement is divided into five parts. The first part deals with operating cash flows and shows the net cash used by the operating activities of the institution (tuition and fees, grants, auxiliary enterprises, payments to employees and benefits, payments to suppliers, and activity revenues). The second section reflects cash flows from noncapital financing activities (state appropriations, local taxes, Pell and SEOG grants, and contributions). This section reflects the cash received and spent for nonoperating, noninvesting, and noncapital financing purposes. The third section reflects the cash flows from capital and related financing activities. This section deals with the cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items (purchase of capital assets, principle on debt, interest payments, and loss on sale of assets). The fourth section deals with cash flows from investing activities and shows the interest received from investing activities. The fifth section reconciles the net cash used to the operating income or loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

	2017	2016
Operating Activities	\$ (18,930,061)	(18,655,516)
Noncapital Financing Activities	21,853,962	23,557,178

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Capital and Related Financing Activities Investing Activities	(1,427,838) 36,281	(2,810,907) 31,346
Net Change in Cash Cash - Beginning	\$ 1,532,344 28,409,077	2,122,101 26,286,976
Cash - Ending	\$ 29,941,421	28,409,077

The cash balance at year end increased as compared to the previous year due to significant decreases in expenditures. Most of these decreases were due to decreased enrollments in high cost programs. Even though our credit hours decreased, with the increase in fees and the reduction in expenditures, our ending cash balance increased slightly. The College's cash balance will help the future operations of the College.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The College had \$36,966,922 of plant, property, and equipment, which is an increase of \$309,859 over the prior year. The related accumulated depreciation increased to \$14,236,749 with depreciation charges of \$839,969 recognized in the current fiscal year. More detailed financial activity related to the changes in Capital Assets is presented in Note 9.

The College decreased long-term debt by a net amount of \$335,000 in 2017. This decreases long-term debt to \$10,680,000 at fiscal year-end. More detailed financial information related to long-term debt is presented in Note 28.

Economic Outlook

Barton's overall credit hour production declined this past year. This seems to be a trend for all of Higher Ed state wide. Our hours generated through face to face classes on the Barton Campus and at Fort Riley/Leavenworth have declined as compared to the previous year. For the first time, our distance education (BartOnline) decreased in credit hour production this past year. The method of delivering education continues to move toward distance education versus traditional face-to-face delivery. Unless the economic climate changes, it appears that any growth for colleges will be out of state or international students.

Our dependency on state funding and local valuations for funding play a major role in our financial success. The ongoing political and financial uncertainty of the state continues to be a challenge for higher education. After four straight years of level funding by the State, the State support for state aid was reduced by 4% last FY. The college continues to focus its efforts in areas that will provide funding such as SB155, online, and specific targeted markets. Unfortunately, the State has decreased those courses eligible for SB155 funds due to the lack of state revenues and increased participation.

The college will continue to increase the efficiency of its operation, using the resources it receives to make the lives of our students better. We will take appropriate actions to increase our credit hour production where possible and ensure the success of our educational operations.

Mark Dean

Vice President of Administration

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

		Coll	ege	Founda	ation
		2017	2016	2017	2016
<u>ASSETS</u>				<u> </u>	
Current Assets					
Cash - Unrestricted	\$	29,941,421	28,409,077	148,873	21,594
Cash - Restricted	_	31,437	27,527		
Total Cash		29,972,858	28,436,604	148,873	21,594
Investments		-	-	2,925,747	2,650,028
Accounts Receivable - Taxes in Process,		404 740	404 774		
Net of Uncollectible		134,719	131,774	-	=
Accounts Receivable, Students, Net of Allowance for		= 00.000	705.007		
Doubtful Accounts of \$1,083,505 and \$1,041,680		790,606	765,827	-	=
Federal Grant Receivable		361,218	356,869	40.000	40.000
Other Receivables		-	-	18,096	19,636
Inventory		211,240	217,706	-	-
Prepaid Insurance and Other Expenses		179,213	265,467	44 500	- 0.000
Unconditional Promises to Give	-	<u> </u>		11,500	8,000
Total Current Assets	_	31,649,854	30,174,247	3,104,216	2,699,258
Noncurrent Assets					
Unconditional Promises to Give		-	-	8,500	13,000
Beneficial Interest in Remainder Trusts		-	-	488,916	455,350
Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Others		-	-	15,363	14,241
Endowment Investments - Restricted		-	-	4,104,468	3,781,633
Equity Interest in Joint Venture - Workfit, LLC		22,398	22,733	-	-
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		678,800	678,800	954,577	954,103
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated					
Depreciation of \$14,236,749 and \$13,396,873		22,051,373	22,581,390	-	_
Construction in Progress	_	80,419			
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	22,832,990	23,282,923	5,571,824	5,218,327
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions		54,258	10,636	-	-
Early Retirement on Debt Refunding, Net of		, -	, -		
Accumulated Amortization of \$48,968 and \$26,980	_	433,163	455,151		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	487,421	465,787		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	54,970,265	53,922,957	8,676,040	7,917,585
	-	·			

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

		Coll	ege	Founda	ation
		2017	2016	2017	2016
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Current Liabilities					
Current Obligations - Certificates of Participation	\$	345,000	335,000	-	-
Current Obligations - Capital Leases		88,420	170,938	-	-
Accounts Payable		485,749	428,654	-	2,800
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		940,827	808,372	-	-
Accrued Interest Payable		95,443	93,562	-	-
Compensated Absences		883,136	771,636	-	-
Deposits and Other Payables		481,576	515,275		
Total Current Liabilities		3,320,151	3,123,437		2,800
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Noncurrent Obligations - Certificate of Participation		10,335,000	10,680,000	-	-
Noncurrent Obligations - Capital Leases		-	88,420	-	-
Net OPEB Obligation		247,755	167,934	-	-
Net Pension Liability		129,202	94,092	-	-
Bond Premium, Net of Accumulated					
Amortization of \$19,219 and \$11,871		146,633	153,981	<u> </u>	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		10,858,590	11,184,427		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		173,340	5,489		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		14,352,081	14,313,353		2,800
NET POSITION					
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted - Expendable for		12,042,172	11,985,832	-	-
Board Designated		6,016,331	5,150,577	-	-
Other		-	=	2,916,560	2,346,970
Restricted - Nonexpendable Unrestricted		- 22,559,681	- 22,473,195	4,240,806 1,518,674	4,180,771 1,387,044
Total Net Position	\$	40,618,184	39,609,604	8,676,040	7,914,785
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Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

		Communit	y College	Founda	ation
	_	2017	2016	2017	2016
Operating Revenues					
Tuition and Fees	\$	14,578,566	15,852,618	-	-
Less: Student Scholarship Allowances		(3,957,706)	(4,375,354)	<u>-</u>	-
Net Tuition and Fees		10,620,860	11,477,264	-	-
Federal Grants and Contracts		4,451,433	4,671,274	-	-
Housing Payments		1,857,370	1,968,827	-	-
Bookstore Sales		702,198	771,200	-	-
Activity Revenue and Other		2,982,310	2,699,721	1,454	12,583
Contributions and Other Fundraisers	_	<u>-</u>		526,864	542,298
Total Operating Revenues	_	20,614,171	21,588,286	528,318	554,881
Operating Expenses					
Instruction		16,417,757	16,566,726	-	-
Public Service		673,122	621,598	_	-
Academic Support		3,815,784	4,026,886	_	-
Student Services		3,305,000	3,318,022	_	-
Institutional Support		7,617,102	7,100,946	181,029	308,246
Physical Plant Operations		2,334,293	3,157,926	-	_
Student Financial Support		3,736,585	4,157,006	345,798	516,230
Auxiliary Services		2,211,117	2,486,024	-	_
Depreciation and Amortization	_	962,609	947,317	<u> </u>	-
Total Operating Expenses	_	41,073,369	42,382,451	526,827	824,476
Net Operating Income (Loss)	_	(20,459,198)	(20,794,165)	1,491	(269,595)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
State Appropriations		10,340,634	10,066,893	_	_
County Property Taxes		8,870,470	9,156,292	_	_
Pell and SEOG Grants		2,604,899	3,134,649	_	_
Contributions		40,904	45,776	_	_
Interest Income		24,171	16,831	_	_
Investment Income		12,110	14,515	761,365	(66,930)
Insurance Proceeds		12,110	597,350	701,000	(00,000)
Gain (Loss) From Sale of Assets		2,909	(26,777)	(1,601)	(300)
Debt Issuance Costs		2,303	(120,816)	(1,001)	(300)
Interest Expense on Debt		(428,319)	(433,447)	<u> </u>	-
Net Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	21,467,778	22,451,266	759,764	(67,230)
Extraordinary Item Insurance Proceeds Camp Aldrich Fire	_		25,660		_
Change in Net Position		1,008,580	1,682,761	761,255	(336,825)
Total Net Position - Beginning	_	39,609,604	37,926,843	7,914,785	8,251,610
Total Net Position - Ending	\$_	40,618,184	39,609,604	8,676,040	7,914,785

