**BARTON COMMUNITY COLLEGE**

**COURSE SYLLABUS**

# **GENERAL COURSE INFORMATION**

Course Number: PHSC 1408

Course Title: Astronomy

Credit Hours: 3 or 5

Prerequisites: None

Division/Discipline: Academics/Physical Science

Course Description: This is a general astronomy course designed to acquaint the student with the motions of astronomical objects across the sky, with the methods and tools used in exploring and understanding the universe, and with basic theories of cosmology.

# **INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION**

# **COLLEGE POLICIES**

## Students and faculty of Barton Community College constitute a special community engaged in the process of education. The College assumes that its students and faculty will demonstrate a code of personal honor that is based upon courtesy, integrity, common sense, and respect for others both within and outside the classroom.

## Plagiarism on any academic endeavors at Barton Community College will not be tolerated. The student is responsible for learning the rules of, and avoiding instances of, intentional or unintentional plagiarism. Information about academic integrity is located in the Student Handbook.

## The College reserves the right to suspend a student for conduct that is determined to be detrimental to the College educational endeavors as outlined in the College Catalog, Student Handbook, and College Policy & Procedure Manual. (Most up-to-date documents are available on the College webpage.)

## Any student seeking an accommodation under the provisions of the Americans with Disability Act (ADA) is to notify Student Support Services via email at disabilityservices@bartonccc.edu.

# **COURSE AS VIEWED IN THE TOTAL CURRICULUM**

This course meets general education requirements for a non-laboratory (3 credit hour) or a laboratory (5 credit hour) physical science designed to fill the requirements of many curricula. It attempts to give the student an appreciation of the physical universe as experienced in their daily lives. It also serves as the introductory course in astronomy for those interested in a baccalaureate degree in astronomy.

The course transfers credit to all Kansas Regent Universities. However, requirements and the transferability of all college courses will vary among institutions, and perhaps even among departments, colleges, or programs within an institution. Institutional requirements may also change without prior notification. Students are responsible to obtain relevant information from intended transfer institutions to ensure that the courses the student enrolls in are the most appropriate set of courses for the transfer program.

The learning outcomes and competencies detailed in this course syllabus meet or exceed those specified for this course by the Kansas Core Outcomes Groups project, and as approved by the Kansas Board of Regents – http://kansasregents.org/transfer\_articulation.

# **ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT LEARNING**

Barton Community College is committed to the assessment of student learning and to quality education. Assessment activities provide a means to develop an understanding of how students learn, what they know, and what they can do with their knowledge. Results from these various activities guide Barton, as a learning college, in finding ways to improve student learning.

Course Outcomes, Competencies, and Supplemental Competencies:

1. Explain the scientific method.
	1. Define hypothesis, theory, model, and experiment.
	2. Describe how theories are continually tested by new experiments and observations.
	3. Give examples of the application of the scientific method within astronomy.
2. Interpret astronomical observations, demonstrating critical thinking and basic problem solving.
	1. Explain phases of the moon and eclipses based on the positions of the sun, moon, and earth.
	2. Relate the seasons to observed changes in the motion of the sun across the sky.
	3. Explain observations made throughout history that led to our current understanding that the earth is round and it orbits the sun.
	4. Relate motions of planets and stars to the Celestial Sphere model.
3. Explain astronomical phenomena in terms of appropriate scientific models.
	1. Describe the overall scale and history of the universe.
		1. Rank objects like moons, planets, stars, and galaxies in terms of size.
		2. Rank events like the formation of the sun, formation of the Milky Way, formation of the earth, the first dinosaurs, and human civilization in terms of age.
	2. Describe the differences between a heliocentric model of the solar system and a geocentric model and list advantages of each model.
	3. Explain basic properties of stars.
		1. State the basics of nuclear fusion and how this provides the power for stars.
		2. Explain how stars change and evolve, and how this relates to nuclear fusion.
		3. Explain how parallax is used to determine the distance to stars.
		4. Explain how color and absorption spectra are used to determine temperatures of stars.
		5. Explain the basics of the Big Bang Theory for the universe.
		6. State key evidence supporting the Big Bang Theory in the history of the universe.
4. Explain and critique science as presented in the media.
	1. Present information from recent news articles to the class, relating these to topics from the course.
	2. Analyze information from sources such as news articles, science magazines, or blogs, comparing and contrasting this with information presented in the course.
5. Identify, locate and predict characteristics of celestial objects.
	1. Use a planisphere, star chart, and/or planetarium software to locate and identify stars and constellations.
	2. Predict the positions of planets in the sky based on their orbits around the sun.
	3. Use a Hertzsprung-Russell to predict characteristics of stars.
	4. Use Hubble’s law to predict the motions of galaxies.
6. Collect, analyze, and report on astronomic data.
	1. Locate and identify stars and constellations on star charts, in the planetarium and/or in the night sky.
	2. Collect and analyze data about how these positions change from hour to hour, day to day, and/or season to season.
	3. Locate various parts of a telescope and explain their purpose.
	4. Set up a telescope and use it to observe distant objects.
	5. Use a diffraction grating to produce spectra.
	6. Identify features of spectra and relate those features to the source of the light.
	7. Create graphs that relate pairs of astronomical data, such as frequency and wavelength of light, temperature and luminosity of stars, or angular size and distance.
	8. Write reports that present background information, data, analysis, and conclusions.

# **INSTRUCTOR'S EXPECTATIONS OF STUDENTS IN CLASS**

# **TEXTBOOKS AND OTHER REQUIRED MATERIALS**

# **REFERENCES**

# **METHODS OF INSTRUCTION AND EVALUATION**

# **ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS**

# **COURSE OUTLINE**