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

		2017	2016
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Student Tuition and Fees, Net of Scholarships	\$	10,596,081	11,288,918
Grants and Contracts		4,447,084	4,593,399
Auxiliary Enterprise Revenue		2,525,869	3,923,960
Payments to Employees and for Employee Benefits		(20,425,871)	(20,425,871)
Payments to Suppliers		(19,055,869)	(20,735,141)
Activity Revenue and Other		2,982,645	2,699,219
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	,	(18,930,061)	(18,655,516)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities			
State Appropriations		10,340,634	10,066,893
County Property Taxes		8,867,525	9,686,850
Pell and SEOG Grants		2,604,899	3,134,649
Insurance Proceeds		-	623,010
Contributions		40,904	45,776
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	,	21,853,962	23,557,178
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Purchase of Capital Assets		(480,853)	(1,823,099)
Donated Capital Assets		(6,684)	(11,069)
Proceeds From Sale of Assets		(7,925)	(9,611)
Proceeds on Advance Bond Refunding		-	(355,000)
Principal Paid on Long-Term Debt		(505,938)	(170,858)
Interest Payments		(426,438)	(441,270)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	•	(1,427,838)	(2,810,907)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Investment Income		12,110	14,515
Interest on Investments		24,171	16,831
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		36,281	31,346
Net Increase in Cash		1,532,344	2,122,101
Cash - Beginning of Year		28,409,077	26,286,976
Cash - End of Year	\$	29,941,421	28,409,077
Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities			
Net Operating Loss	\$	(20,459,198)	(20,794,165)
Net Operating Loss	Ψ	(20,439,190)	(20,794,103)
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Operating Loss to			
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities			
Depreciation and Amortization		962,609	947,317
(Increase) Decrease in			
Accounts Receivable		(29,128)	808,043
Inventory		6,466	55,296
Prepaid Insurance and Other Expenses		86,254	(127,925)
Equity Interest in Joint Venture		335	(502)
Increase (Decrease) in			
Accounts Payable		53,185	162,877
Accrued Payroll and Benefits		132,455	116,289
Compensated Absences		111,500	36,350
Net OPEB Obligation		79,821	97,888
Net Pension Liability		159,339	(66,653)
Other Liabilities		(33,699)	109,669
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(18,930,061)	(18,655,516)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Barton County Community College is located in central Kansas in Barton County. The College is a modern comprehensive community college authorized by Kansas House Bill #893-1963 and approved by the State Superintendent of Education in July 1965. The College offers a multi-faceted curriculum for a student population of approximately 3,500 full-time equivalent students annually. Presently, about one-third of the students attend classes on the main campus. The other two-thirds are either enrolled in BartOnline courses or at one of a number of off-campus sites operated in the six surrounding counties, as well as, in or near the cities of Salina and Junction City, Kansas.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Financial Reporting Entity

The College is governed by an elected six-member board. The financial statements of the College have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to colleges and universities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These financial statements present **Barton County Community College** (the primary government) and its component unit. The component unit is included in the College's reporting entity because of the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the College.

Barton County Community College Foundation is a discretely presented component unit of the College and is included in the component unit column in the College's basic financial statements. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is a not-for-profit entity legally separate from the College. Foundation board members are appointed by the existing Foundation board members. The discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year end.

Barton County Community College Foundation is a nonprofit corporation whose purpose is to raise private sector funds by providing leadership and to prudently manage gifts to benefit educational opportunities and initiatives of **Barton County Community College**. The majority of the contributions received are from individual supporters of the Foundation. Scholarships totaling \$239,476 and \$295,911 and expenditure reimbursements of \$45,992 and \$220,319 were provided to the College during the 2017 and 2016 years, respectively.

Barton County Community College Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and is not considered a private foundation. The Foundation reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) Statements. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences. The component unit's financial data has, however, been aggregated into like categories for presentation purposes.

Separately issued audited financial statements for the Foundation may be obtained from the College's administrative office.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Joint Venture

In November 2006, **Barton County Community College** entered into an operating agreement to jointly own and operate Workfit, LLC, a partnership dedicated to reducing work-related injuries and associated costs for surrounding employers. Workfit, LLC offers the Physical Capacity Profile testing procedure which is ADA, EEOC and HIPPA compliant. **Barton County Community College** purchased a 30% equity interest by providing \$20,000 worth of services. If needed, the College has an ongoing financial obligation to the continued existence of Workfit, LLC. The College's equity interest in Workfit, LLC as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$22,398 and \$22,733, respectively.

Unaudited financial statements for Workfit, LLC may be obtained from the College's administrative office.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

For financial statement reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes property taxes; federal, state and local grants; state appropriations and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance. Revenue from grants, state appropriations, and other contributions are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used in the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the College must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the College on a reimbursement basis.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the College's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the taxing district. The College's property taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis, are levied, and become a lien on the property on November 1st of each year. The determination of assessed valuation and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County Appraiser's Office annually determines assessed valuation and the County Clerk spreads the annual assessment to the taxing units. One-half of the property taxes are due December 20th and the second half is due May 10th. The College draws available funds from the County Treasurer's office at designated times throughout the year.

Collection of current year property tax by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned nor distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year, such procedure being in conformity with governing state statutes. Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. A percent of property taxes levied in November 2016 are normally distributed after June 30, 2017 and are presented as accounts receivable, net of estimated uncollectible amounts. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the County Treasurer had distributed to the College approximately 93% and 94%, respectively, of ad valorem taxes levied.

It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the audit period and, further, the amounts thereof are not material in relationship to the financial statements taken as a whole. Personal property taxes are recognized as revenue when made available and distributed by the County Treasurer.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Revenue Classification

The college has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenues – Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances, (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, (3) most federal, state and local grants and contracts, and (4) interest on institutional student loans.

Nonoperating Revenues – Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, and GASB Statement No. 34, such as state appropriations, property taxes and investment income.

Cash

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the College considers all unrestricted, highly liquid deposits with original maturities of twelve months or less as cash. The Foundation considers unrestricted and temporarily restricted funds in the checking accounts as cash. Cash contributions that are restricted by the donor for long-term purposes are not included in the definition of cash even though the funds are invested in short-term liquid investments.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty and staff. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated allowances for uncollectible amounts. Accounts receivable also include amounts due from the federal government, state and local governments (including property taxes) or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts.

Management determines the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts based upon a level that in management's judgment is adequate to absorb the losses inherent to student services. Amounts determined uncollectible are written off to the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventory, consisting mainly of new and used textbooks, school supplies and soft goods held for resale by the bookstore is stated at the lower of cost or market. The College records certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods as prepaid items in its financial statements.

Investments

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are reported at their fair values in the statements of net position. Unrealized gains and losses are included in the change in net assets. Investment income and gains and losses restricted by a donor are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets if the restrictions are met (either by passage of time or by use) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

Donor Imposed Restrictions

All contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Amounts received that are designated for future periods or restricted by the donor for specific purposes are reported as temporarily restricted or permanently restricted support that increases those net asset classes. However, if a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contributions is received, the Foundation reports the support as unrestricted.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Unconditional Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give are recorded at net realizable value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that unconditional promises to give that are due beyond the next year be discounted using risk free interest rates. The effect of recording these promises to give at net realizable value is not materially different than the discounted amount that would have been recorded at year end. The Foundation considers all pledges receivable to be collectible and therefore, the financial statements do not include an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, such as streets, sidewalks, parking lots, water system and sewer system. Capital assets are defined by the College as assets with an initial unit cost of \$5,000 or more and have a useful life of at least 2 years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized.

The College capitalizes interest cost incurred on funds used during the construction phase to construct property, plant and equipment. The capitalized interest is recorded as part of the asset to which it relates and is amortized over the asset's estimated useful life. Interest cost capitalized, net of accumulated amortization was \$257,044 and \$271,073 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Construction in progress is stated at cost, which includes the cost of construction and other direct costs attributable to the construction. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into use. Construction in progress at June 30, 2017 represents renovations for converting a dorm to a dance building.

Property, plant, and equipment of the College are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (see Note 10 for further detail):

Assets	Years
Buildings	80
Improvements	20-40
Furniture/Fixtures/Equipment	20-40
Vehicles	5
Library Materials	80
Infrastructure	10-80

The Foundation has an extensive collection of artwork that has been either donated to or purchased by the Foundation. All donations of artwork are recorded at fair value as of the date of the donation. All purchases of artwork are recorded at cost. The artwork has not had a recent appraisal and the current value of the collection is not known. The collection is not depreciated as part of capital assets.

The artwork is on display in the Shafer Art Gallery in the Fine Arts Building on the campus of **Barton County Community College** and at various offices and meeting rooms on campus, and is sometimes on loan to businesses in the community. The artwork that is not currently out for viewing is stored in a climate controlled and secure room in the Fine Arts Building.

Various individuals have donated books on Kansas history to the Foundation. The books are kept in the Cohen Center for Kansas History in the Barton County Community College Library. The books have been recorded on the Foundation's books at fair value as of the date of the donation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The College currently reports deferred charges on early retirement on debt refunding. The deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The College also reports a collective deferred outflow of resources related to pensions, which is described further in Note 25.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The College has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The college reports a collective deferred inflow of resources related to pensions, which is described further in Note 25.

On-Behalf Payments for Employee Benefits

The College recognizes revenues and expenses for contributions made by the State of Kansas to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) on behalf of the College's employees.

Net Position

The College's net position is classified as follows:

- a. *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt*: This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position expendable: Restricted expendable net position include resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- c. Restricted net position nonexpendable: Nonexpendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal in accordance with donor restrictions.
- d. Unrestricted net position: Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, sales and services of auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any lawful purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues and certain other revenues from students are reported net of scholarship allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses, and change in net position. Scholarship allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the College and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as PELL, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), and other federal, state or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the College's financial statements. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the College has recorded a scholarship allowance.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Income Taxes

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code 501(c)(3) and is not considered to be a private foundation; therefore, income taxes are not provided for in the financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Foundation's management to evaluate the tax positions taken and recognize a tax liability (or asset) if the Foundation has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not, would not be sustained upon examination by the IRS. The Foundation believes it does not have any material uncertain tax positions that should be reflected in the financial statements. Tax years that remain subject to examination in the Foundation's major jurisdictions are for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016 and 2015.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- a. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- b. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- c. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
- d. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least 10 days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There were no such budget amendments for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the College for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end. Encumbrances are recorded as an expenditure in the summary schedules for individual funds.

Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the Board.

Budgetary Compliance – Regulatory Basis

By statute, the College prepares its annual budget on the regulatory basis of accounting. A reconciliation of these regulatory basis statements to the GAAP statements is presented in the notes to supplementary

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

information.

NOTE 3 - CASH

Barton County Community College follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's portion of total cash and investments is summarized in the individual fund financial statements.

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the College. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the College's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the College is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The College has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the College's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The College has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

State statutes place no limit on the amount the College may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and K.S.A. 9-1405.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the College's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka, except during designated "peak periods" when required coverage is 50%. The College does not use "peak periods".

The College's carrying amount of deposits was \$29,972,858 and \$28,436,604 and the bank balance was \$30,138,331 and \$28,599,252 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The bank balance was held by eight banks resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$3,168,631 and \$3,191,758 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$26,969,700 and \$25,407,494 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' agents in the College's name at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The carrying amount of the Foundation's checking account at June 30, 2017 was \$148,873 and the bank balance was \$151,211. The carrying amount of the Foundation's checking accounts at June 30, 2016 was \$21,594 and the bank balance was \$24,833. The difference between the carrying amount and bank balance is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit. The entire bank balance was adequately secured by pledged securities and/or FDIC coverage at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the College will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require investments to be adequately secured. The College had no investments at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS AND INVESTMENT RETURN

Investments are stated at fair value on a recurring basis using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and consist of money market funds, mutual funds, stocks and bonds as follows:

Foundation Investments

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				2017	2016
Money Market Fund			\$	183,499	34,557
Equity Funds Common Stocks				3,215,144	1,968,680
				1,445,506	2,049,456
Governmental Obligations				583,487	858,270
Non-governmental Obligations				1,326,001	1,258,350
Fixed Income Funds			-	276,578	262,348
Total			\$	7,030,215	6,431,661
			_		
Investment return is summarized below:					
				2017	
			1	emporarily	
B		Unrestricted		Restricted	Total
Dividend and Investment Income	\$	56,699		76,147	132,846
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains		253,447		340,384	593,831
Investment Fees		(19,661)	_	-	(19,661)
Net Investment Return	\$	290,485	_	416,531	707,016
				2016	
		-	1	emporarily	
		Unrestricted		Restricted	Total
Dividend and Investment Income	\$	22,649		114,450	137,099
Net Realized and Unrealized Losses		(4,662)		(174,207)	(178,869)
Investment Fees		(19,586)			(19,586)
Net Investment Return	\$	(1,599)		(59,757)	(61,356)
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Investment return has been allocated between unrestricted and temporarily restricted based on the donors' explicit stipulation.

Restricted Investments

Barton County Community College Foundation has recorded a portion of its investments as long-term due to restrictions placed by either the donor or granting agency. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Foundation has received \$2,958,129 and \$2,932,133, respectively, in cash and stock contributions that are permanently restricted by the donors. The various donors have specified that the original donation must remain intact, but the investment income can be spent on scholarships or other educational purposes. The fair value of these permanently restricted donations was \$4,104,468 and \$3,781,633 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Fair Value Measurements

Accounting guidance establishes the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC 820 are described below:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full-term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the inputs and valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Common stock, non-governmental obligations and government obligations are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Equity and fixed income funds are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. The funds are required to publish their daily net asset value and to transact at that price.

The beneficial interest in remainder trusts and the beneficial interest in the assets held by the Golden Belt Community Foundation are reported at the Foundation's proportionate share of the fair value of the underlying assets in the trusts or in the assets held by Golden Belt Community Foundation as reported by the trustees. These assets are revalued annually by the Foundation based on investment statements provided by the third party trustees.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Foundation believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2017				
	_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equity Funds Common Stocks Government Obligations Non-government Obligations Fixed Income Funds	\$	3,215,144 1,445,506 583,487 1,326,001 276,578	- - - -	- - - -	3,215,144 1,445,506 583,487 1,326,001 276,578
Beneficial Interest in Remainder Trusts Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Others	_	<u>-</u>	- 	488,916 15,363	488,916 15,363
Total	\$_	6,846,716	<u> </u>	504,279	7,350,995

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

	_	Fair Value Measurements at June 30, 2016					
	_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Equity Funds Common Stocks Government Obligations Non-government Obligations Fixed Income Funds Beneficial Interest in Remainder Trusts	\$	1,968,680 2,049,456 858,270 1,258,350 262,348	- - - -	- - - - - 455,350	1,968,680 2,049,456 858,270 1,258,350 262,348 455,350		
Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Others	_			14,241	14,241		
Total	\$_	6,397,104		469,591	6,866,695		

The following summarizes the Foundation's activities related to those items measured at fair value using level three inputs for the year ended June 30, 2017:

		Interest Agreements
Fair Value – June 30, 2015	\$	494,751
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements		(12,473)
Distributions		(12,687)
Fair Value – June 30, 2016	_	469,591
Change in Value of Split Interest Agreements		35,808
Distributions	_	(1,120)
Fair Value – June 30, 2017	\$_	504,279

There were no transfers between levels one and two and there were no transfers in or out of level three during the current year.

The carrying values of cash, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to the relatively short periods to maturity of these items or because they are receivable or payable on demand.

The fair value of the land, book collection and artwork owned by the Foundation is unknown. In order for the Foundation to determine the estimated fair value of these assets, it would incur excessive costs which could affect the Foundation's programs and activities.

NOTE 5 - OTHER RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, Barton County Community College Foundation has recorded a receivable for interest and dividend income earned prior to year-end on its investment accounts with UMB Bank, N.A. The receivable is comprised of the following:

	2017	2016
Earnings on Investments	\$ 18,096	19,636

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 6 - UNCONDITIONAL PROMISES TO GIVE

Included in unconditional promises to give are pledges for the following purposes:

	 2017	2016
Pledges Due In Less Than One Year One to Five Years	\$ 11,500 8,500	8,000 13,000
Total Pledges Due	\$ 20,000	21,000

In addition to the unconditional promises to give reported above, Barton County Community College Foundation received the following conditional promises to give, which are not recognized as an asset in the statements of net position:

	2017	2016
Promises to Give Conditional Upon Continued Employment at	 	_
Barton County Community College	\$ 1,779	2,178

NOTE 7 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN REMAINDER TRUSTS

Barton County Community College Foundation was named as a 20% beneficiary of two trusts which own farmland and a small amount of cash. The trust documents state that the farmland should remain in the trusts until twenty years and nine months after the death of the last survivor. The last survivor passed away on August 14, 2000 and therefore, the trusts will continue until 2021. The Foundation's interests in these trusts are recorded in the financial statements at 20% of the fair value of the farmland (as reported by the Trustee) and cash. The amounts recorded as the beneficial interest of these trusts were \$89,399 and \$89,889 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Foundation was named as a 50% beneficiary of a trust that contains cash and marketable securities. The income earned by the trust's assets is distributed to five beneficiaries and then, upon the death of the last income beneficiary, a portion of the trust corpus will be distributed to the Foundation. The Foundation has recorded its respective interest in the trust based on the fair value of the investments at year end. The amounts recorded as the beneficial interest of this trust at June 30, 2017 and 2016 are \$399,517 and \$365,461, respectively.

NOTE 8 - BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN ASSETS HELD BY GOLDEN BELT COMMUNITY FOUNDATION

In a prior year, Barton County Community College Foundation irrevocably transferred money to the Golden Belt Community Foundation to establish an endowment fund. Under the terms of the agreement, the Foundation is able to receive 5% of the average market value of the endowed fund less any fees or administrative costs allocated to the fund by the Golden Belt Community Foundation. The average market value is computed using the market value of the fund during the past 16 calendar quarters. The Foundation can receive this distribution annually.

At the time of the transfer, the Organization granted Golden Belt Community Foundation variance power. That power gives Golden Belt Community Foundation the right to distribute the investment income to another not-for-profit organization of its choice if Barton County Community College Foundation ceases to exist or if the governing board of Golden Belt Community Foundation determines that continued payments to Barton County Community College Foundation are unnecessary, obsolete, inappropriate, incapable of fulfillment, impractical, illegal, or inconsistent with Golden Belt Community Foundation's mission.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The transfer has been recorded in the financial statements at June 30, 2017 and 2016 at \$15,363 and \$14,241, respectively.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in the various capital asset categories for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 for **Barton County Community College**.

		2017				
		Beginning			Ending	
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Land	\$	678,800	-	-	678,800	
Improvements		279,186	-	-	279,186	
Infrastructure		843,340	-	-	843,340	
Buildings		26,498,804	-	-	26,498,804	
Vehicles		1,516,845	324,086	96,044	1,744,887	
Machinery and Equipment		4,982,615	111,855	37,762	5,056,708	
Library Materials		1,857,473	7,724		1,865,197	
Total		36,657,063	443,665	133,806	36,966,922	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(13,396,873)	(947,969)	(108,093)	(14,236,749)	
Construction in Progress			80,419		80,419	
Capital Assets, Net	\$	23,260,190	(423,885)	25,713	22,810,592	
			201	16		
		Beginning			Ending	
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	
Land	\$	678,800			678,800	
Improvements		279,186	-	-	279,186	
Infrastructure		843,340	-	_	843,340	
Buildings		23,904,729	2,594,075	_	26,498,804	
Vehicles		1,385,072	265,420	133,647	1,516,845	
Machinery and Equipment		5,107,118	119,123	243,626	4,982,615	
Library Materials	-	1,833,645	23,828		1,857,473	
Total		34,031,890	3,002,446	377,273	36,657,063	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(12,756,694)	(936,820)	(296,641)	(13,396,873)	
Construction in Progress	•	1,104,812		1,104,812		
Capital Assets, Net	\$	22,380,008	2,065,626	1,185,444	23,260,190	

The following is a summary of changes in the various capital asset categories for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 for Barton County Community College Foundation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

	_	2017					
	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance		
Land	\$	94,000	-	-	94,000		
Art Collection		735,562	2,075	880	736,757		
Book Collection		124,541	-	721	123,820		
	-						
Total	\$	954,103	2,075	1,601	954,577		
	_	2016					
		Beginning			Ending		
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance		
Land	\$	94,000		-	94,000		
Art Collection		665,577	70,285	300	735,562		
Book Collection		124,541	-	-	124,541		
	-	·					
Total	\$	884,118	70,285	300	954,103		

NOTE 10 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The majority of the office equipment and office space that Barton County Community College Foundation uses in its day to day activities are owned by Barton County Community College. The fair value of the use of the property and equipment is estimated to be \$12,188 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 and has been recorded in the financial statements.

NOTE 11 - TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets of Barton County Community College Foundation are available for the following specific purposes:

O share share have		2017	2016
Scholarships and Program Enhancements	\$	2,446,119	1,913,983
Gifts and Grants		25,570	27,010
Library		52,475	47,130
Friends of the Gallery		23,014	21,174
Fine Arts Building		1,383	7,159
Cohen Center		275,856	247,757
Wesley Assessment Center		73,243	65,782
Library Renovation		5,474	4,916
AAC Enhancements		82	74
Other Various Restrictions	_	13,344	11,985
Total	\$_	2,916,560	2,346,970

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restrictions specified by the donor. Net assets released were from the following restrictions:

	2017	2016
Scholarships and Program Enhancements	\$ 24,854	237,671
Gifts and Grants	12,443	84,238
Fine Arts Building	5,775	_

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Total	\$ _	43,072	325,544	
Cohen Center	_		2,000	
Friends of the Gallery		-	1,635	

NOTE 12 - PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Permanently restricted net assets of Barton County Community College Foundation have been restricted by the donors for the following purposes:

		2017	2016
Scholarships and Program Enhancements	\$	3,447,044	3,387,483
Artwork		669,942	668,747
Book Collection	_	123,820	124,541
Total	\$_	4,240,806	4,180,771

The income generated from the investment of endowment principal is to be spent on scholarships and educational programs or enhancements per the donors.

NOTE 13- ENDOWMENT FUNDS

The Foundation's endowment consists of individual funds established for a variety of purposes. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The Foundation's governing body has interpreted the State of Kansas Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of donor-restricted endowment funds is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Foundation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. Purposes of the Foundation and the fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. Possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. Expected total return from investment income and appreciation or depreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Foundation
- 7. Investment policies of the Foundation

Barton County Community College Foundation's long-term financial objectives for its endowment funds are to generate income to provide for current needs and to preserve the principal of the endowment funds in order to provide a base for generating income to meet future needs. The Financial Planning Committee is charged with investing and managing the endowment funds as a prudent investor would while taking into consideration the purpose, terms, and distribution requirements of each endowment fund. In making and implementing

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

investment decisions, the Committee has a duty to diversify the investments of the endowment funds unless, under the circumstances, it is not prudent to do so.

The recommended asset allocation of the endowment funds as of June 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

	Minimum	Maximum
Equity	45%	70%
Fixed Income	25%	45%
Cash Equivalent	0%	15%

The overall investment policy of the Foundation is to obtain the best possible return on its investments and that such return is the sum of the yield (defined as interest, dividends, etc.) and gain (defined as appreciation) commensurate with the degree of risk the Foundation is willing to assume in obtaining such return.

Endowment funds shall generally be invested for no less than 12 months prior to the earnings being available to use. The earnings and appreciation generated from the endowments will be available for expenditure in accordance with the donor's restrictions. Any distribution from an endowment may not be in an amount which invades the endowment's principal balance. Furthermore, no expenditures are allowed from an endowment when the fair value falls below the endowment's principal balance.

All of the Foundation's endowment funds are donor restricted and the principal balances are included in permanently restricted net assets in the financial statements. Below is a reconciliation of the activity in the endowment investment accounts.

		Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
		Oniestricted	Nestricted	1\c3i1icicu	1 Otal
Endowment Net Assets	•		4.070.004	0.000.500	0.070.500
June 30, 2015	\$	-	1,079,934	2,893,569	3,973,503
Investment Return					
Investment Income		-	97,667	-	97,667
Net Loss (Realized and Unrealized)		(681)	(129,669)	-	(130,350)
Contributions		-	_	38,564	` 38,564 [′]
Expenditures		_	(197,751)	-	(197,751)
Experiantico			(107,701)		(101,101)
Endowment Net Assets					
June 30, 2016		(681)	850,181	2,932,133	3,781,633
Investment Return		(001)	000,101	2,002,100	0,7 0 1,000
Investment Income			54,225		54,225
		601	•	-	•
Net Gain (Realized and Unrealized)		681	369,155	-	369,836
Contributions		-	- 	25,995	25,995
Expenditures		-	(130,010)	-	(130,010)
Net Transfers To Endowments			2,789		2,789
Endowment Net Assets					
June 30, 2017	\$	-	1,146,340	2,958,128	4,104,468

The above table includes the cash and investment accounts that are under the control of the Foundation and do not include other assets that may be part of an endowment, i.e., pledges, beneficial interests in remainder trusts, and/or other receivables.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Market declines or expenditures have caused a deficiency in nine endowment funds at June 30, 2016. There were no deficiencies at June 30, 2017. The restricted principal and the fair value of the endowments are as follows:

	2016		
Number of	•	•	_
Restricted Accounts	Principal	Fair value	Deficiency
9	\$ 93,515	92,834	681

NOTE 14 - FUNDRAISING

Barton County Community College Foundation incurred \$66,952 and \$68,368 of fundraising expenses during the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The fundraising expenses were incurred in connection with the Big Benefit Auction, Clay Shoot, and Barton Enhancement and Scholarship Team Fundraiser.

NOTE 15 - CONCENTRATIONS

Barton County Community College provides the personnel that are used by Barton County Community College Foundation in its day to day operations and pays for some of the Foundation's office expenses. A change in this agreement between the College and the Foundation could adversely affect the Foundation's operations.

NOTE 16 - LITIGATION

Barton County Community College is a party to various legal proceedings which normally occur in governmental operations. These legal proceedings are not likely to have a material financial impact on the affected funds of the College.

NOTE 17 - CONTINGENT LIABILITY - FOUNDATION

The Foundation has agreed to award special scholarships to high school students who participate in Senior Day, Art Shows and other events held on campus. The Foundation would be required to fulfill this commitment if the student attended **Barton County Community College** upon graduation from high school. The total commitment for special scholarships was \$3,750 and \$1,800 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Over the past few years, the Foundation Board has approved funding for GED testing expenses incurred by students at **Barton County Community College**'s Adult Education Center. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Foundation had a remaining commitment of \$432 and \$696, respectively.

The Foundation has agreed to commit \$40,000 in funds to Barton County Community College for their use to supplement GPA scholarships for the 2017-2018 school year. The Foundation would be required to fulfill this commitment if qualifying students attend **Barton County Community College** during the 2017-2018 year.

NOTE 18 - IN-KIND DONATIONS

In-kind donations received during the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 consisted of stock, artwork, equipment, office supplies, insurance, office space and books for the benefit of **Barton County Community College** and/or Barton County Community College Foundation totaling \$176,936 and \$265,148, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 19 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Barton County Community College carries commercial insurance for risks of loss, including property, general liability, automobile, umbrella, cyber, workers' compensation, athletic, educators' legal liability, and management liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 20 - RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Barton County Community College Foundation invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of the investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the activities of the Foundation.

The Foundation has tried to minimize the risk associated with these investment securities by having an investment committee review the investment activity throughout the year and by having regular meetings with the investment company representatives.

NOTE 21 - SELF-INSURANCE PLANS

During the year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, employees of **Barton County Community College** were covered by the College's medical self-insurance plan. The total premium contributed is approximately \$1,627, \$1,094, \$1,145 and \$615 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively. The College contributes \$1,200, \$890, \$870 and \$615 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively, with the employee paying the difference through authorized payroll withholdings. Claims were paid by a third party administrator acting on behalf of the College. The administration contract between the College and the third party administration is renewable annually and administration fees are included in the contractual provisions. Stop loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$75,000, which is based on a factor determined monthly by Nationwide.

		Beginning of	Claims and
	Self-Insurance	Fiscal Year	Changes in
	Liability	Liability	Estimates
-	2015	\$ 113,994	2,433,188
	2016	207,495	1,919,659
		End of	Assets Available
	Claim	Fiscal Year	To Pay Claims
	Payments	Liability	At June 30
\$	2,339,687	207,495	3,216,419
	1,957,597	169,557	3,485,189

NOTE 22 – GRANTS AND SHARED REVENUES

Barton County Community College participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations for the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the College has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of the College, any liability for reimbursement, which may arise as the result of the audit, is not believed to be material.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The College receives a significant portion of its revenues from grants for student financial aid, all of which are subject to audit by federal and state governments. The ultimate determination of amounts awarded under these programs generally is based upon eligibility of students based upon their financial need. Until such audits have been completed, there exists a contingency to refund any amount awarded to a student that was not eligible for student financial assistance. Management is of the opinion that no material liability will result from such audits.

NOTE 23 - LEASES

Operating Leases

Barton County Community College currently has operating leases for an educational building located in Junction City and thirteen copy machines. The monthly payments on the education building include estimated pro-rata insurance and property taxes. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the total payments were as follows:

	2017	2016
Educational Building	\$ 102,861	116,440
Copy Machines	55.078	53,402

The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments required under operating leases that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2017.

	Educational	
Fiscal Year Ending	 Building	Copy Machines
2018	\$ 86,880	52,460
2019	86,880	30,252
2020	86,880	3,468
2021	86,880	1,676
2022	86,880	-
2023	86,880	
Total	\$ 521,280	87,856

Capital Lease

Capital lease obligation of the College at June 30, 2017 is comprised of the following:

	Outstanding July 01, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Outstanding June 30, 2017	Current Portion	Interest Paid
Capital Lease						
Track and Soccer Field	\$ 259,358	-	170,938	88,420	88,420	9,958

Capital lease obligation of the College at June 30, 2016 is comprised of the following:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Current	Interest
	July 01, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016	Portion	Paid
Capital Lease						
Track and Soccer Field	\$ 422,716	-	163,358	259,358	170,938	17,538

A capital lease obligation in the amount of \$88,420 and \$259,358 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, consists of an obligation to purchase the track and soccer field. The effective interest rate is 4.58 percent per annum.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The following is a schedule of future payments for the capital lease obligation.

Fiscal Year Ending	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$	88,420	2,028	90,448

NOTE 24 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Barton County Community College sponsors a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). Permanent and part-time employees are eligible to participate under the plan. The employee is responsible for the amount of deferred compensation to be contributed. The College is not required to make any contributions.

NOTE 25 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Barton County Community College participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan (Pension Plan), as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans. The Pension Plan is administered by the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), a body corporate and an instrumentality of the State of Kansas. KPERS provides benefit provisions to the following statewide pension groups under one plan, as provided by K.S.A. 74, article 49:

- Public Employees, which includes
 - State/School employees
 - Local employees
 - Police and Firemen
- Judges

Substantially all public employees in Kansas are covered by the Pension Plan. Participation by local political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable once elected.

Those employees participating in the Pension Plan for the College are included in the State/School employees group.

KPERS issues a stand-alone comprehensive annual financial report, which is available on the KPERS website at www.kpers.org.

Benefits

Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly. Members with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55, with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever a member's combined age and years of service equal 85.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Members who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into and disbursed from the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member may receive a lump sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member's lifetime benefit. The monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas. For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current members and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with 5 years of service or 60 with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with 10 years of service with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

Special Funding Situation

The employer contributions for community colleges, as defined in K.S.A.74-4931(2) and (3), are funded by the State of Kansas on behalf of the employer. Therefore, the College is considered to be in a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The State is treated as a nonemployer contributing entity in the System. Since the College does not contribute directly to the System for active employees, there is no net pension liability or deferred inflows or outflows to report in the financial statements for active employees.

The College also makes contributions directly to KPERS for KPERS retirees filling KPERS covered positions per K.S.A. 74-4937, "working after retirement" employees. The resulting proportional share of these agencies "working after retirement" contributions and resulting net position liability are attributable to the College. These amounts are reflected separately and recorded in the financial statements.

Contributions

Member contributions are established by state law, and are paid by the employee according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code. State law provides that the employer contribution rates are determined based on the results of an annual actuarial valuation. The contributions and assets of all groups are deposited in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement Fund established by K.S.A. 74-4921. All of the retirement systems are funded on an actuarial reserve basis.

For fiscal years beginning in 1995, Kansas legislation established statutory limits on increases in contribution rates for KPERS employers. Annual increases in the employer contribution rates related to subsequent benefit enhancements are not subject to these limitations. The statutory cap increase over the prior year contribution rate is 1.1% of total payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

The actuarially determined employer contribution rate and the statutory contribution rate for school employees was 16.00% and 10.91%, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. In the 2015 session, the legislature authorized issuance of \$1.0 billion in net bond proceeds to improve the funding of the State/School group. The bonds were issued in August 2015 and deposited in the trust fund on August 20, 2015.

The College is required to make all contributions on behalf of KPERS retirees working after retirement. The employer contribution rate was 10.81% and 22% for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Employer and Nonemployer Allocations

Although KPERS administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each of the following groups of the plan:

- State/School
- Local
- Police and Fireman

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Judges

To facilitate the separate (sub) actuarial valuations, KPERS maintains separate accounts to identity additions, deductions, and fiduciary net position applicable to each group. The allocation percentages presented for each group in the schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations are applied to amounts presented in the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer.

The allocation percentages for the College's share of the collective pension amounts as of June 30, 2016 and 2015 were based on the ratio of each employer's contributions to the total of the employer and nonemployer contributions of the group for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. At June 30, 2016, the College's proportion was 0.3358%, which was an increase of 0.004% from its proportion measured at June 30, 2015.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2016 and 2015, the proportionate share of the net pension liability reported by the State attributable to the College is \$22,571,922 and \$22,827,255, respectively, and is not recorded as net pension liability in the College's financial statements. The proportionate share of the net pension liability for employer contributions for working after retirement employees was \$129,202 and \$94,094, respectively, and is recorded as net pension liability in the College's financial statements.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Price inflation	3.00%
Wage inflation	4.00%
Salary increases, including wage increases	4.00% to 16.00%, including inflation
Long-term rate of return net of investment expense,	_
including price inflation	8.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for a three year period ending December 31, 2012.

The long-term expected rate of return of pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	47.00%	6.80%
Fixed Income	13.00	1.25
Yield Driven	8.00	6.55
Real Return	11.00	1.71

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Alternatives	8.00	9.85	
Short-term Investments	2.00	(0.25)	
Total	100.00%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the contractually required rate. The state, school and local employers do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rates certified by the System's Board of Trustees for these groups may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The expected KPERS employer statutory contribution was modeled for future years, assuming all actuarial assumptions are met in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.00%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (7.00%)	Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
\$167.973	\$129.202	\$96.226

Pension Expense

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the College recognized pension expense and revenue of \$2,145,397 and \$1,432,083, respectively, for support provided by the State in the form of non-employer contributions to KPERS on the College's behalf. The College recognized negative pension expense of \$35,611 for June 30, 2017, which includes the changes in the collective net pension liability, projected earnings on pension plan investments, and the amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the current period for employer contributions to KPERS for working after retirement employees.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2017, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	-	6,099
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on			
investments		11,668	-
Changes in assumptions		-	234
Changes in proportion		33,822	167,007
College contributions subsequent to measurement date	_	8,768	
Total	\$_	54,258	173,340

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

The \$8,768 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from College contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending June 30, 2017. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	
2017	\$(46,976)
2018	(46,976)
2019	(36,205)
2020	(1,408)
2021	3,715
Thereafter	-

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPERS financial report.

NOTE 26 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The health insurance benefit plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administrated by **Barton County Community College**. K.S.A. 12-5040 establishes the authority that post-employment healthcare benefits be extended to retired employees who have met the age and/or service eligibility requirements and can amend benefit provisions by state legislature. The plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The benefit is available for selection at retirement and is extended to retirees until the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan or until the age of 65. Costs under the self-insured program are paid from general operating funds.

Funding Policy

As provided and required by K.S.A. 12-5040, the College allows retirees and their spouses to participate in the group health insurance plan. Kansas statutes, which can be amended by State legislature, established that participating retirees may remain in the College's health insurance plan by paying the full amount of the applicable premium, conceptually; the College is subsidizing the retirees because each participant is charged a level of premium regardless of age. The total premium is approximately \$1,627, \$1,094, \$1,145 and \$615 per month per employee with family, employees with dependents or spouses, and single coverage, respectively. Retirees and spouses must contribute 125% of group plan premiums to maintain coverage. Cobra spouses formerly covered retirees contribute the cobra rate. The College does not pay a portion of the premium.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The College's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the College's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the College's net OPEB obligation.

Normal Cost	\$	75,723
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		31,929
Annual Required Contribution (With Interest)		107,652
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		5,038

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Adjustment to the ARC	(6,869)
Annual OPEB Cost	105,821
Less: Employer Contributions	(26,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	79,821
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of Year	167,934
Net OPEB Obligation – End of Year	\$ 247,755

	Annual	Net Employer	Percentage	End of Year
Fiscal Year	OPEB Cost	Contributions	Contributed	OPEB Obligation
2014	\$ 118,531	\$ 74,000	62.4%	\$ 44,531
2015	118,046	48,000	40.7%	70,046
2016	106,888	9,000	8.4%	167,934
2017	105 821	26 000	24.6%	247 755

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$757,844 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$757,844. The College's policy is to fund the benefits on a pay as you go basis. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,297,051 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 6.7%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The ARC for the plan's year was determined as part of the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation using the following methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method Level % of Pay, Open period

Remaining Amortization Period 30 years
Asset Valuation Method Not Applicable
Valuation Interest Rate 3.00%

Projected Healthcare Inflation Medical/RX – Pre-65 7% then grade down to 5%,

Dental – Flat 3.25%

Aggregate Payroll Growth 1.50%

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 27 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacation

All 12-month employees of **Barton County Community College**, such as the executive, 12-month faculty, hourly and exempt personnel are entitled to vacation under the following schedule:

- 1. Executive personnel shall earn vacation at the rate of 13.33 hours per month (20 days per year) and allowed to accrue a maximum of 320 hours (40 days).
- 2. 12-month faculty on the Barton Campus shall earn 8 hours of vacation per month (12 days per year) for the first 5 years and thereafter shall earn vacation at the rate of 11.33 hours per month (17 days per year) and allowed to accrue a maximum of 192 hours.
- 3. 12-month faculty on the Fort Riley Campus shall earn vacation at the rate of 20 hours per month (30 days per year) and allowed to accrue a maximum of 240 hours (30 days).
- 4. Exempt personnel shall earn 8 hours of vacation per month (12 days per year) for the first 5 years and thereafter shall earn vacation at the rate of 11.33 hours per month (17 days per year) and allowed to accrue a maximum of 192 hours (24 days).
- 5. Full-time hourly personnel shall earn 6.67 hours of vacation per month (10 days per year) for the first 5 years and thereafter shall earn vacation at the rate of 10 hours per month (15 days per year) and allowed to accrue a maximum of 160 hours (24 days).

The College's potential liability for vacation at June 30, 2017 and 2016 has been estimated at \$883,136 and \$732,315, respectively, and is recorded in the financial statements.

Sick Leave

The College provides sick leave to its eligible employees as follows:

- 1. Executive personnel shall earn sick leave at the rate of 8 hours per month and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours.
- 2. Faculty shall earn sick leave at the rate of 8 hours per month and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours.
- 3. Full-time exempt staff shall earn sick leave at the rate of 8 hours per month and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours.
- 4. 3/4-time exempt staff shall earn sick leave at the rate of 6 hours per month and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours. Halftime exempt staff shall earn sick leave at the rate of 4 hours per month and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours.
- 5. Full-time hourly staff shall earn sick leave at the rate of 8 hours per month and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours.
- 6. Part-time hourly staff shall earn sick leave at the rate of .0462 hours per hour worked and allowed to accrue a maximum of 960 hours.

Accumulated sick leave is not paid upon termination of employment except for those employees qualifying for early retirement. A qualified early retiree will be paid for accumulated sick leave at a rate of the retiree's average base salary for the last four years of employment times the number of accrued sick days up to \$100 per day. The College's potential liability for sick leave at June 30, 2017 and 2016 has been estimated at

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

\$2,947,880 and \$2,746,834, respectively, and is not recorded in the financial statements.

The College has a donated leave program that allows its employees to contribute their paid leave time to their colleagues who are in need of it. Maximum leave which could be transferred to an employee requesting donated leave is 480 hours. Individuals must have a minimum of 126 hours of accrued sick leave before being eligible to donate sick leave under this program. The College's potential liability for donated leave at June 30, 2017 and 2016 has been estimated at \$3,584 and \$13,396, respectively, and is not recorded in the financial statements.

Personal Leave

The College provides personal leave to its eligible employees as follows:

All full-time staff shall earn 16 hours of personal leave per fiscal year (2 days per year). Unused leave does not carry over.

NOTE 28 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificates of Participation Bonds Series 2008

On December 3, 2008, the College issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$4,590,000 to finance the remodeling and improvements to the library and technical building. On November 3, 2015, the College refunded \$4,175,000 with Series 2015 certificates of participation, leaving a remaining balance of \$415,000.

<u>Purpose</u>	Interest Rates	<u>Amount</u>
Business-type Activities	5.0%	\$415.000

Series 2013

On May 16, 2013, the College issued certificate of participation bonds to finance the construction of a student housing facility in the amount of \$4,575,000 and \$2,090,000 for the purpose of providing funds for refunding the Series 2005 certificates of participation.

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Business-type Activities	2.0%-4.5%	\$6,665,000

Series 2015

On November 3, 2015, the College issued certificates of participation in the amount of \$4,530,000 for the purpose of providing funds for refunding the Series 2008 certificates of participation.

<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Business-type Activities	2.0%-4.0%	\$4,530,000

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Current	Interest
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016	Portion	Paid
Certificates of Participation						
Series 2013	\$ 6,070,000	-	205,000	5,865,000	210,000	188,713
Series 2008	415,000	-	130,000	285,000	135,000	227,767
Series 2015	4,530,000			4,530,000		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 11,015,000		335,000	10,680,000	345,000	416,480

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Outstanding			Outstanding	Current	Interest
	June 30, 2015	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2016	Portion	Paid
Certificates of Participation						
Series 2013	\$ 6,270,000	-	200,000	6,070,000	205,000	192,713
Series 2008	4,590,000	-	4,175,000	415,000	130,000	231,019
Series 2015	-	4,530,000	-	4,530,000	-	-
Loan						
State of Kansas	162,500		162,500			
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 11,022,500	4,530,000	4,537,500	11,015,000	335,000	423,732

The following is a schedule of future payments for the debt obligations:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 345,000	405,756	750,756
2019	365,000	362,937	727,937
2020	420,000	320,856	740,856
2021	435,000	311,581	746,581
2022	435,000	302,019	737,019
2023-2027	2,335,000	1,343,927	3,678,927
2028-2032	2,705,000	972,448	3,677,448
2033-2037	3,255,000	433,273	3,688,273
2038	385,000	15,400	400,400
Total	\$ 10,680,000	4,468,197	15,148,197

NOTE 29 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

Western Kansas Community College Virtual Education Consortium is a jointly governed organization in which the College participates and is not included in the combined financial statements of the College's basic financial statements. The Consortium is a special purpose governmental unit organized under the Inter-local Agreement Act authorized by K.S.A. 12-2901 and approved by the office of the Attorney General October 29, 2002 and the Board of Regents November 14, 2002. The organization is jointly governed between six community colleges in Western Kansas: Barton, Colby, Dodge City, Garden City, Pratt and Seward County. The Consortium is governed by a separate executive board comprised of the related College Presidents. The initial investment made by each College was completely repaid to the respective Colleges in the form of dividends in January 2007. The Consortium continues to operate and produce quality virtual education to students primarily using tuition and fees generated.

NOTE 30 - EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

In April 2014, the College suffered a fire destroying the main dining hall located at Camp Aldrich. Board approval was given to build a new hall with an insurance settlement. The hall and kitchen equipment located in the hall were removed from the books. At June 30, 2016, the College recorded the remainder of the insurance proceeds of \$25,660 as an extraordinary item.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017 and 2016

NOTE 31 – TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2017, the College provides tax abatements through the Neighborhood Revitalization Rebate Program.

The Neighborhood Revitalization Rebate Program provides property tax abatements to promote revitalization and development of participating Cities within Barton County by stimulating new construction and the rehabilitation, conservation or redevelopment of the area in order to protect the public health, safety or welfare of the residents. Abatements are obtained through application by the property owner to the participating cities, including proof that the improvements or construction have been made, and equal 95 percent in the first year of the additional property tax resulting from the increase in assessed value as a result of the improvements or construction. The abatement is on a sliding scale from 95% to 20% over a 10 year process. The amount of the abatement is deducted from the recipient's tax bill.

The total amount of tax abatements given as of June 30, 2017 was \$52,118.

NOTE 32 - PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT ON FOUNDATION

The prior period financial statements have been restated on Barton County Community College Foundation to reflect an increase in in-kind contributions and payroll and benefits expense which were provided by **Barton County Community College**. FASB ASC 958-720-25-9 Services from Affiliated Organizations requires nonprofit organizations to recognize all services received from personnel of an affiliate that directly benefit the organization if the affiliate does not charge the nonprofit organization. An in-kind contribution in the amount of \$198,391 and related salaries and benefits of \$198,391 were recorded as of June 30, 2016. The net effect of the restatement to net assets is \$0.

NOTE 33 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 08, 2017 and November 28, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued on Barton County Community College Foundation and **Barton County Community College**, respectively.



Phone (620) 792-2428 **Fax** (620) 792-5559 **www.abbb.com**

2006 Broadway Ave. ■ Suite 2A ■ P.O. Drawer J Great Bend, Kansas 67530-4043

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees **Barton County Community College**Great Bend, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide* and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities and discretely presented component unit of **Barton County Community College**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **Barton County Community College's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **Barton County Community College's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Barton County Community College's** internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether **Barton County Community College's** financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could

Barton County Community College

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have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants

November 28, 2017



Phone (620) 792-2428 Fax (620) 792-5559 www.abbb.com

2006 Broadway Ave. ■ Suite 2A ■ P.O. Drawer J Great Bend, Kansas 67530-4043

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees **Barton County Community College**Great Bend, Kansas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Barton County Community College's** compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of **Barton County Community College's** major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. **Barton County Community College's** major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of **Barton County Community College's** major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the *Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide*; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about **Barton County Community College's** compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of **Barton County Community College's** compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, **Barton County Community College** complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Barton County Community CollegePage 2

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of **Barton County Community College** is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered **Barton County Community College's** internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **Barton County Community College's** internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Barton County Community College' response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. **Barton County Community College'** response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

ADAMS, BROWN, BERAN & BALL, CHTD.

Adams, Brown, Beran & Ball, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants

November 28, 2017

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Post Employment Benefits June 30, 2017 and 2016

As of July 1, 2015, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$757,844. The College's policy is to fund the benefits on a pay as you go basis, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$757,844. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$11,297,051 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 6.7%

	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c
Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll*	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll
7/1/2013	0	910,815	910,815	0%	11,505,268	7.9%
7/1/2015	0	757,844	757,844	0%	11,297,051	6.7%

^{*}Annualized Pay of Active Employees as of the valuation date.

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Kansas Public Employees Retirement System June 30, 2017

				_
		2017	2016	2015
The College's proportion of the collective net pension liability		0.5724%	0.4122%	0.7585%
The College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	129,202	94,092	156,012
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	_	22,571,922	22,827,255	20,568,996
Total proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$_	22,701,124	22,921,347	20,725,008
	_			
The College's covered-employee payroll	\$	14,889,833	14,506,193	14,189,656
The College's proportionate share of the collective not pension liability		0.87%	0.65%	1.10%
The College's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		0.67%	0.65%	1.10%
Diagle fish reigns and angilian	•	47 400 400 074	40 005 500 705	40 505 700 550
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$	17,192,432,371	16,635,520,735	16,535,796,558
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		65.10%	64.95%	66.60%
rian naddary net position as a persentage of the total perision liability		00.1070	04.5570	00.0070

GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2017, only three years of information is available.

Note: Information on this schedule is measured as of the measurement date.

Schedule of the College's Contributions Kansas Public Employees Retirement System June 30, 2017

	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,984	5,903	11,009
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 8,984	5,903	11,009
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	<u> </u>	
The College's covered-employee payroll	14,889,833	14,506,193	14,189,656
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.06%	0.04%	0.08%

GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of June 30, 2017, only three years of information is available.

Note: Information on this schedule is measured as of the measurement date.

Supplementary Information

BARTON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE General Fund

Revenues Tuition and Fees \$ Activity Revenue and Other State Appropriations Federal Appropriations County Property Taxes Sale of Property Contributions Interest Income	Original and Final Budget 27,285,861 3,566,986 4,619,418 - 9,307,652 - 10,000	Actual 12,923,688 352,365 6,514,799 244 8,867,524 8,431 6,684 18,081	Variance Positive (Negative) (14,362,173) (3,214,621) 1,895,381 244 (440,128) 8,431 6,684 8,081
Total Revenues	44,789,917	28,691,816	(16,098,101)
Instruction Academic Support Student Services Institutional Support Physical Plant Operations Student Financial Support Public Service Interest Payments	12,711,000 2,500,000 3,000,000 2,500,000 4,500,000 - 2,550,000	10,108,295 1,542,182 1,836,136 4,564,963 2,002,830 298,508	2,602,705 957,818 1,163,864 (2,064,963) 2,497,170 (298,508) 2,550,000 (237,725)
Total Expenditures	27,761,000	20,590,639	7,170,361
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	17,028,917	8,101,177	(8,927,740)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In (Out)	(24,239,000)	(7,168,140)	17,070,860
Excess Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures	(7,210,083)	933,037	8,143,120
Fund Balance - Beginning	15,246,783	13,438,172	(1,808,611)
Fund Balance - Ending \$	8,036,700	14,371,209	6,334,509

BARTON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Post Secondary Technical Education Fund

Revenues Federal Appropriations \$ State Appropriations Other Revenues	Original and Final Budget 300,000 3,379,015 920,985	Actual 167,547 3,379,015 32,024	Variance Positive (Negative) (132,453) - (888,961)
Total Revenues	4,600,000	3,578,586	(1,021,414)
Expenditures Instruction Academic Support Student Services Institutional Support Physical Plant Operations Student Financial Support Total Expenditures	16,574,000 631,000 30,000 11,030,000 235,000	5,449,841 1,701,865 575,430 1,941,275 1,010,729 134,112	11,124,159 (1,070,865) (545,430) 9,088,725 (775,729) (134,112) 17,686,748
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(23,900,000)	(7,234,666)	16,665,334
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	23,850,000	7,227,395	(16,622,605)
Excess Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditure	s (50,000)	(7,271)	42,729
Fund Balance - Beginning	50,000	25,138	(24,862)
Fund Balance - Ending \$		17,867	17,867

BARTON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Adult Basic Education Fund

Revenues	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Federal Appropriations	\$ 100,667	120,083	19,416
State Appropriations Other Revenues	50,333 389,000	-	(50,333) (389,000)
Other Revenues	369,000		(369,000)
Total Revenues	540,000	120,083	(419,917)
Expenditures			
Instruction	423,000	128,022	294,978
Student Services	35,000	-	35,000
Institutional Support	15,000	68,061	(53,061)
Physical Plant Operations	77,000		77,000
Total Expenditures	550,000	196,083	353,917
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,000)	(76,000)	(66,000)
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		70,000	70,000
Excess Revenues and Other Financing Sources (Uses) Over (Under) Expenditures	(10,000)	(6,000)	4,000
Fund Balance - Beginning	10,000	3,188	(6,812)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 	(2,812)	(2,812)

BARTON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Adult Supplementary Education Fund

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Tuition and Fees	\$ 40,000	-	(40,000)
Other Revenues	10,000		(10,000)
Total Revenues	50,000		(50,000)
Expenditures			
Instruction	41,000	_	41,000
Public Support	1,000	_	1,000
Academic Support	2,000	_	2,000
Student Services	1,000	-	1,000
Physical Plant Operations	5,000		5,000
Total Expenditures	50,000		50,000
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	-	-

BARTON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Auxiliary Enterprise Funds

	Stu	dent Dormitory F	und	St	udent Union Fur	ıd		Athletic Fund	
			Variance			Variance			Variance
	Original and	Antoni	Positive	Original and	A atrial	Positive	Original and	A -4l	Positive
Revenues	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Tuition and Fees	\$ -	_	_	800,000	190,990	(609,010)	_	_	_
Housing Payments	6,480,000	1,857,370	(4,622,630)	-	-	(000,010)	_	_	_
Bookstore Sales	-	-	(.,==,===,	6,650,000	713,793	(5,936,207)	_	_	_
Interest	-	752	752	-	862	862	_	-	_
Other Revenue	20,000	1,553	(18,447)	50,000	600,216	550,216	170,000	-	(170,000)
Total Revenues	6,500,000	1,859,675	(4,640,325)	7,500,000	1,505,861	(5,994,139)	170,000		(170,000)
Expenditures	0.400.007	4 004 005	5 004 000	7 500 000	4 504 070	5 005 004	470.000		470.000
Auxillary Services	6,106,287	1,081,685	5,024,602	7,500,000	1,564,676	5,935,324	170,000	-	170,000
Debt Principal Payments Debt Interest Payments	393,713	200,000 188,713	193,713	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt interest Payments		100,713	(188,713)		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	
Total Expenditures	6,500,000	1,470,398	5,029,602	7,500,000	1,564,676	5,935,324	170,000		170,000
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	389,277	389,277	-	(58,815)	(58,815)	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,589,281	2,581,844	(7,437)	957,168	938,551	(18,617)	159,186	159,186	_
			(1,101)	231,100		(10,011)	.30,100	,	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,589,281	2,971,121	381,840	957,168	879,736	(77,432)	159,186	159,186	

BARTON COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE Auxiliary Enterprise Funds

	Cosmetology Fund			C	Camp Aldrich Fund			Total Auxiliary Enterprise Funds			
			<u> </u>	Variance		•	Variance		,	Variance	
		riginal and		Positive	Original and		Positive	Original and		Positive	
	<u>_</u> F	inal Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues	_			//							
Tuition and Fees	\$	10,000	-	(10,000)	40,000	-	(40,000)	850,000	190,990	(659,010)	
Housing Payments		-	-	-	-	-	-	6,480,000	1,857,370	(4,622,630)	
Bookstore Sales		-	-	-	-	-	-	6,650,000	713,793	(5,936,207)	
Interest		-	-	(500,000)	-	-	- (4.4.4.0.007)	4.050.000	1,614	1,614	
Other Revenue		500,000	-	(500,000)	4,210,000	60,163	(4,149,837)	4,950,000	661,932	(4,288,068)	
Total Revenues		510,000		(510,000)	4,250,000	60,163	(4,189,837)	18,930,000	3,425,699	(15,504,301)	
Expenditures											
Auxillary Services		510,000	-	510,000	4,250,000	107,370	4,142,630	18,536,287	2,753,731	15,782,556	
Debt Principal Payments		-	-	-	-	-	-	393,713	200,000	193,713	
Debt Interest Payments				<u> </u>					188,713	(188,713)	
Total Expenditures		510,000		510,000	4,250,000	107,370	4,142,630	18,930,000	3,142,444	15,787,556	
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-		-	-	(47,207)	(47,207)	-	283,255	283,255	
Other Financing Sources											
Transfers In	_	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>		60,000	60,000		60,000	60,000	
Excess Revenues and Other Financing											
Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-	-	-	12,793	12,793	-	343,255	343,255	
Fund Balance - Beginning	_			<u> </u>	38,468	1,243	(37,225)	3,744,103	3,680,824	(63,279)	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$			<u> </u>	38,468	14,036	(24,432)	3,744,103	4,024,079	279,976	

Notes to Supplementary Information June 30, 2017

Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for Budgetary Funds on a Regulatory Basis to GAAP Basis.

		General	Post Secondary Technical	Adult Basic Education	Auxiliary Enterprise	Total Budgetary Funds	Non-budgetary Funds	Total All Funds
Revenues	_							
Actual Amounts (Regulatory Basis) Revenues Adjustments	\$	28,691,816	3,578,586	120,083	3,425,699	35,816,184	13,805,055	49,621,239
Accounts Receivable Adjustment		66,605	-	-	-	66,605	-	66,605
Change in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(41,826)	-	-	-	(41,826)	-	(41,826)
Federal Grant Receivable Adjustment		-	_	4,627	-	4,627	(278)	4,349
Taxes Receivable Adjustment		2,945	_	-	-	2,945	` -	2,945
Change in Equity Interest in Joint Venture	_	(335)				(335)		(335)
Total Revenues as Reported on the Statement								
of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position	_	28,719,205	3,578,586	124,710	3,425,699	35,848,200	13,804,777	49,652,977
Expenditures								
Actual Amounts (Regulatory Basis) Expenditures		20,590,639	10,813,252	196,083	3,142,444	34,742,418	13,534,918	48,277,336
Adjustments					0.400			
Inventory Adjustment		-	-	-	6,466	6,466	-	6,466
Change in Debt		(300,938)	-	-	(205,000)	(505,938)	-	(505,938)
Change in OPEB Obligation		79,821	-	-	-	79,821	-	79,821
Change in Net Pension Obligation		159,339	-	-	-	159,339	-	159,339
Change in Construction in Process		(4.050)	-	-	2.024	4 004	-	4 004
Accrued Interest on Debt		(1,050)	- - 000	-	2,931	1,881	(F 200)	1,881
Change in Prepaid Expenses		61,427	5,922	26,424	(2,210)	91,563	(5,309)	86,254
Change in Early Retirement Debt Refunding		16,890	-	-	5,098	21,988	-	21,988
Change in Debt Premium and Discount		(4,464) 758,690	-	-	(2,884)	(7,348)	-	(7,348) 947,969
Depreciation Expense Additions to Capital Assets		(505,125)	-	-	189,279	947,969	-	,
Disposal of Capital Assets		25,713	-	-	(18,959)	(524,084) 25,713	-	(524,084) 25,713
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered		25,713	-	-	-	25,713	-	25,713
but not received are reported in the year the order								
is placed for regulatory purposes, but in the year								
the items are received for GAAP reporting								
Plus 2015 Encumbrances		75,000				75,000		75,000
	_	75,000				75,000		75,000
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in Net Position		20,955,942	10,819,174	222,507	3,117,165	35,114,788	13,529,609	48,644,397
	_	20,000,012	10,010,171	222,007	0,111,100	00,114,700	10,020,000	40,011,001
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(7.400.440)	7 227 205	70.000	00.000	400.055	(400.055)	
Actual Amounts (Regulatory Basis) Other Financing Sources (Uses) From Schedule 1	_	(7,168,140)	7,227,395	70,000	60,000	189,255	(189,255)	
Net Increase in Net Position, as Reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Change in								
Net Position		595,123	(13,193)	(27,797)	368,534	922,667	85,913	1,008,580
Net Position - Beginning	_	21,719,971	35,086	29,612	8,772,371	30,557,040	9,052,564	39,609,604
Net Position - Ending	\$	22,315,094	21,893	1,815	9,140,905	31,479,707	9,138,477	40,618,184

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Business-Type Activities			Unr	nodified	
Discretely Presented Component	Unit			nodified	
Internal control over financial reportin	g:				
Material weakness identified?			Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency identified?			Yes	X	No
Noncompliance material to financial		Yes	X	No	
FEDERAL AWARDS					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness identified?			Yes	X	No
Significant deficiency identified?		X	Yes		No
Type of auditors' report issued on cor	npliance for major programs:		Unr	nodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are of CFR section 200.516(a) of the Uniform	required to be reported in accordance with 2 m Guidance?		Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs:					
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Progra	m or Clus	ster		
	Student Financial Assistance Pro	gram Cli	uster - Title	e IV	
84.007	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportu	nity Grant	ts (FSEOG)	
84.033	Federal Work-Study Program (FWS)				
84.063	Federal Pell Grant Program (PELL)				
84.268	Federal Direct Student Loans (FDL)				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish b	etween Type A and Type B programs:		\$	750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Х	Yes		No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No material findings or questioned costs are required to be disclosed under Government Auditing Standards.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control and Compliance

2017-001

Information on the Federal Program

US Department of Education Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster – Title IV – Federal Work Study Program – CFDA No. 84.033

Criteria or specific requirement

Internal controls should be in place to ensure that student workers being paid with Federal Work Study funds are not working when they should be attending class.

Condition

The College's internal controls over the review and approval process of student's time cards were not effective and two students were paid with federal funds for hours worked when they should have been attending class.

Context

A total of 14 student workers' paychecks were examined for the months of October 2016 and February 2017. Of the 14 selected, 2 students were paid for hours worked while they should have been attending class. This resulted in the students being over paid in the amount of \$12.

Effect

Two students were paid with federal funds for working when they should have been attending class.

Recommendation

The College needs to develop internal controls that will assist in the monitoring of course schedules and time cards simultaneously to ensure that students are not working when they should be attending class.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective actions See corrective action plan.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

No material findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2016 are required to be disclosed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Grantor/ Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Direct Funding			
Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Title IV			
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063	P063P122527	\$ 2,566,457
Federal Supplemental and Educational Opportunity Grants	84.007	P007A1111491	39,421
Federal Work-Study Program	84.033	P033A121491	48,178
Federal Direct Student Loans	84.268	N/A	2,598,238
Total Student Financial Assistance Program Cluster - Tit	ile IV		5,252,294
TRIO Cluster			
TRIO Student Support Services	84.042	P042A100313-14	295,309
TRIO Educational Opportunity Centers	84.066	P066A120247-17	274,851
TRIO Upward Bound	84.047	P047A120716-14	270,105
TRIO Upward Bound	84.047	P047A120905-14	248,468
Total TRIO Cluster			1,088,733
Adult Education National Leadership Activities	84.191	V191D50036	346,491
Passed Through State Board of Regents			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	142,053
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A150016	25,494
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	N/A	124,710
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,979,775
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Funding			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	N/A	10,577
Passed Through State Department of Education			
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	N/A	12,897
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			23,474
Institute of Museum and Library Services			
Passed Through State Library of Kansas			
Grants to States	45.310	LS-00-14-0017-14	244
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Direct Funding			
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program	94.002	10SRWKS003/13SRWKS005	51,638
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,055,131

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of **Barton County Community College** and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting; therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

NOTE 2 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The College has elected not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate allowed under Section 200.414(f) of the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - FEDERAL LOAN PROGRAMS

The Federal Direct Student Loans is a program where a student or student's parent applies for a federal loan. When the loan is approved, the money is transferred to a bank account in **Barton County Community College's** name, but the loan funds are designated for the individual student. Total new loans made to eligible students and/or students' parents pursuant to this program totaled \$2,598,238 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 4 - ADMINISTRATIVE COST ALLOWANCE

Barton County Community College can receive an administrative cost allowance from the U.S. Department of Education federal awards for administering the federal awards program based upon Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOG), Federal Work-Study Program costs (FWS), Federal Perkins Loan Program costs, and Federal Pell Grant Program disbursed to students during the year. The College received \$4,215 as an administrative cost allowance, which is less than the administrative cost allowance allowed for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTE 5 - MATCHING CONTRIBUTIONS

The Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG) program provides grants to eligible undergraduate students with priority given to Pell grant recipients who have the lowest expected family contributions. **Barton County Community College** was granted a waiver from matching these funds by the U.S. Department of Education, so the College did not provide any matching contributions for FSEOG grants for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The Federal Work-Study Program (FWS) provides part-time employment to eligible undergraduate and graduate students who need the earnings to help meet costs of postsecondary education. **Barton County Community College** was granted a waiver from matching these funds by the U.S. Department of Education, so the College did not provide any matching contributions for FWS grants for the year ended June 30, 2017.